



2023 Western Bridge Engineer's Seminar

The Gordie Howe International Bridge Project

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Agenda



- Introduction
- MAIN BRIDGE
 - Bridge type and layout
 - Foundations/Towers
 - Superstructure
 - Wind Design
 - Stay Cables
 - Durability
 - Key Dates
- MICHIGAN INTERCHANGE
 - Local Road and Connecting Ramps Bridges
 - LTPs and Gateway Towers
 - Unique Features
 - Redundancy Analysis
- Acknowledgements

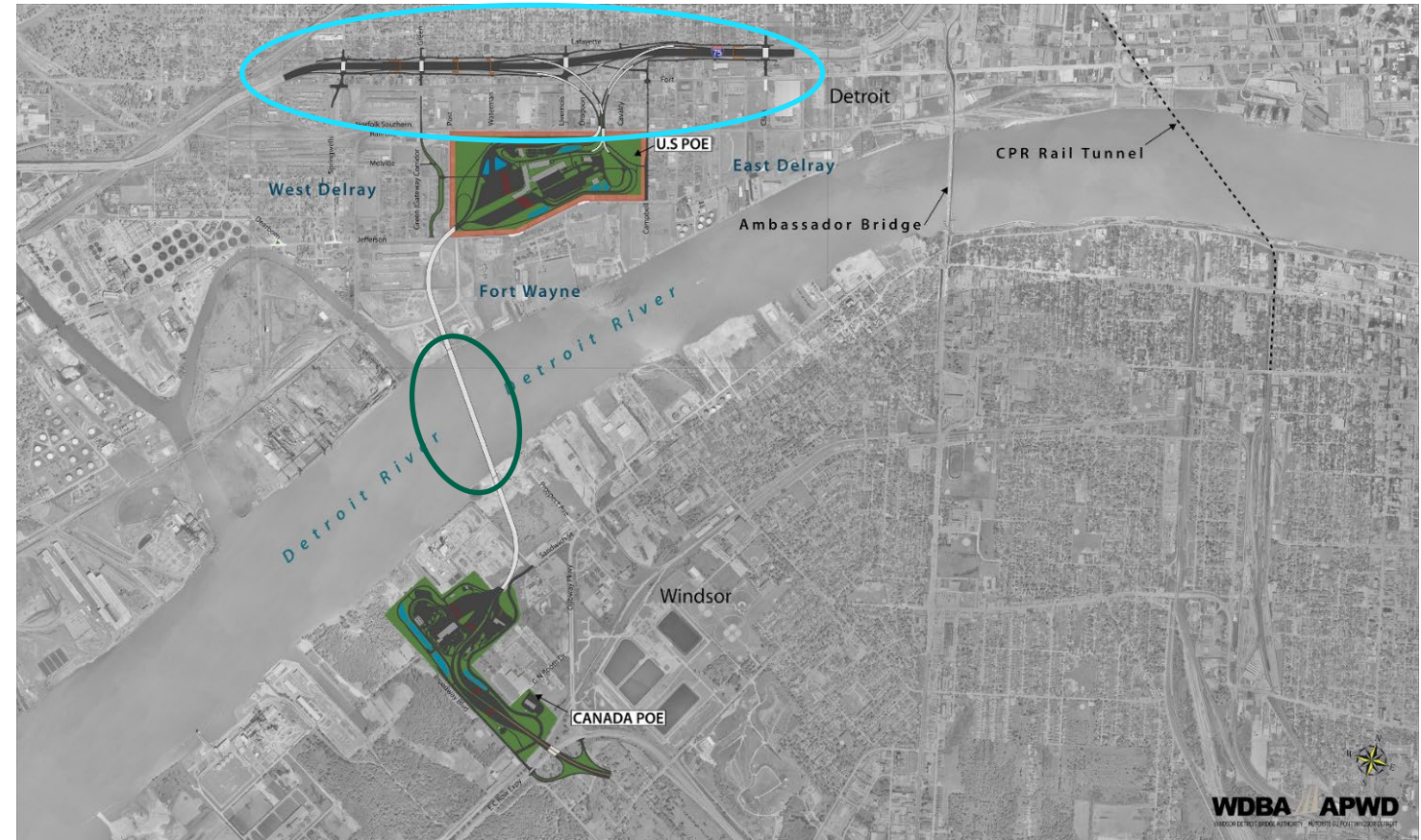


Introduction: Bridging North America



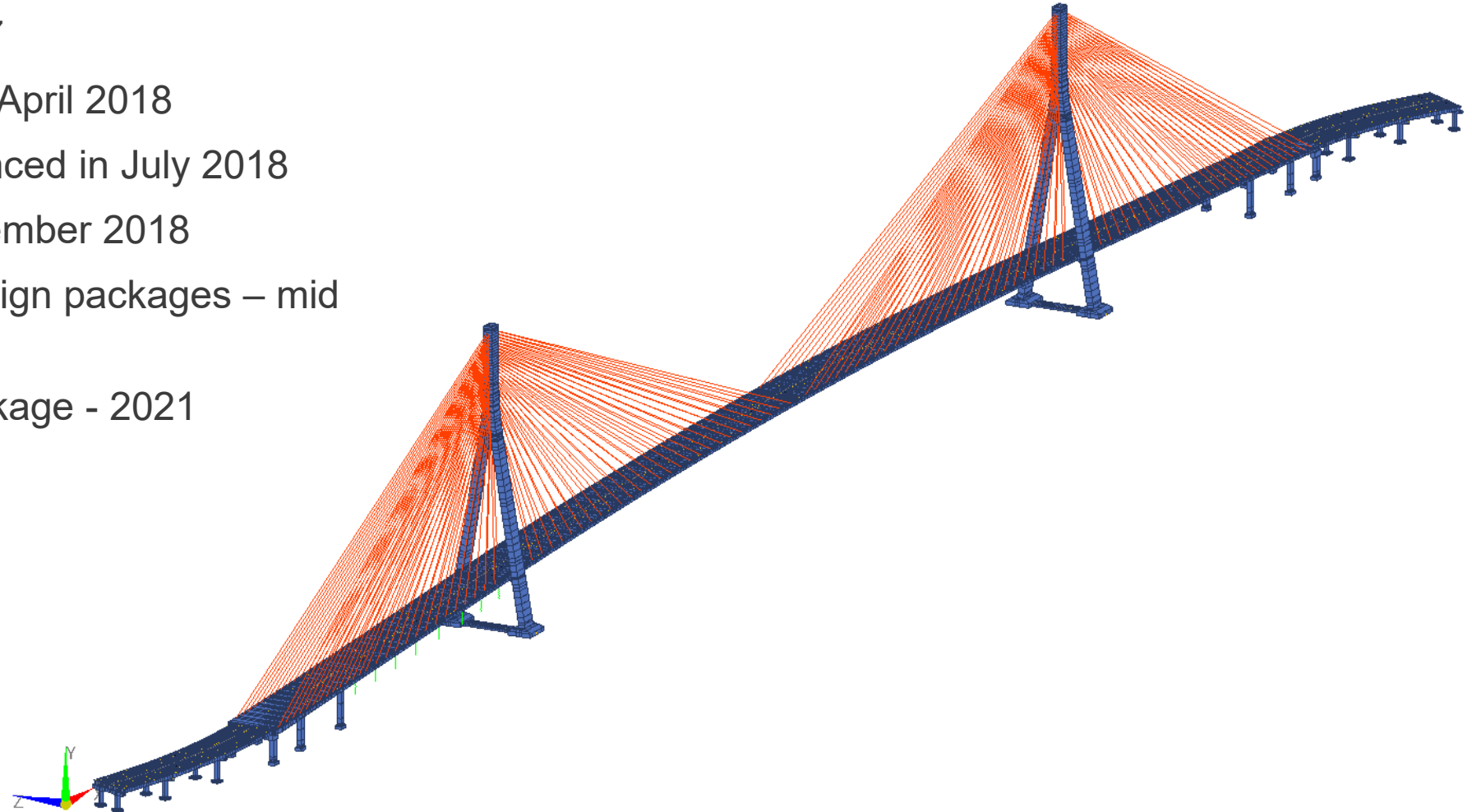
Introduction:

- Four major components:
 - Canadian POE
 - The Bridge
 - US POE
 - Michigan Interchange
- Contract Value: \$5.7B
- Substantial Completion: Late 2024
- OM Period: 30 years after construction



Introduction: Design Timeline

- The RFP was released in November 2016
- Bid design start – early 2017
- Technical Submissions Due April 2018
- Preferred Proponent announced in July 2018
- Financial close was in September 2018
- Main Bridge early works design packages – mid 2019
- Main Bridge last design package - 2021



Bridge type and layout

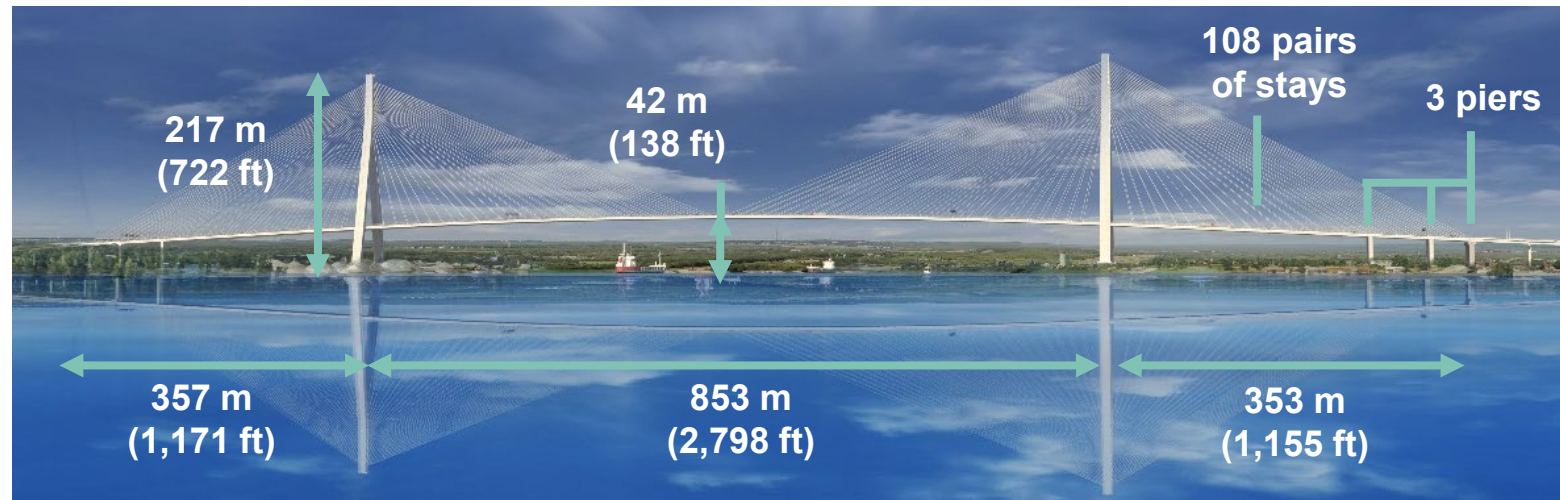
Cable Stayed Bridge

- 853m / 2,798ft main span
- 357m / 1,171ft US side span
- 352m / 1,155ft CAN side span
- 2 side span piers and 1 anchor pier
- 217m / 722 ft tower height
- 42m / 138 ft vertical clearance

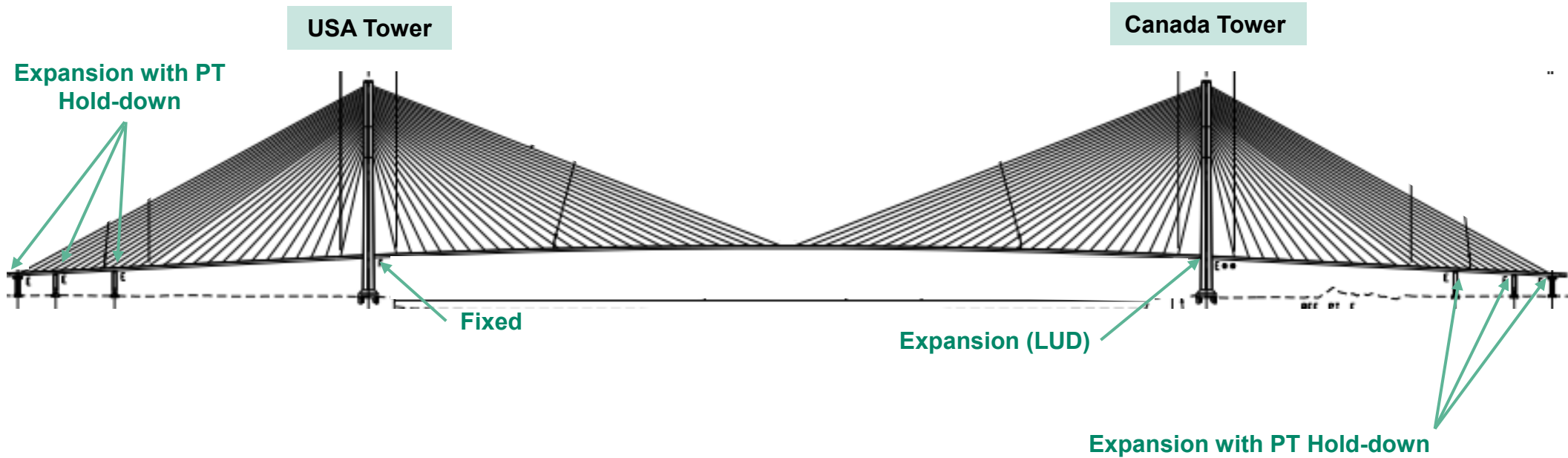
Longest CS Bridge in North America

10th Longest CS Bridge in World

Longest Composite Deck CS bridge in the World



Bridge type and layout: articulation



Bearings

- Vertical Bearings at Towers and Piers
- Longitudinally Fixed Bearing at US Tower
- Lateral Bearings at Towers

Hold-Downs

- Post Tension Hold Downs at Anchor and Side Span Piers

Lock Up Device (LUD)

- Longitudinal LUD At CAN Tower

Overall design: Tower foundations

Drilled Shafts:

- Diameter = 3.0 m (10 ft)
- Length > 30 m (98ft) (down to bedrock)
- Ultimate strength at rock socket level (per shaft):
 - Compression → 15,100 tonnes
 - Tension → 730 tonnes
- Loading/construction method verified by Osterberg cell load test
- One footing per tower leg
- Post-tensioned tie between footings



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Overall design: Towers

Inverted “Y” shape towers

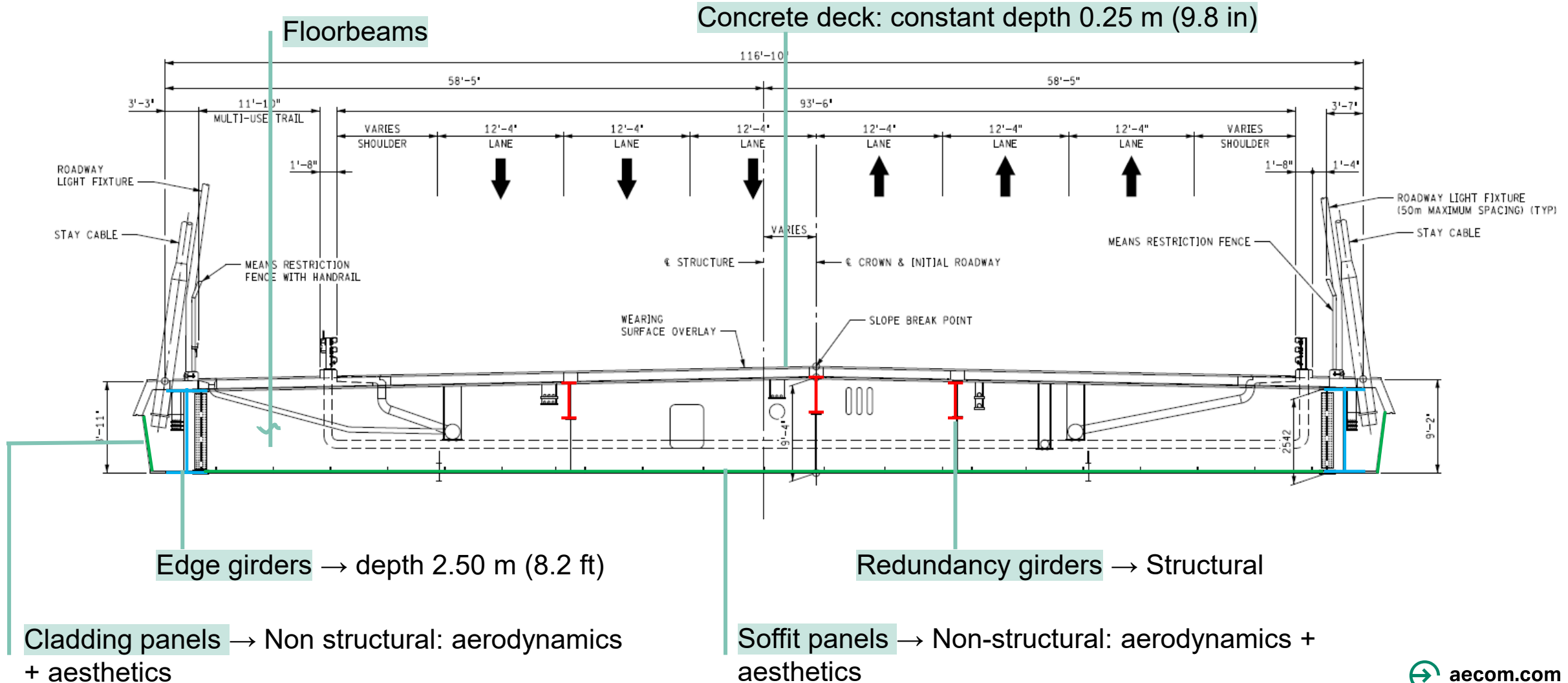
- Conventionally reinforced concrete
- Hollow box section
- Steel anchor boxes for stay cable anchorage
- Corbels to support deck, no need for strut at deck level
- Uncoated reinforcing steel except stainless steel in the splash zone near deck level
- Completely accessible by ladders and elevators in all legs and upper part
- Transition room at legs’ merging height



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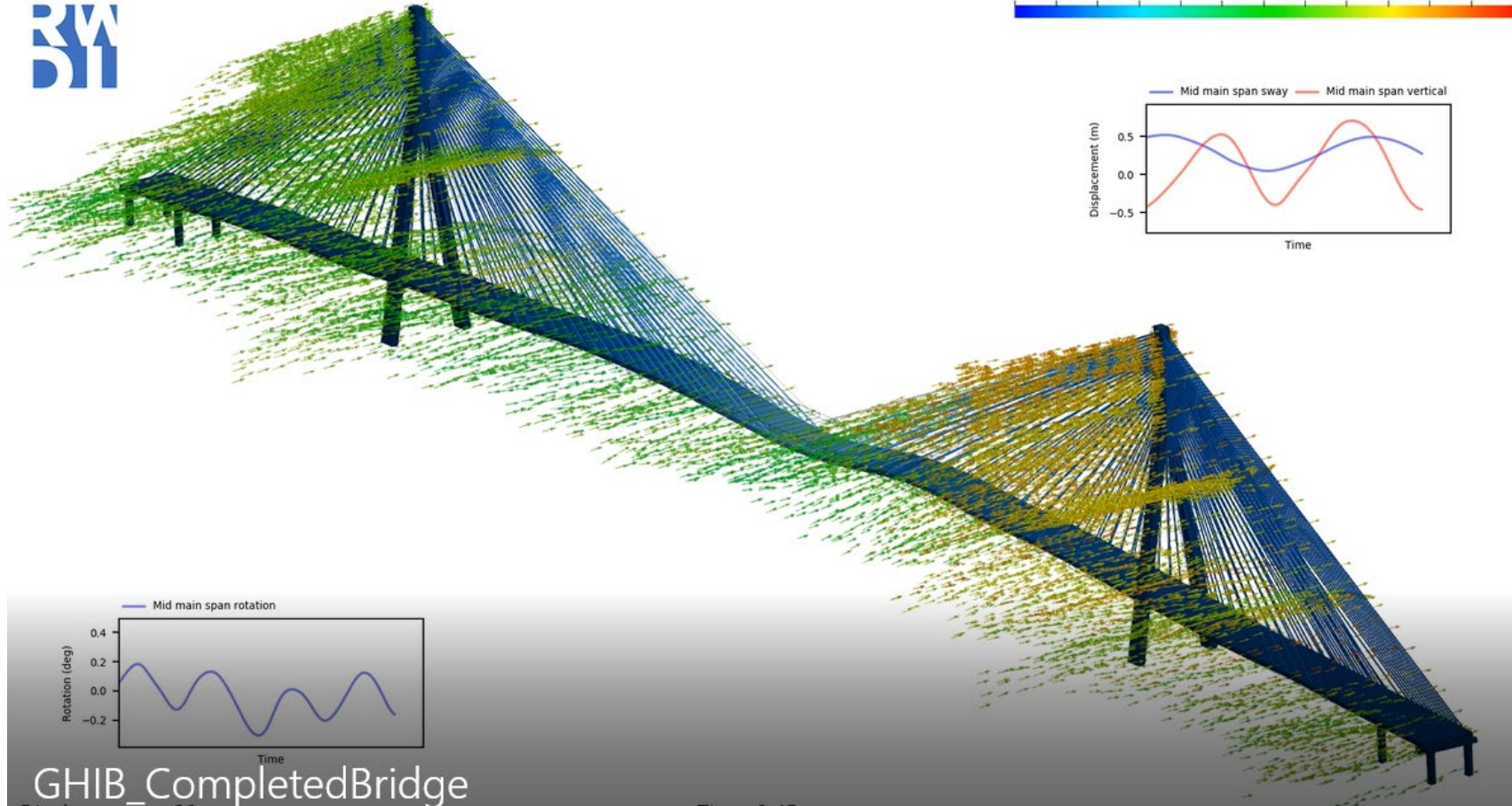
Overall design: Superstructure Cross Section (Initial traffic configuration)

- 37.50 m (11.43 ft) wide, asymmetric
- Multiuse trail + 2 x 3 lanes



Aerodynamic considerations

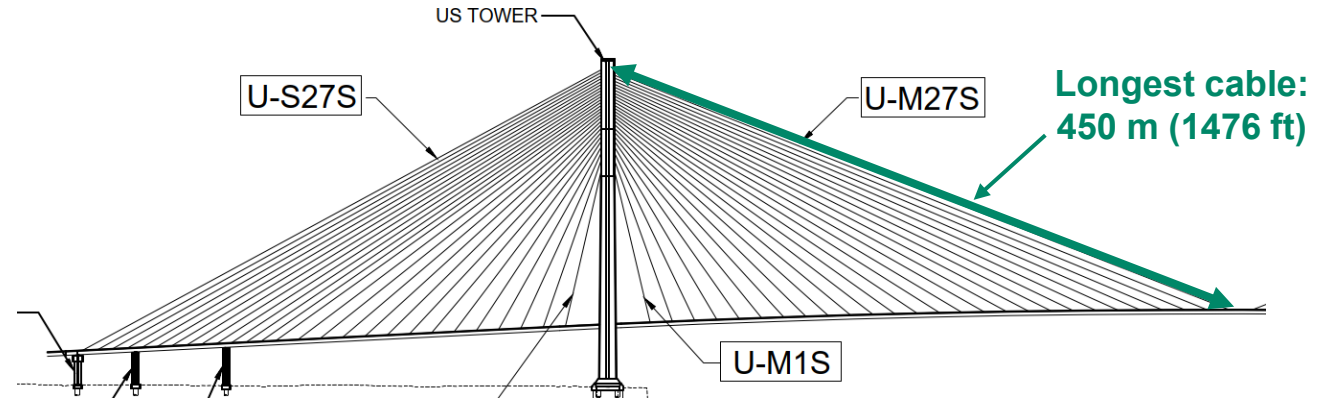
Wind buffeting analysis



Stay Cables

Parallel sheathed strands

- Parallel 0.6" diameter grade 270 post tensioning strand
- Sizing: from 38 to 121 strands per cable
- Greased and sheathed strand, encased in outer polyethylene sheath
- Design for passive and future active ice control measures



Durability

Service life: 125 years

- Excepting replaceable elements:
 - Cable stays → 100 years.
 - Bearings & expansion joints → 50 years
 - Others → 30 – 60 years
- Concrete durability based on fib Bulletin 34 “Model code for Service Life Design”
- STADIUM analysis software
- Maintenance painting → CAPP System® (Coating Assessment and Painting Priority)
- Comprehensive Durability Plan including assessment of all materials incorporated into the bridge

Key dates: Main Bridge

- Current focus is on Tower Upper Pylon Construction and Superstructure Erection
- Superstructure Main Span Erection Began 1st Quarter 2022
- Main Bridge Midspan Closure Summer 2024
- 30 Year Handover 2054



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Michigan Interchange

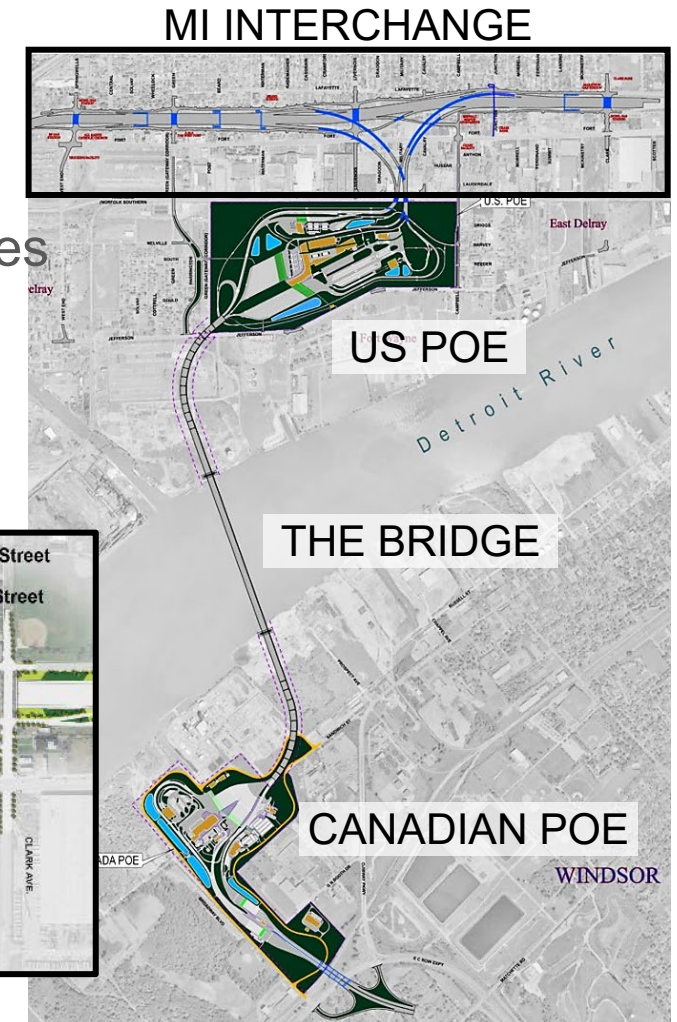
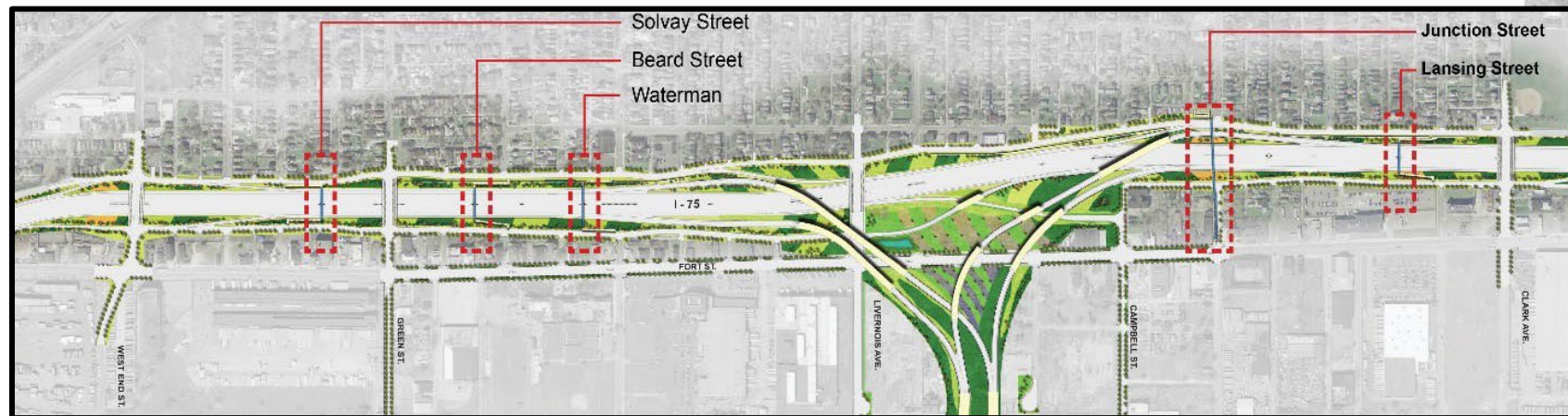
I-75 Improvements

- 4 Local Road Bridges
- 5 Pedestrian Bridges
- Noise Barrier Walls

Connecting Ramps

- 5 Steel Superstructure Flyover Bridges
- 5 Concrete Superstructure Ramp Bridges
- 8 Load Transfer Platforms
- 4 Gateway Towers –

Transition from Steel to Concrete



MI Interchange – Pedestrian Bridges



MI Interchange – Structures along I-75

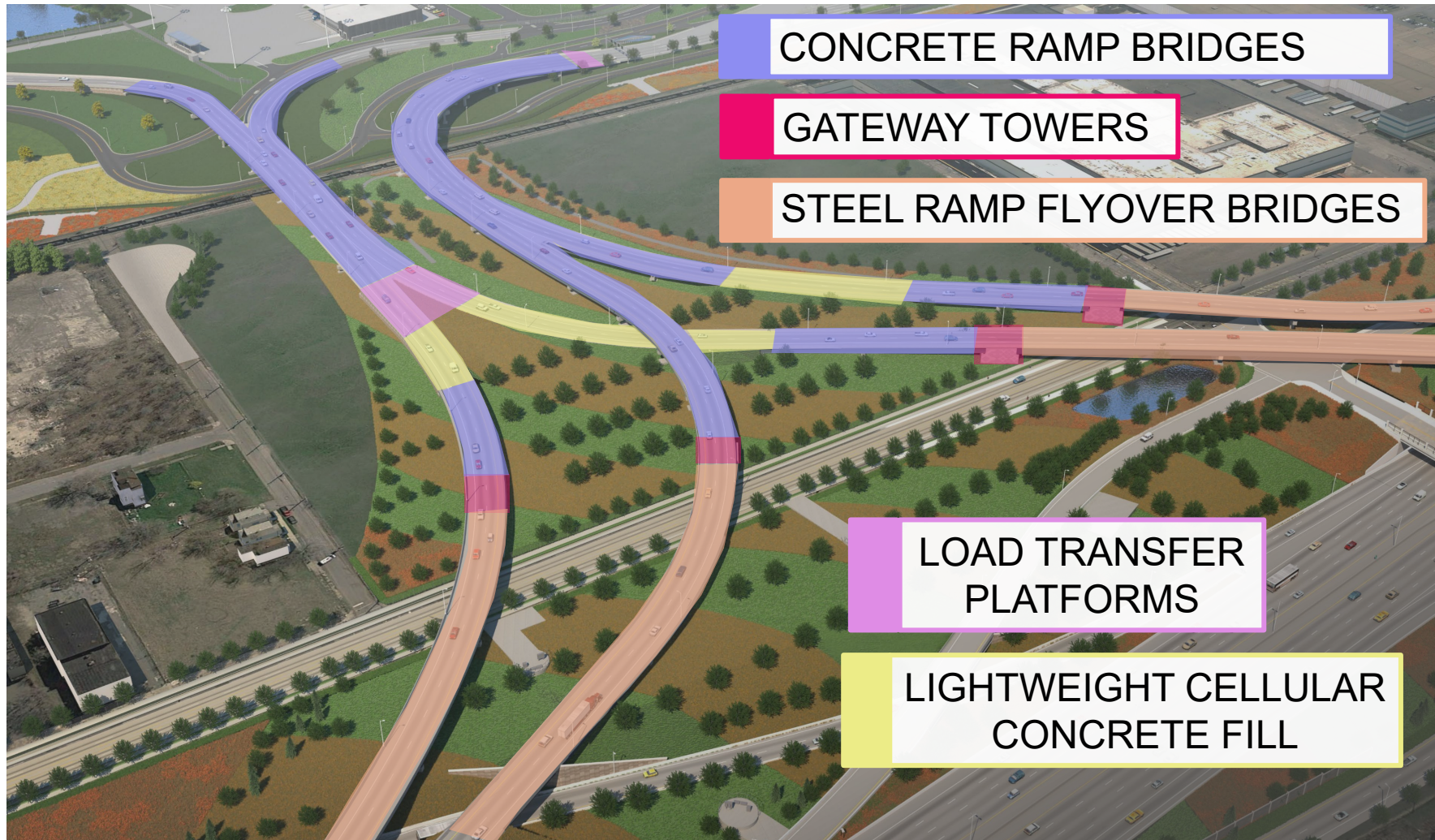
Pedestrian & Local Bridges

Arch was chosen option by the community

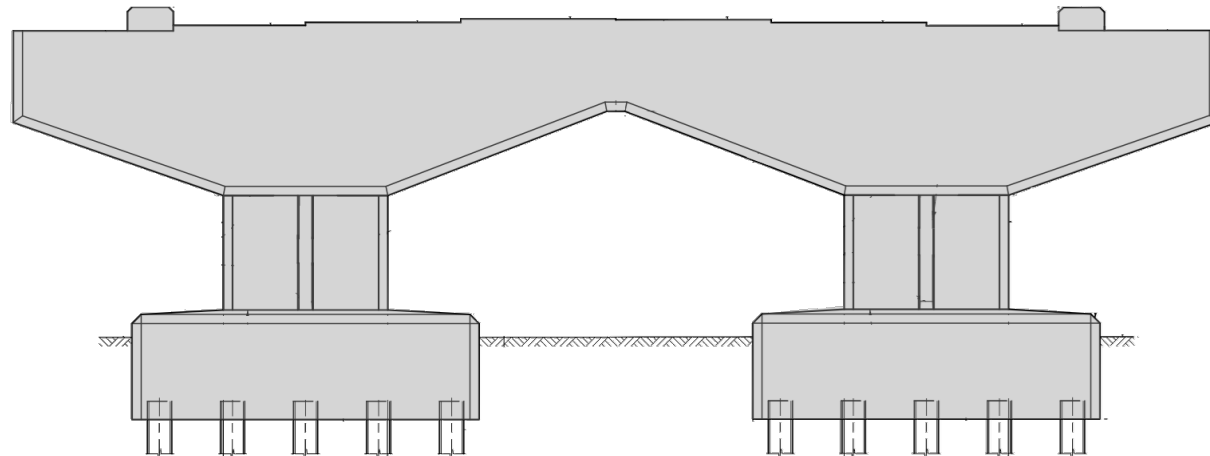
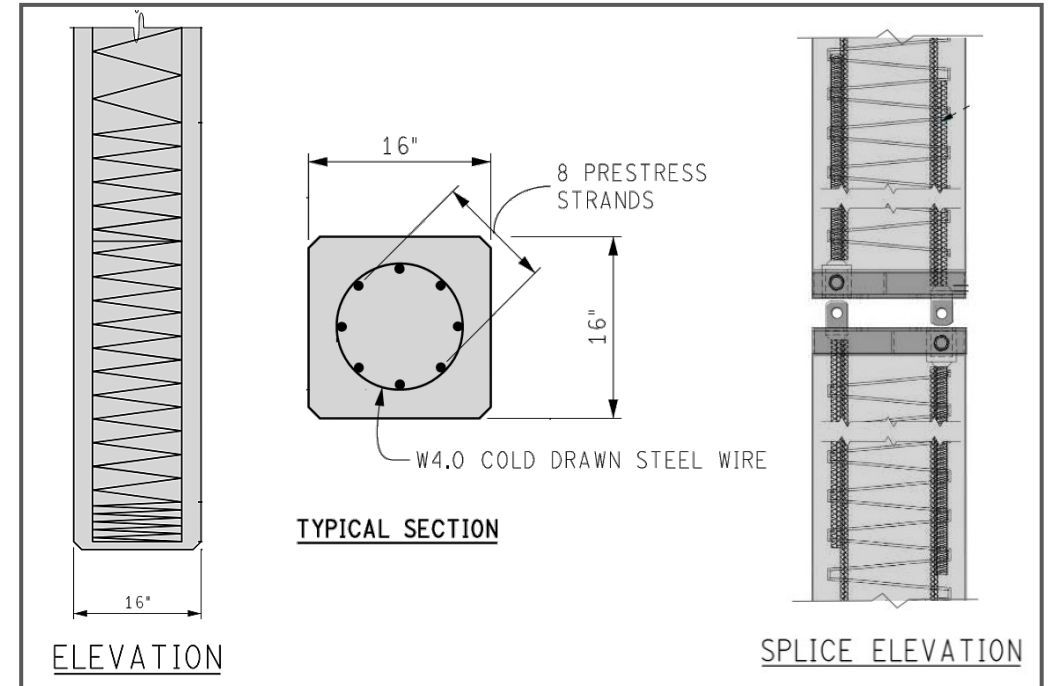
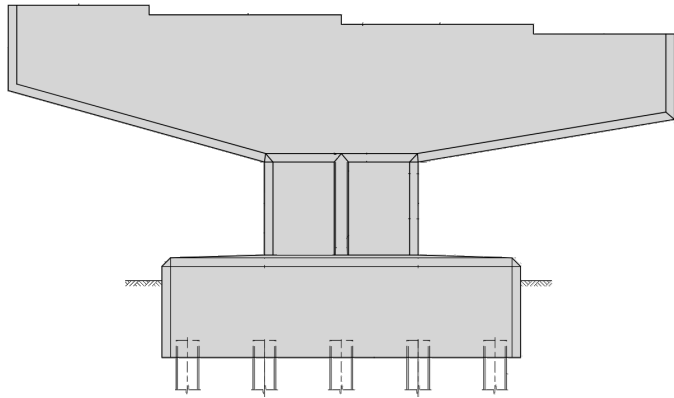
Aesthetic treatments for local road bridges



MI Interchange – Connecting Ramps

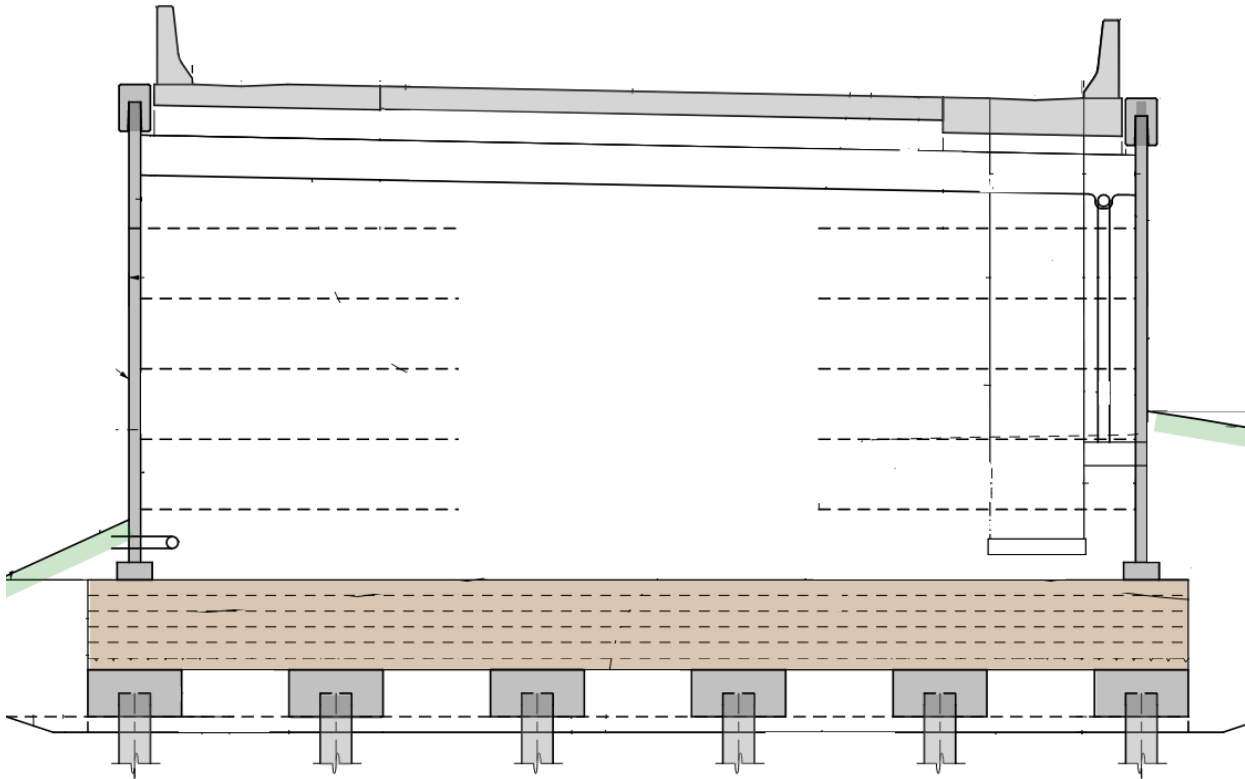


MI Interchange – Typical Flyover Bridges



- Post-Tensioned Hammerhead Caps
- Single-Column Piers
- Prestressed Precast Concrete Piles

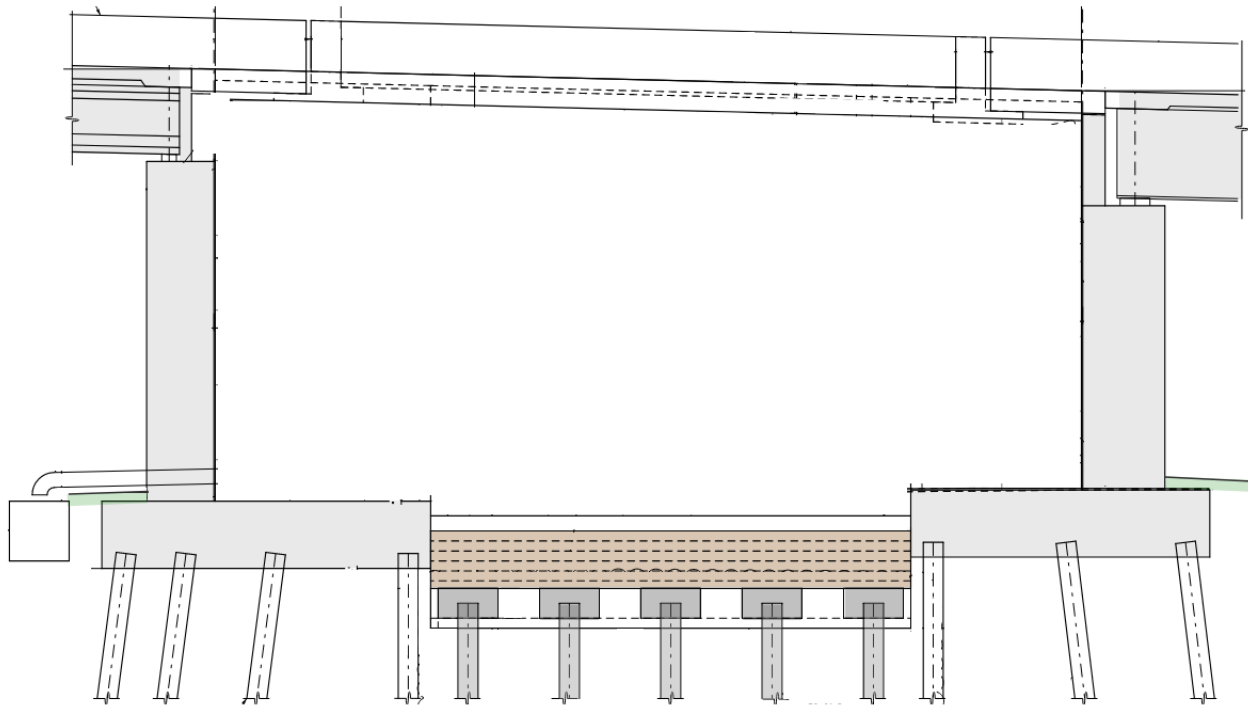
MI Interchange – Load Transfer Platforms (LTP)



- Piles @ 8' centers, both ways
- Geosynthetic Grid – 8" lifts
- Dense-Graded Aggregate fill
- 4' x 4' Pile caps
- MSE walls supporting fill



MI Interchange – Gateway Towers



- Transition between different bridge types and varying superstructure heights
- Consists of LTP with MSE wall to support fill between high wall abutments

MI Interchange – Connecting Ramps



MI Interchange – Unique Features

- 125 years of design service life for the Connecting Ramp bridges
- AASHTO LRFD (HL-93 MOD) and WDBA specific live loads
- Minimize expansion joints
- Project specific reports:
 - Bridge Design Criteria report
 - Bridge Access report
 - Durability plan
 - **Redundancy report**
 - Erection Procedure report

MI Interchange – Redundancy Analysis

Design-Build Specifications

Load Path Redundancy

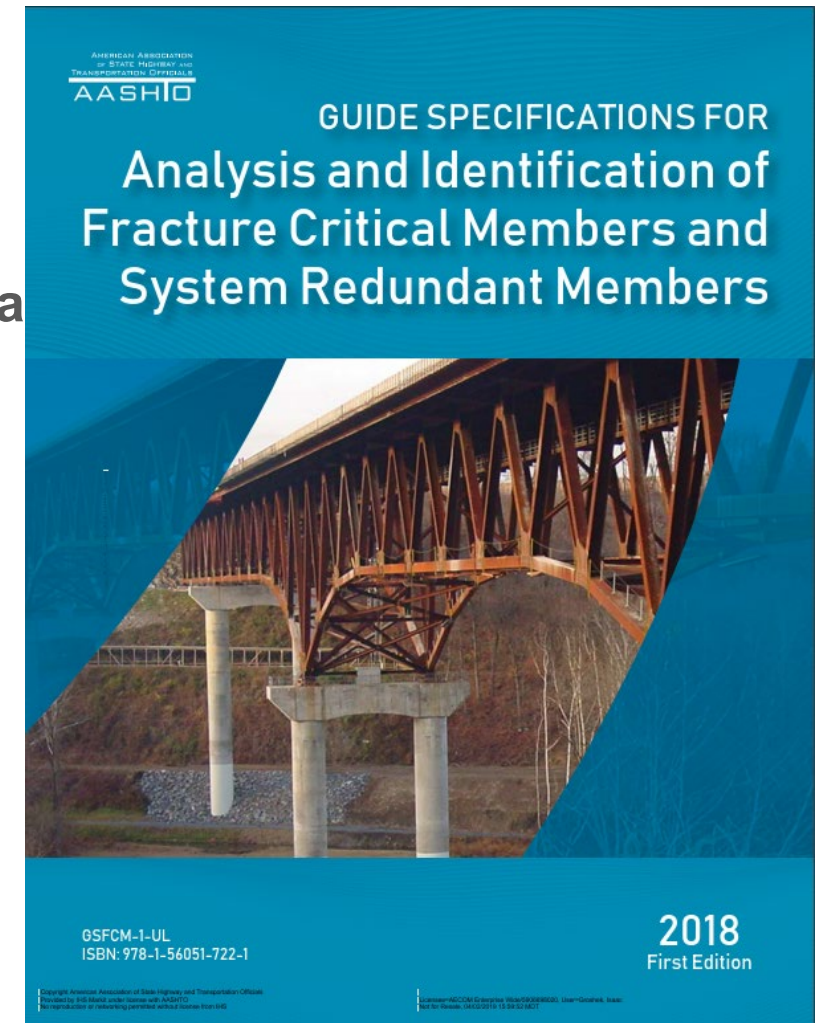
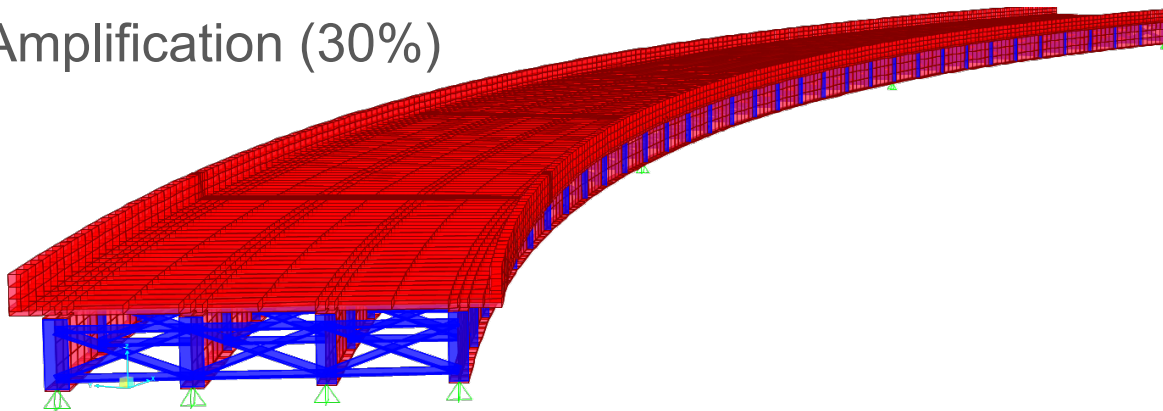
Positive & Negative Moment Fractures

AASHTO Guide Specifications for Analysis and Identification of Fracture Critical Members and System Redundant Members

Nonlinear Analysis Guidance

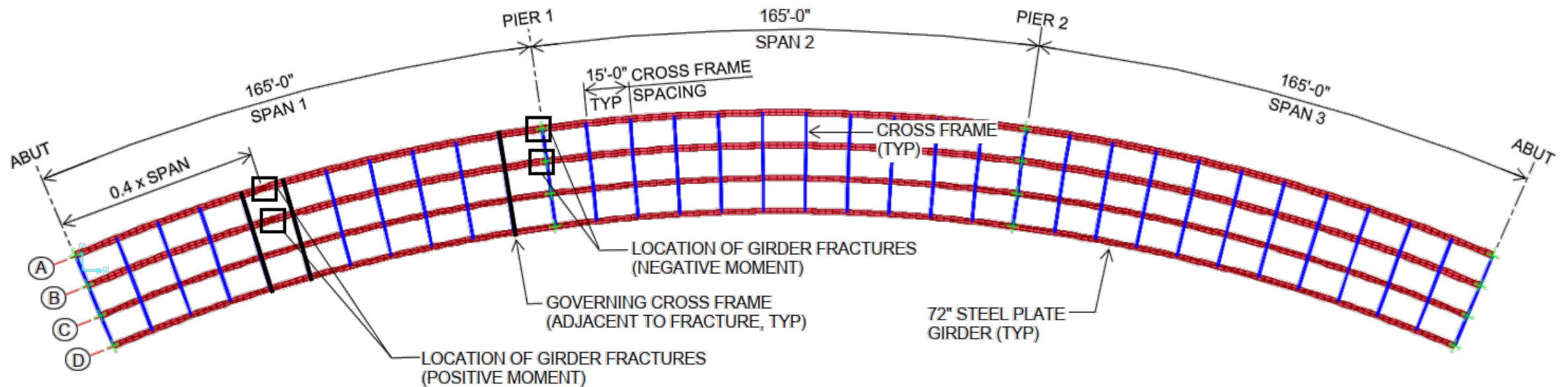
Strain-based Failure Criteria

Dynamic Amplification (30%)



MI Interchange – Redundancy Analysis Fracture Locations

Positive Moment Fractures
Negative Moment Fractures
Governing Cross Frames

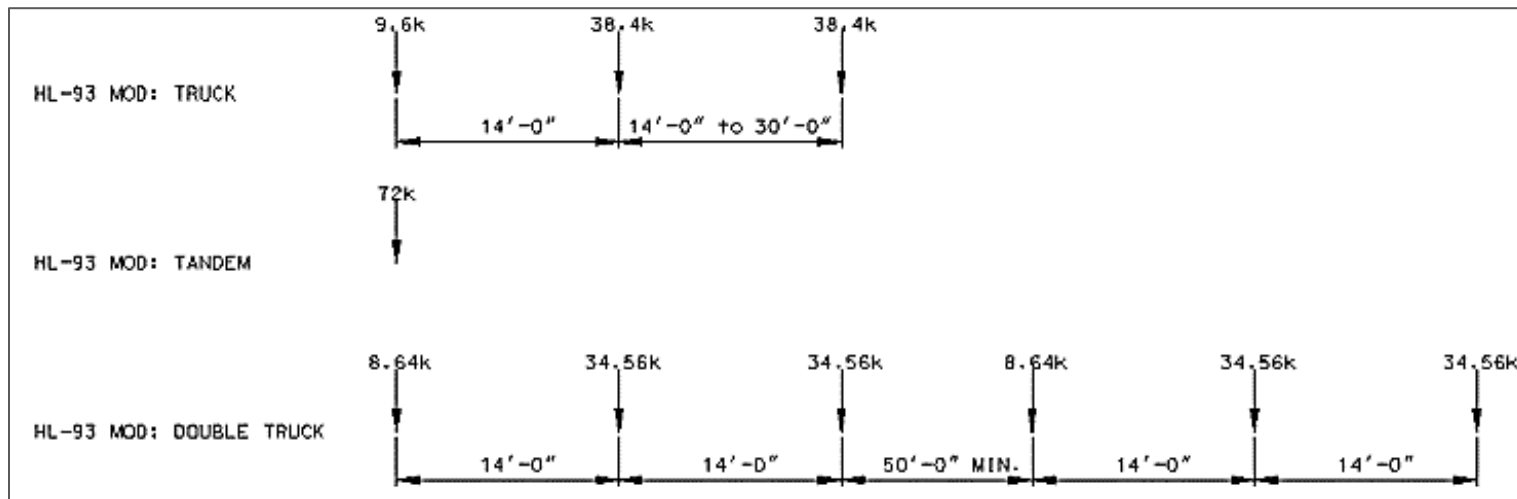


BRIDGE D1 - FRACTURE LOCATIONS

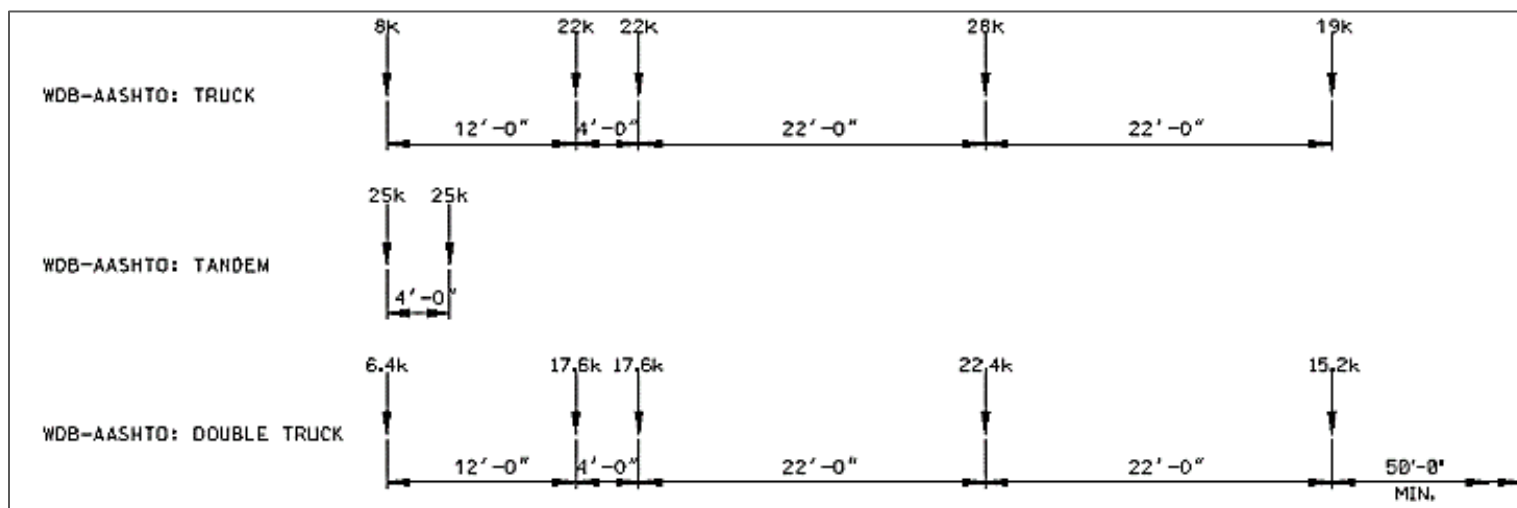
MI Interchange – Redundancy Analysis Vehicular Loading

HL-93 (MOD) Vehicular Loading

20% greater loading than standard HL-93 Loading



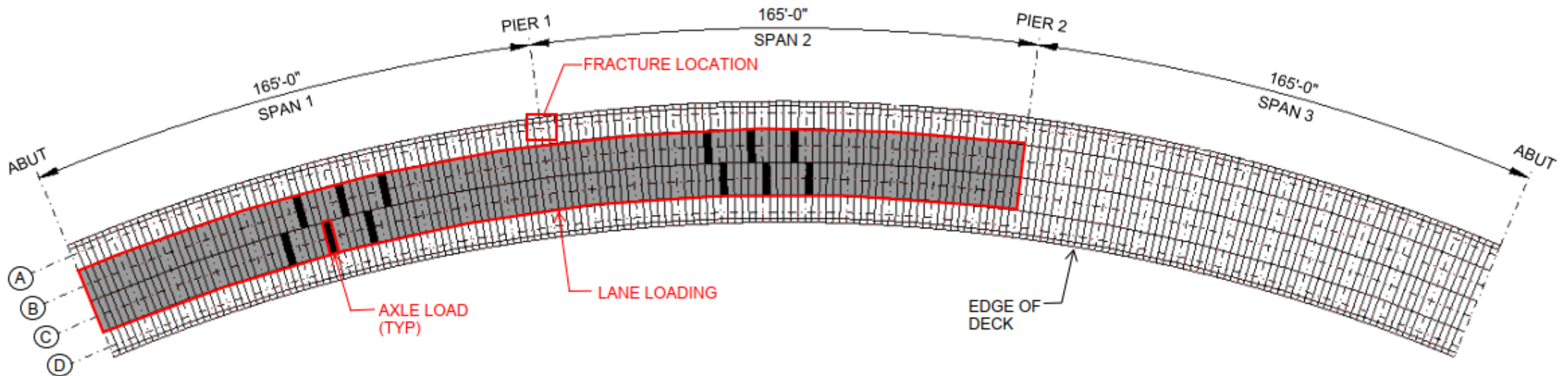
WDBA Vehicular Loading



MI Interchange – Redundancy Analysis Loading Application

Specific Loading Configurations for each fracture case determined by linear analysis.

Area loads used to apply truck and lane loads.



BRIDGE D1 - LIVE LOAD PATTERN - EXTERIOR GIRDER FRACTURE

MI Interchange – Redundancy Analysis

Redundancy Load Combination

Importance Factor, $\eta_I = 1.05$

- Required by D-B Specification
- Applies to all loading types

Dynamic Amplification Factor, $DAR = 0.30$

- Accounts for bridge oscillation after fracture
- Based upon research at University of Austin, TX

Static Force Amplification

- DC Loading = $1.05 \times 1.30 \times 1.25 = 1.71$
- DW Loading = $1.05 \times 1.30 \times 1.50 = 2.05$
- LL + IM Loading = $1.05 \times 1.30 \times 1.30 \times 1.33 = 2.36!!!$

Redundancy Load Combination:

$$\eta_I \times (1 + DAR) \times [1.25DC + 1.5DW + 1.30(LL + IM)], \text{ IM} = 33\%$$

Reminder: HL-93 (Mod) is 20% heavier than HL-93 Loading

➤ $1.2 \times 2.36 = 2.83$

MI Interchange – Redundancy Analysis Challenges & Solutions

- Challenges:
 - Deck Crushing Failure – Positive Moment Fracture
 - Unacceptable Tensile Strains in Flanges
 - Unacceptable Strains in K-Style Cross Frames
- Solutions:
 - Confinement Reinforcement for Deck & Haunches
 - Ensure Flange Size for Increased Tensile Strains
 - X-Frame Style Cross Frames

Acknowledgements

Windsor-Detroit Bridge Authority

- Responsible for delivery of Gordie Howe International Bridge Project



Bridging North America

- Private sector partner responsible for design, build, finance, operate and maintain the facility
 - ACS Infrastructure
 - DRAGADOS
 - Fluor
 - AECON



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- Tourney Consulting



- KTA Group



- RWDI



- RS Engineering



- NTH Consultants



- HNTB (IDC)



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