## Sellwood West Approach Interchange Bridge Design Challenges and Project Delivery

12m

### Overview

- Sellwood Bridge Background
- Landslide Mitigation
- Seismic Analysis
- Drilled Shaft Design
- Cast in Place Girders and Deck Flare
- Future Streetcar Loading
- Shared Bent Cap Design
- Construction





#### The Project Site



## Sellwood Bridge Background

- Opened on December 15, 1925
- The Busiest Two-Lane Bridge in Oregon
- Sufficiency Rating: 2 out of 100
- Weight limit reduced to 10 tons in 2004
- Bridge Replacement Currently Underway
- Cost: Approx. \$310 Million



## West Approach Interchange



# Landslide Impacts



## Landslide Background

- Landslide movement of 2 to 5 feet between 1925 and 1960
- In 1960, piers west of river observed to be extremely out of vertical due to slide movement
- Portions of upper landslide debris excavated to reduce load on slope
- CH2M HILL began landslide monitoring program in January 2007
- Landslide has moved an average of 0.1 to 0.2 inches per year since 2007



## Landslide Mitigation



## Global Landslide Stability Analysis



Elevation (ft)

## Predicted Seismic Landslide Movement

- 3 to 6 inches of movement during 1000 year design event
- Predicted movements are AFTER landslide mitigation
- Varying degrees of movement across all piers
- Some piers are located outside of landslide zone



#### FIGURE 9b Horizontal Displacement Profile at the Location of SE Ramp Bridge Bent 3 (1,000-yr EQ)

### Seismic Design Criteria

- AASHTO Guide Specifications for LRFD Seismic Bridge Design and ODOT Bridge Design & Drafting Manual
- SDC D due to "liquefaction-induced lateral spreading or slope failure that may impact the stability of the bridge" per AASHTO Guide Specifications for LRFD Seismic Bridge Design

- Two-level performance criteria
  - 1000-year "no collapse"
  - 500-year "serviceable"
- Site specific response spectrum

Site Specific Design Response Spectrum



## LARSA Seismic Modeling

- Prestressed concrete girder superstructure
- Drilled shaft foundation
- Linear response spectrum analysis
- Nonlinear static pushover analysis
- Linear translation and rotational springs at the top of each drilled shaft



## LARSA Seismic Modeling

- Many models created to bound anticipated response:
  - 1000 and 500 year events
  - Expansion joints "closed" or "open"
  - Passive soil resistance activated by abutment back wall movement
  - Upper bound and lower bound soil parameters
  - Oversized shafts with permanent casing
  - With and without landslide



## **Concrete Drilled Shafts**



#### LPILE Drilled Shaft Analysis



Moment (k-ft)

#### LPILE Drilled Shaft Analysis



Shear (k)

## Superstructure Modeling





## Interchange Bridge Exterior Prestressed Girder



## Bridge Deck Slab Flare



## Future Streetcar Line





## Shared Bent



## Shared Bent



## Shared Bent





## SE Ramp Bridge - Girders



## SE Ramp Bridge – Deck Pour



### Transition to Sellwood Bridge



#### Thank You

ch2m.