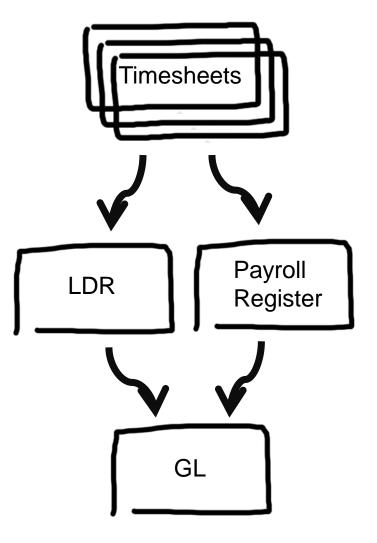


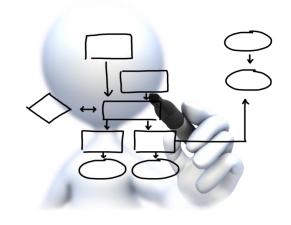
Indirect Cost Rate (ICR) Training Labor Reconciliation Labor Distribution Report (LDR) General (Module 5) Ledger (GL) Payroll Timesheets Register Indirect Cost Rate (ICR) Schedule



Labor Reconciliation – What do we mean?

- The firm should be performing a labor reconciliation at the level of the individual employee (e.g. Timesheets).
- The firm will begin with reconciling the individual's timesheets to the Labor Distribution Report (LDR) and the Payroll System.
- The firm's LDR and payroll register should tie to the firm's General Ledger (GL).









Labor reconciliations **SHOULD** be performed <u>at least</u> monthly per Federal Regulations, as reconciliations help to:

- Verify rate of pay matches employee records,
- · Verify labor expenses tie to timesheets, and
- Catch errors as they occur.

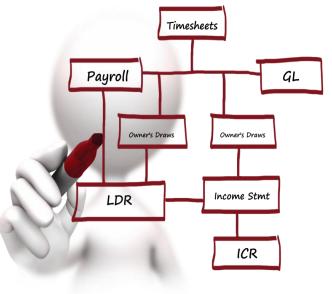
Labor reconciliations are an important procedure, as the firm's labor constitutes the largest component of the Indirect Cost Rate (ICR) schedule.

Labor Reconciliations attest that the labor charges to contracts represent actual paid or accrued costs and such costs are appropriately recorded in the accounting records.



Owner Draws

- Owners should be tracking all hours worked, whether the hours are billable/non-billable and direct/indirect.
- If the owner's form of compensation is draws (Balance Sheet account), then the payments will not be processed through payroll (Income Statement account).
 - This will cause the Labor Distribution Report (LDR) and Payroll Register to not reconcile, nor will the Income Statement reconcile to the Indirect Cost Rate (ICR) schedule.
 - For those firms that use QuickBooks, there is a way to job cost the owner's labor paid through draws without impacting the income statement. The following link has instructions on how to perform this task in QuickBooks: <u>http://longforsuccess.com/quickbooks-tip-</u> <u>applying-owners-time-for-job-costing/</u>
- For examples of how the LDR will reflect owner's draws, please refer back to Module 2.





Tracking All Hours

- All hours should be tracked in the same manner whether you are an owner, principal, or employee.
- Direct labor should be tracked and categorized in the proper line item on the Indirect Cost Rate (ICR) Schedule. Direct labor will include both billable and non-billable project labor hours.
- Indirect labor should be tracked and categorized in the proper line items on the Indirect Cost Rate (ICR) Schedule. Indirect labor will include general administration, bid & proposal (B&P), direct selling, advertising, public relations, training, etc.





Period of Labor Costs

- Labor costs should be reported for the 12 months of the fiscal year in review.
- Labor performed in the previous year and/or subsequent year should not be included in the firm's current year Indirect Cost Rate (ICR) Schedule.
- <u>Example</u>
 - If the firm's payroll cycle is a bi-weekly pay cycle (26 paychecks) and the 2013 year's cycle runs from 12/23/2012 to 12/21/2013, and the firm's fiscal year is 01/01/2013 to 12/31/2013, the firm will need to do the following:



Adjust out wages paid from 12/23/2012 to 12/31/2012.

Adjust in wages paid from 12/22/2013 to 12/31/2013.

Net the two adjustments and debit/credit to the total payroll.

• After payroll is adjusted, it should align with the labor totals on the Indirect Cost Rate (ICR) Schedule. Refer to Module 2 for illustrated example.





End Of The Year Reconciliation

- End of the year reconciliation is slightly different than monthly reconciliations.
 - The labor reported for the period should be for the firm's fiscal year and not for the year's payroll cycle.
 - The firm will use the Income Statement (IS) to populate the Indirect Cost Rate (ICR) Schedule.
 - The Labor Distribution Report (LDR), Payroll Register, and IS should all tie to the ICR Schedule, after all adjusting entries have been performed.
 - All four documents <u>MUST RECONCILE</u>, if not, WSDOT may not be able to proceed with your annual ICR Schedule review (minor discrepancies will be considered).
- It is **NOT RECOMMENDED** to wait until year end to complete your reconciliation(s). If a firm only performs a year end reconciliation, it will most likely be harder for the firm to find the root cause of any year end discrepancies.

Monthly reconciliations may seem like an extra burden on the firm, however the benefit received is well worth the burden. The firm will be able to roll each month's reconciliation up into the final year end reconciliation. This will help save time and effort towards year end reconciling.





Uncompensated Overtime (Uncomp OT)

- It is important to record and account for uncompensated overtime correctly, as it will be reported on the Labor Distribution Report (LDR), the Income Statement and the Indirect Cost Rate (ICR) schedule.
- A Payroll Variance (Uncomp OT) account will be created in your General Ledger (GL) to help balance labor reported on the three above documents to the actual amount paid on the Payroll Register.
- The year-end labor reconciliation to the right, shows how the variance account adjusts each document's total labor down to the total amount paid on the Payroll Register.

<u>Note</u> – It is important for the firm to record labor at the standard rate (2,080 hours) for full time salaried employees. If labor is recorded at the effective rate, it will need to be converted to the standard rate and may result in uncompensated overtime and affect the monthly/yearly reconciliation. Refer to Module 3.

	\$51,419	
	\$11,117	
	\$24,869	
	(\$26,255)	_
es 🔰 🗌	\$710,541	
īgtals on LDR	\$198,249 \$9,129 \$4,005 \$10,312 \$3,010 \$24,869 \$51,419 \$11,117 \$746,896	
LOT)	(\$36,355)	
es rotal	\$710,541	
	2013 Totals on LDR	S227,285 (32, 555) 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013

Be Sure To Visit Us Online!

Our website is filled with educational material and guidance for all firms. We have published several interpretive guidance documents to further assist firms. The website below provides guidance on the following topics and we are continuing to add further topics:

- Labor
- Uncompensated Overtime
- Direct Selling, Public Relations, Advertising and Bid & Proposal
- Allowable Bonus
- Auto Expense
- Meals
- Airfare

Please check this site regularly for updates.

URL - http://www.wsdot.wa.gov/Audit/default.htm



WSDOT Safe Harbor Program: URL – <u>http://www.wsdot.wa.gov</u> /Audit/SafeHarborICR.htm





