

# Seismic Design of Adjacent Rail Bridges in Deep Liquefiable Soils



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# Project Purposes

## -LOSSAN Project-

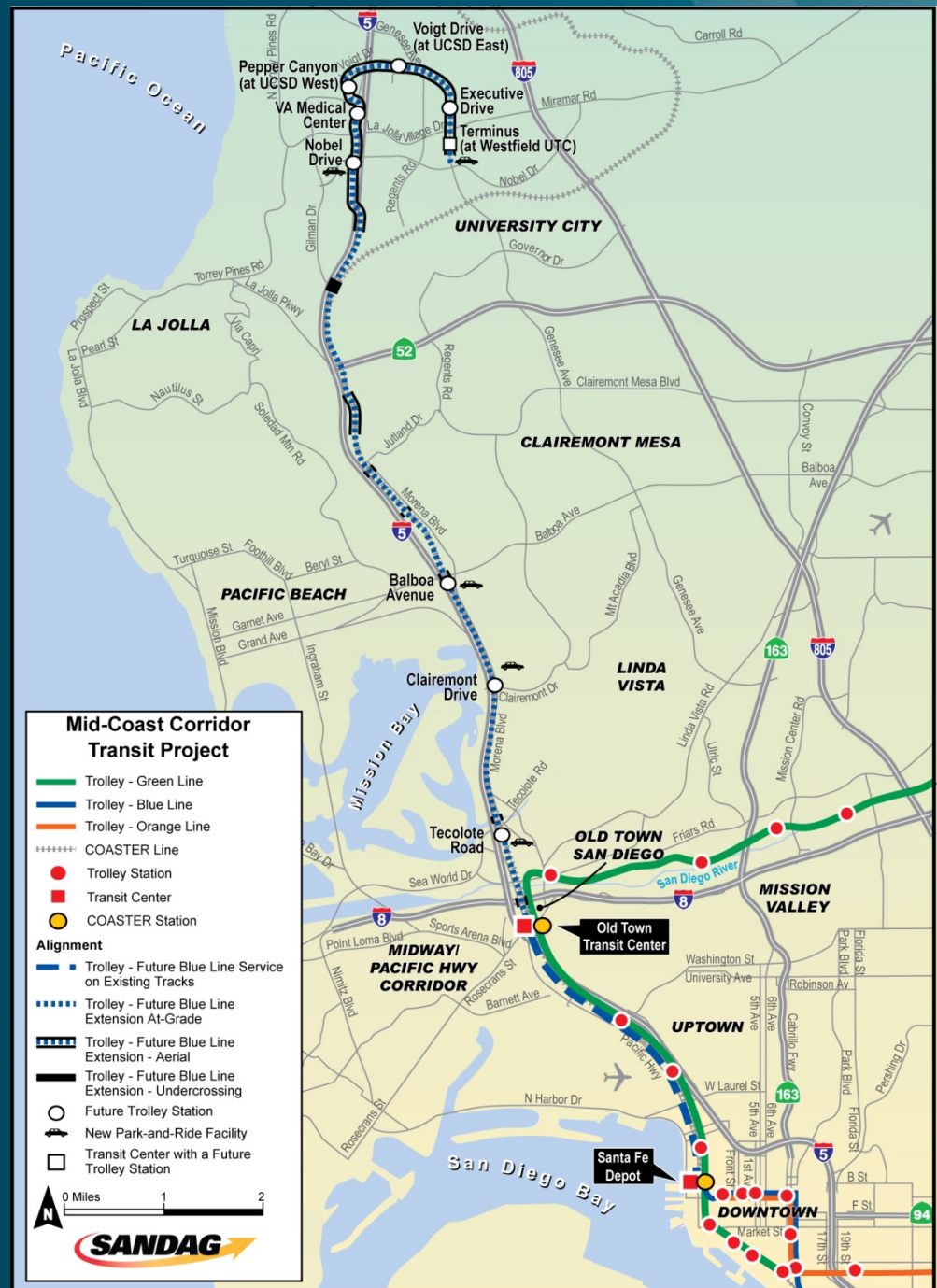
- Carries Commuter, Amtrak and BNSF Freight rail lines
- Construct 0.9-mile segment of second main track



# Project Purposes

## -Mid-Coast Lightrail Extension Project-

- 11 mile Extension
- 9 new stations

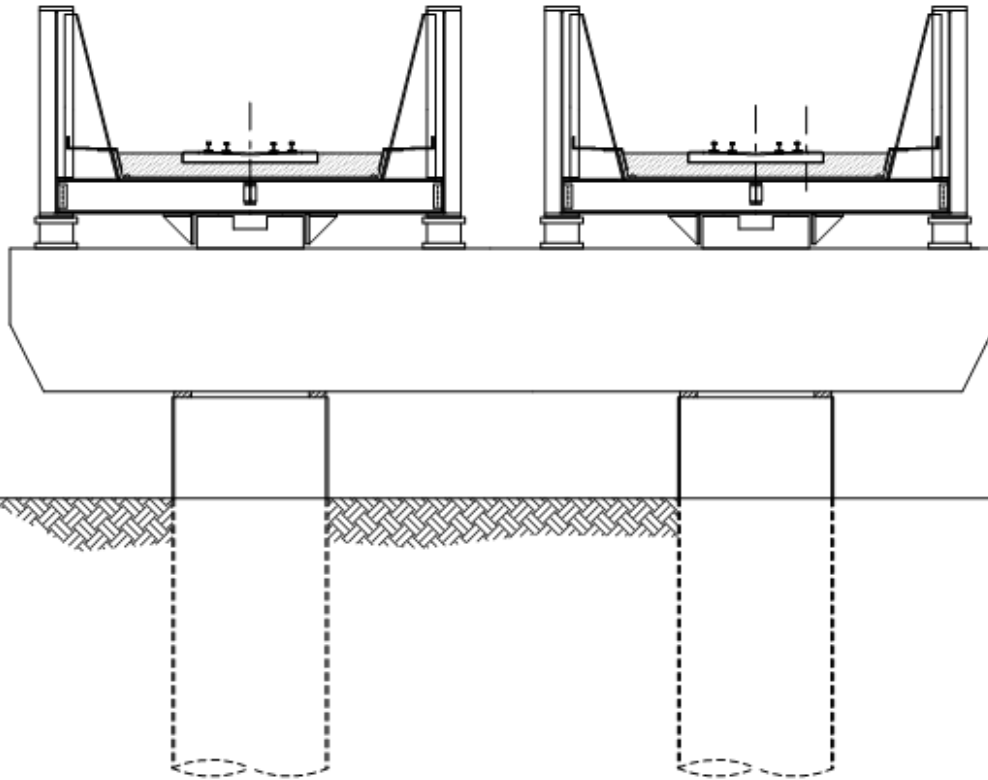


# San Diego River Bridge

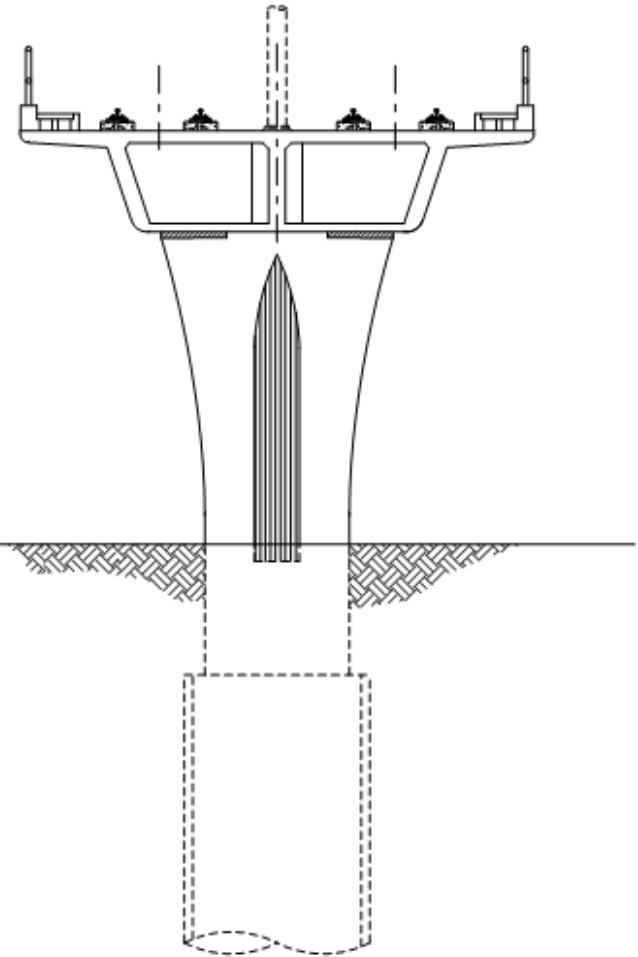


# Typical Section

New LOSSAN Bridge



Mid-Coast Lightrail Bridge



# Design Criteria for Different Structures

## ○ AREMA

- 3 Level Seismic Performance Criteria
- Site Specific RSA

	PGA (g)	Return Period (years)	Performance
Serviceability	0.13	100	Minor Damage, Structure useable
Ultimate	0.27	500	Inspectable Damage
Survivability	0.53	2400	Collapse Prevention

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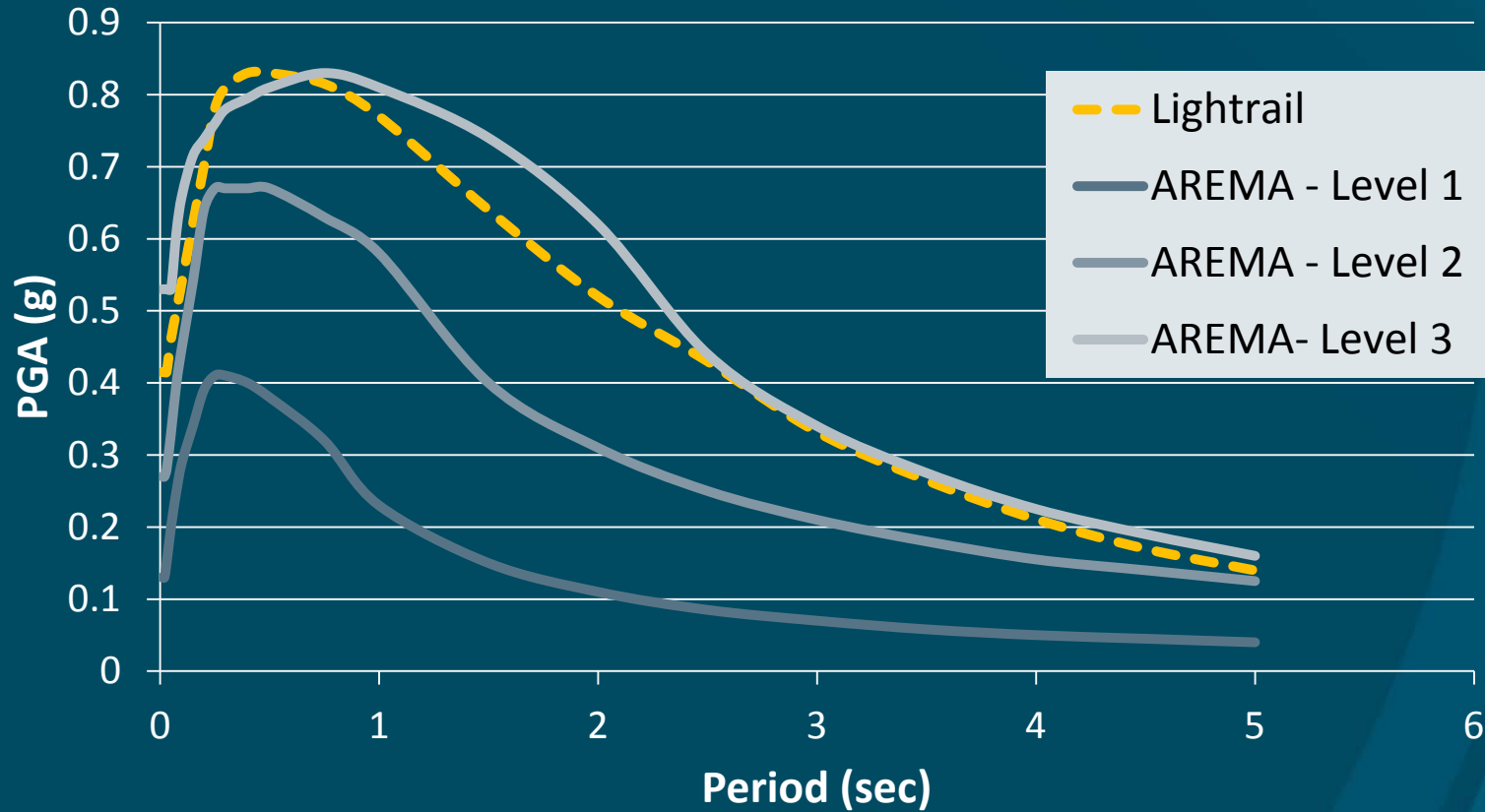
## ○ Mid-Coast Lightrail

- Caltrans Seismic Design Criteria
  - 1000-yr Return Period
  - PGA – 0.42g
  - Collapse Prevention

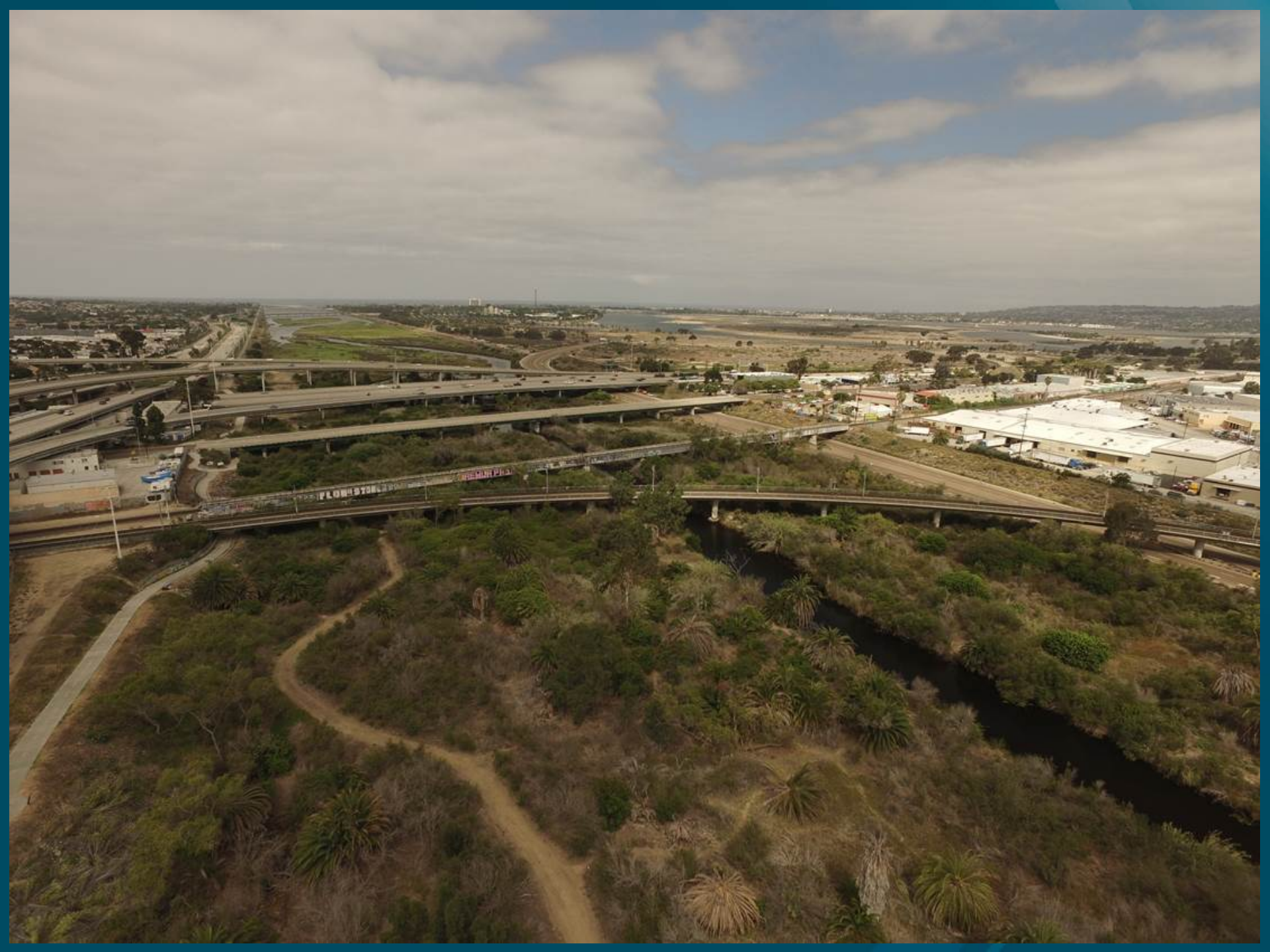
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# Response Spectra

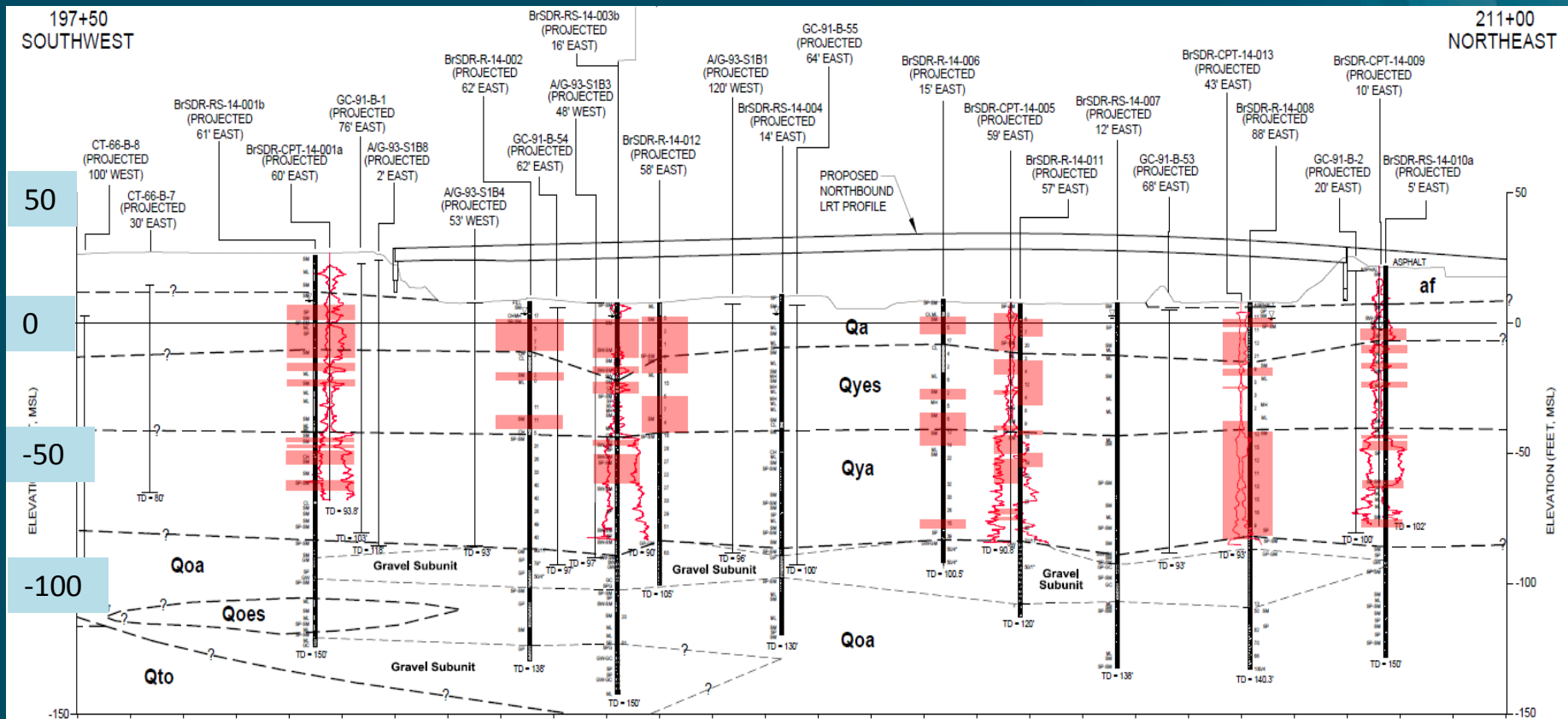
## ARS Curves





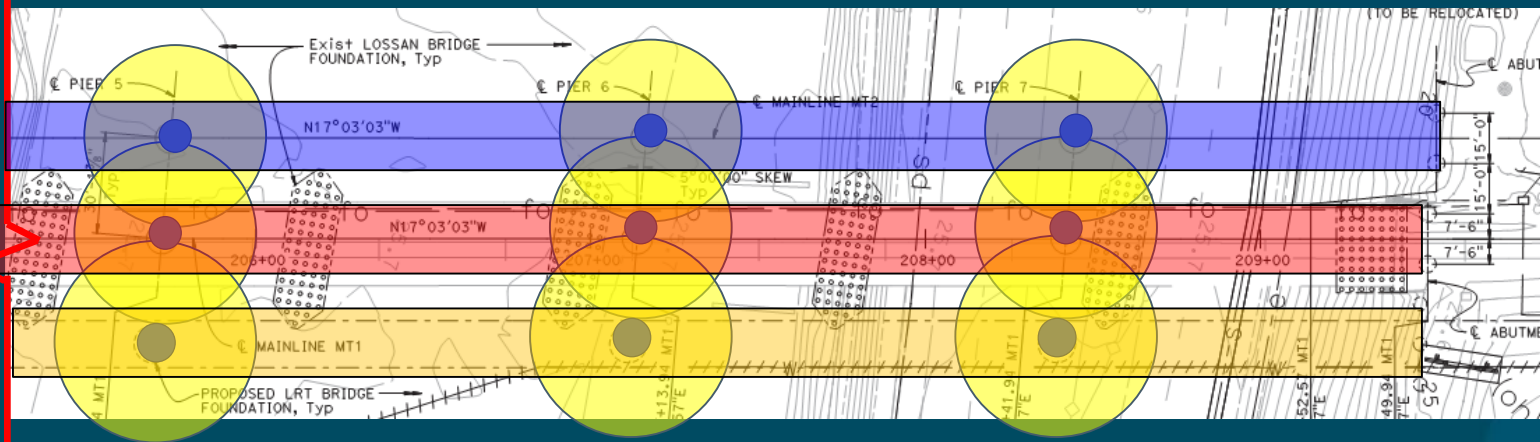
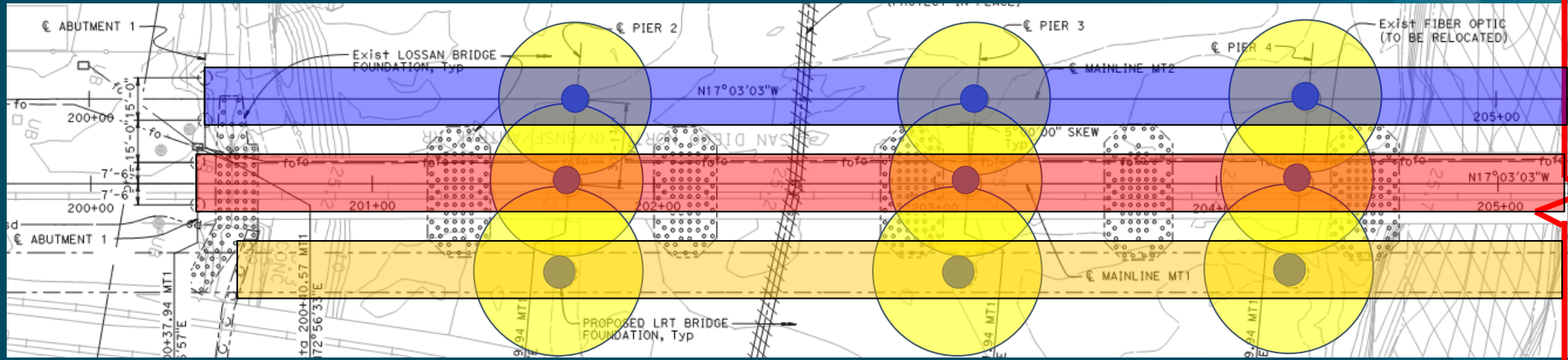


# River Soil Conditions During Earthquake

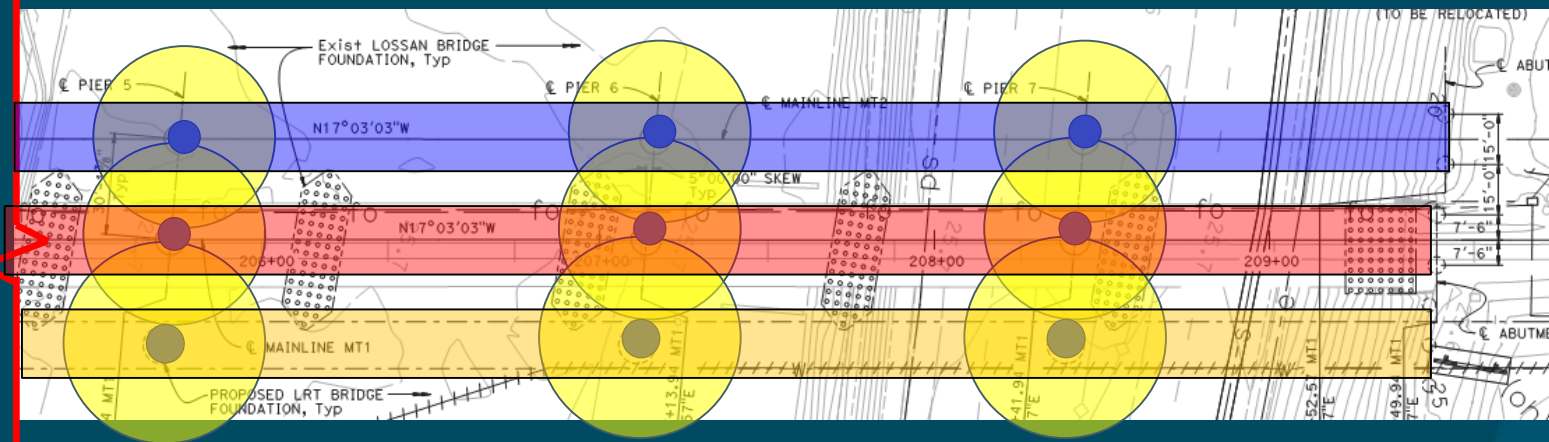
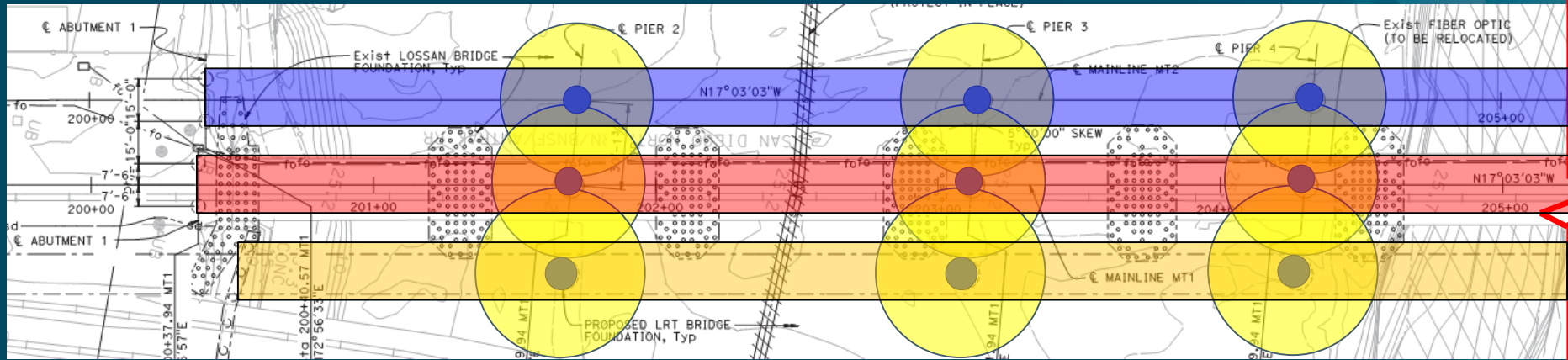


- Ultimate and Survivability Events – **Liquefaction** up to 80' deep
- Scour is up to 20 feet
- Slope Stability and Lateral Spreading

# Original Approach – Ground Improvement

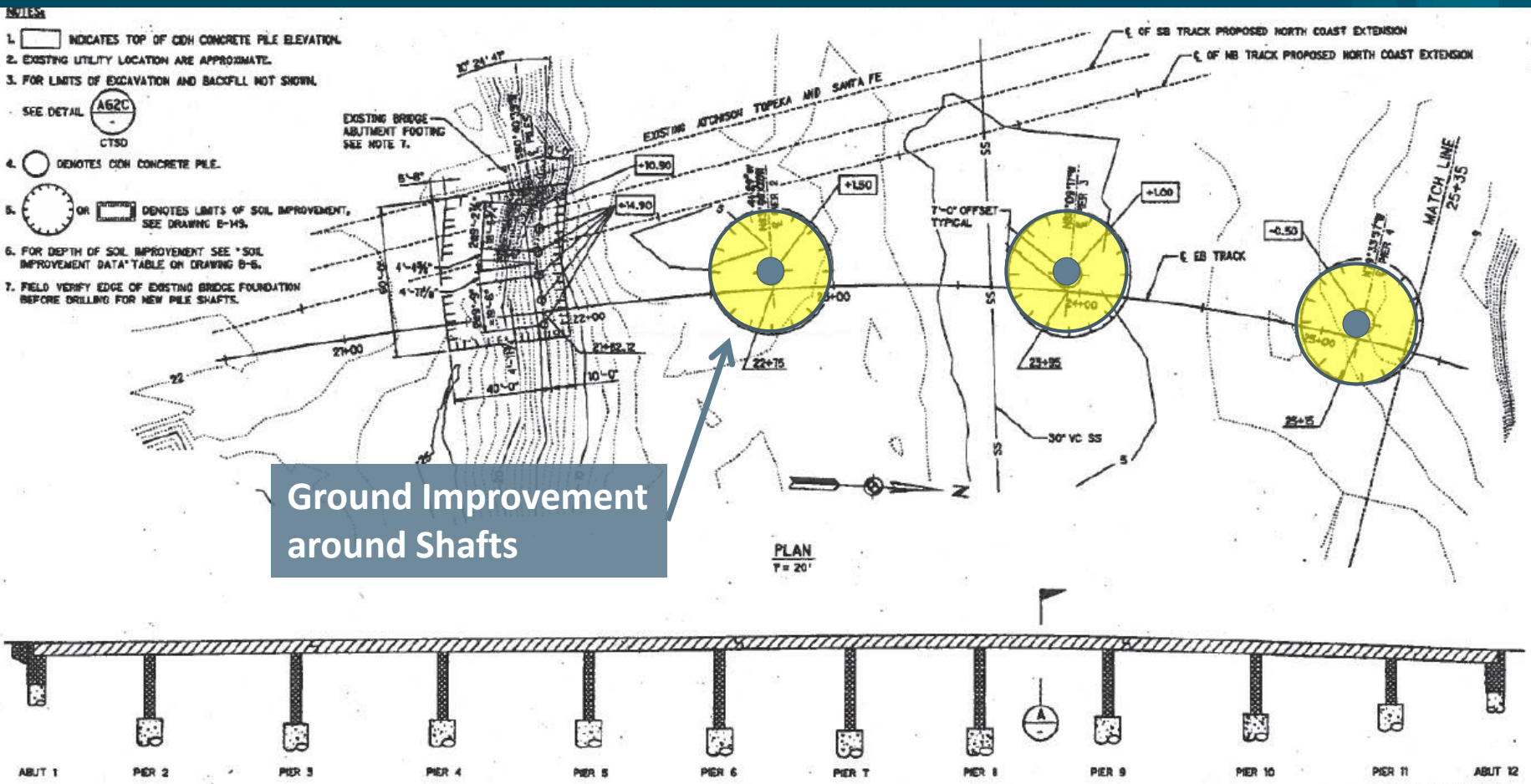


# Original Approach – Ground Improvement

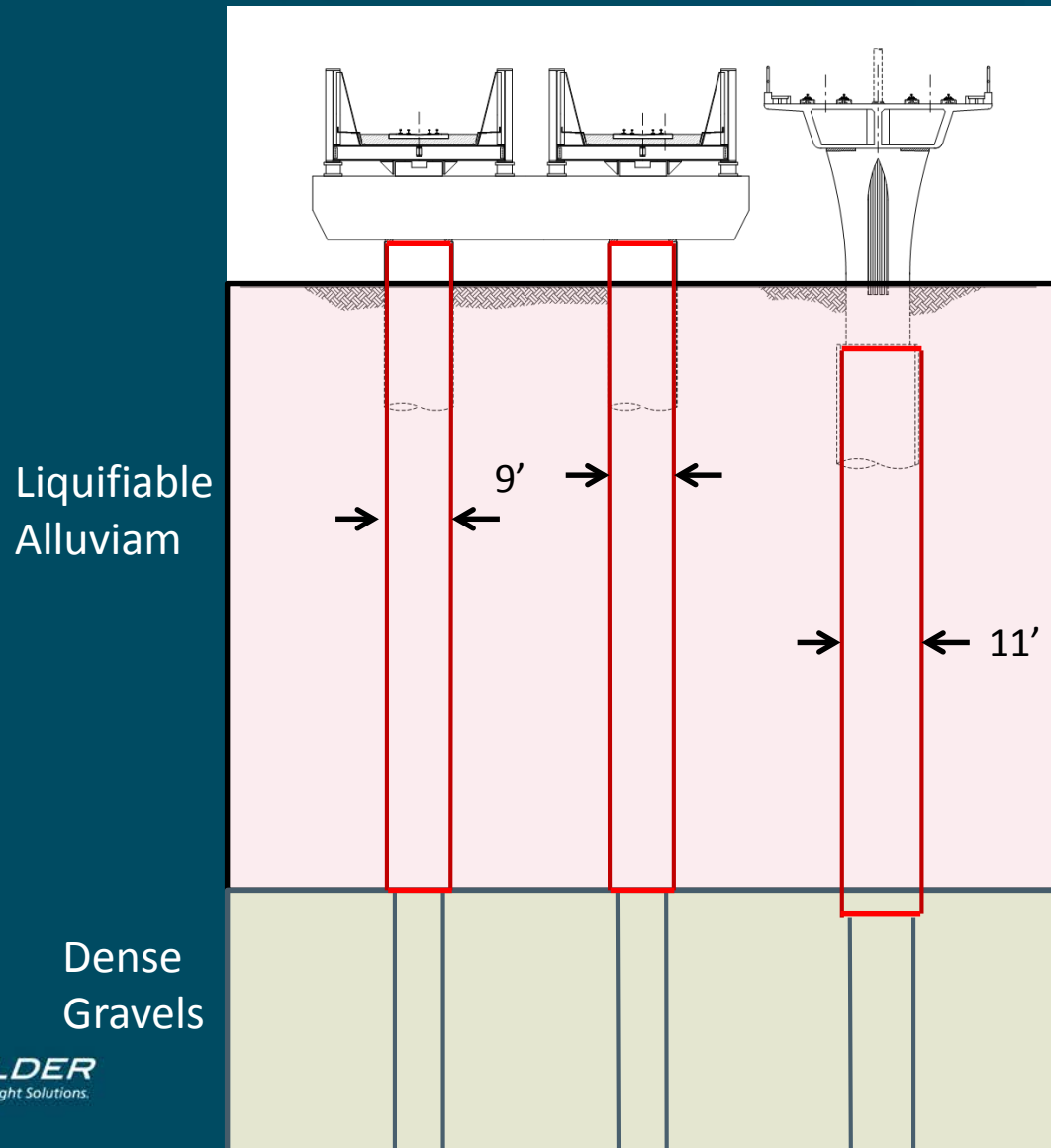


- Ground improvement 90 feet deep
- Conflicts with existing foundations
- Staging of ground improvement

# Existing Trolley Bridge Approach— Ground Improvement

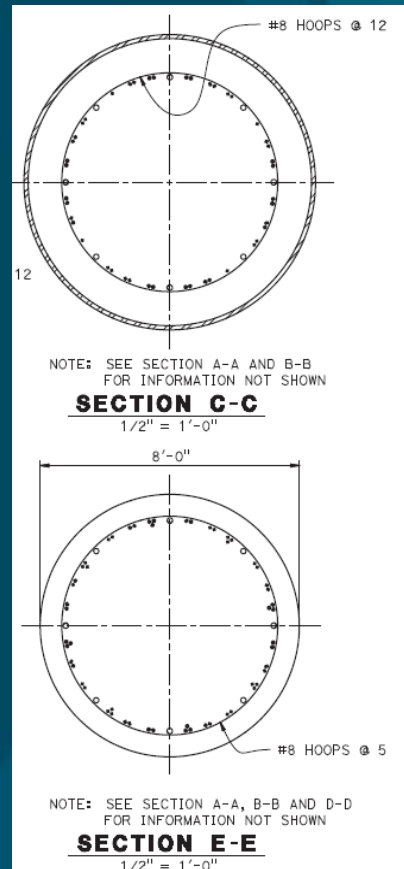
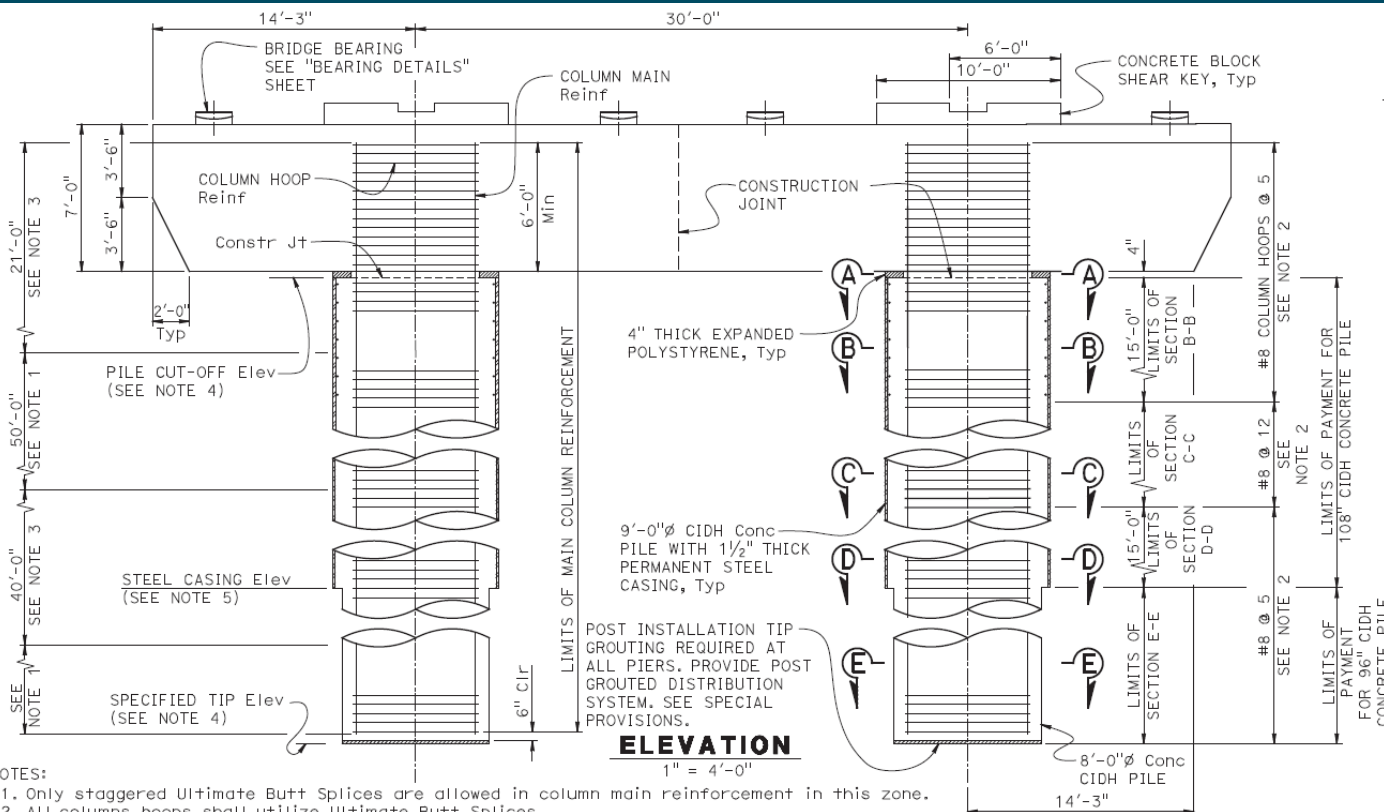


# Alternative Approach – Permanent Steel Casings



# San Diego River

○ Approx. \$4M Cost Savings



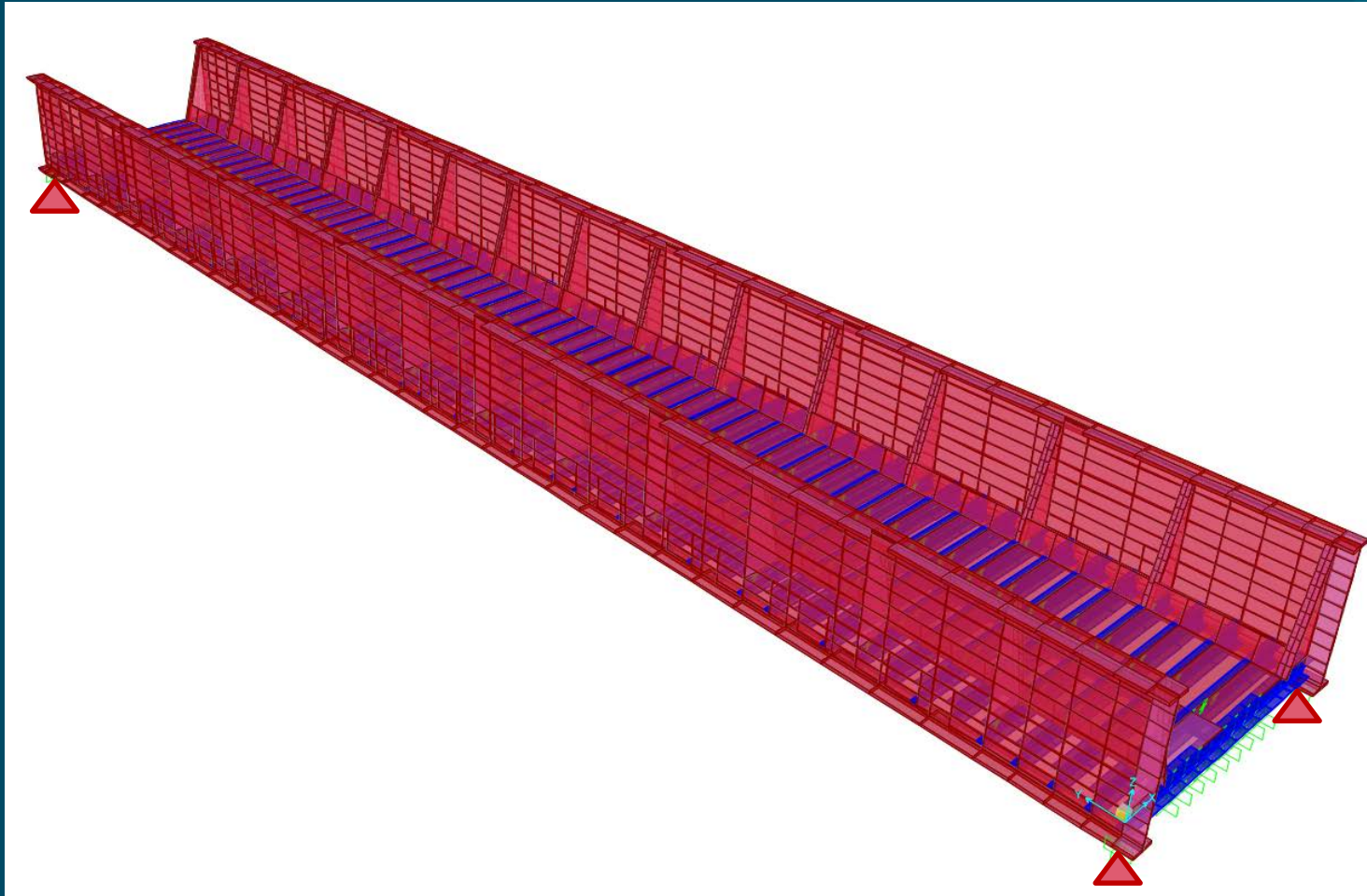
- NOTES:
1. Only staggered Ultimate Butt Splices are allowed in column main reinforcement in this zone.
  2. All column hoops shall utilize Ultimate Butt Splices.
  3. No splices allowed in column main reinforcement in this zone.
  4. See "PILE TABLE DATA" in "FOUNDATION PLAN NOS. 1 & 2" for pile cut-off elevation and specified tip elevation.
  5. Permanent steel casing elevation may be placed between -66 ft to -82 ft.

# Alternative Approach

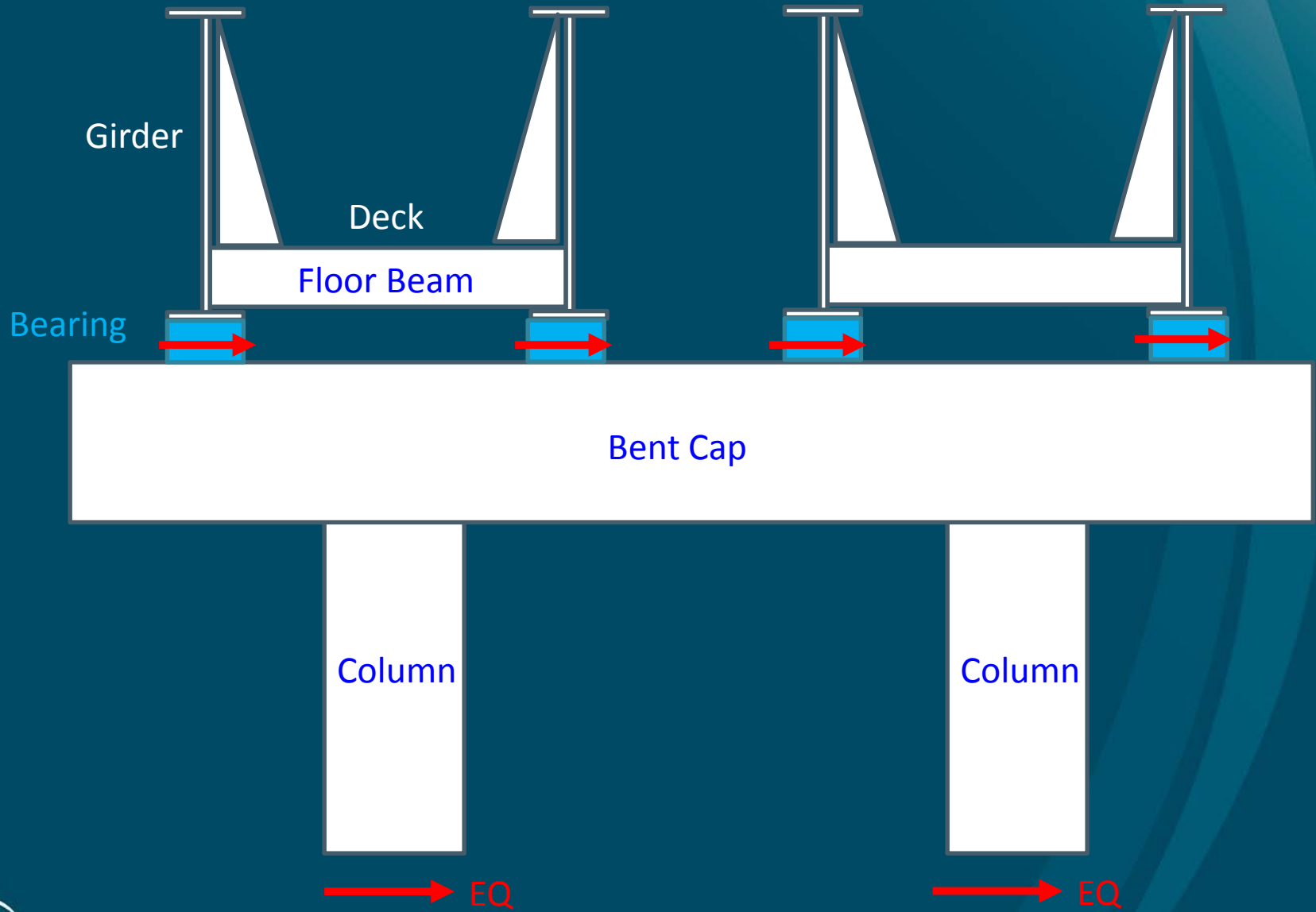
- Why not just use larger diameter conventional shafts?



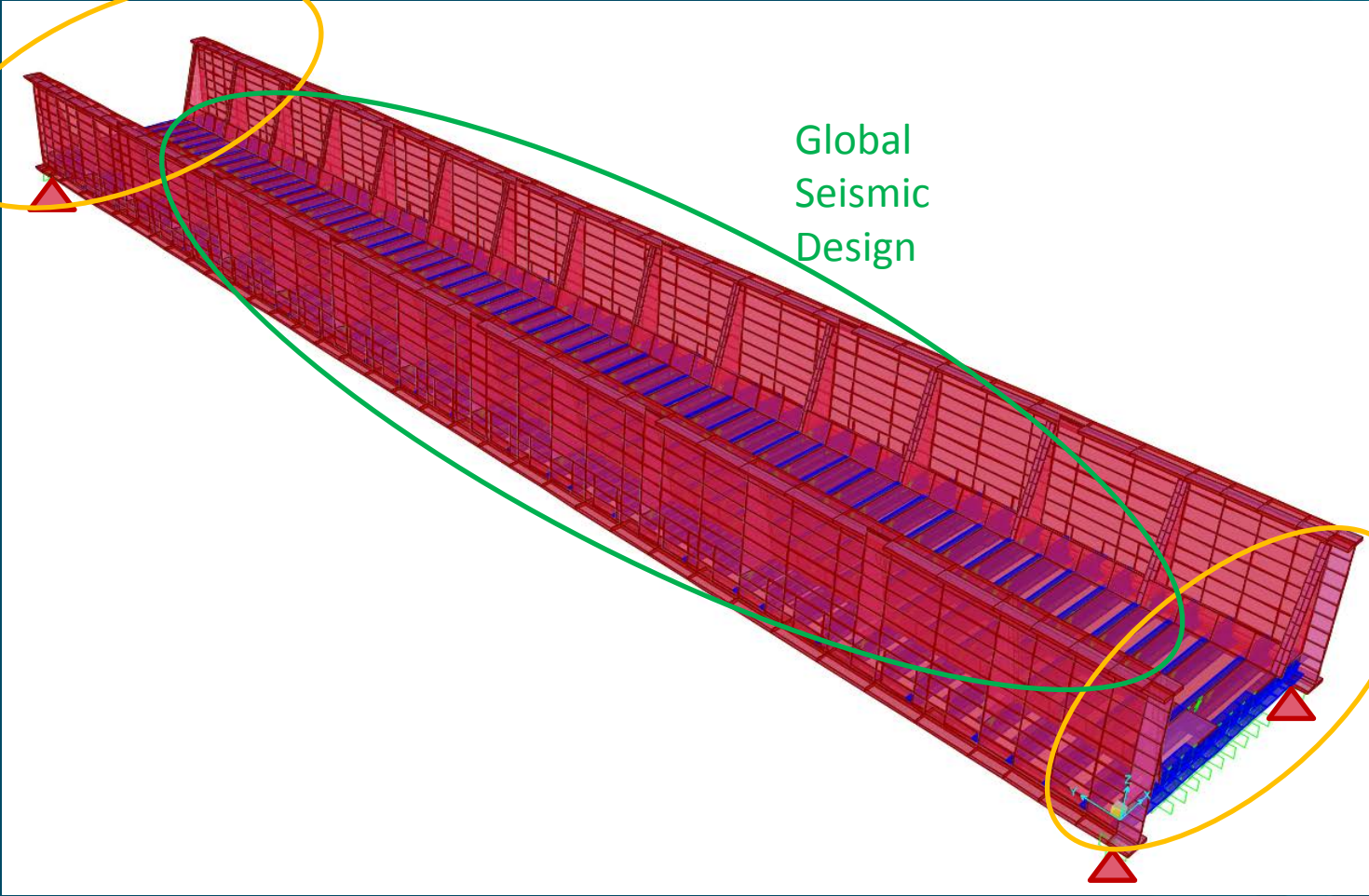
# Seismic Design of Superstructure



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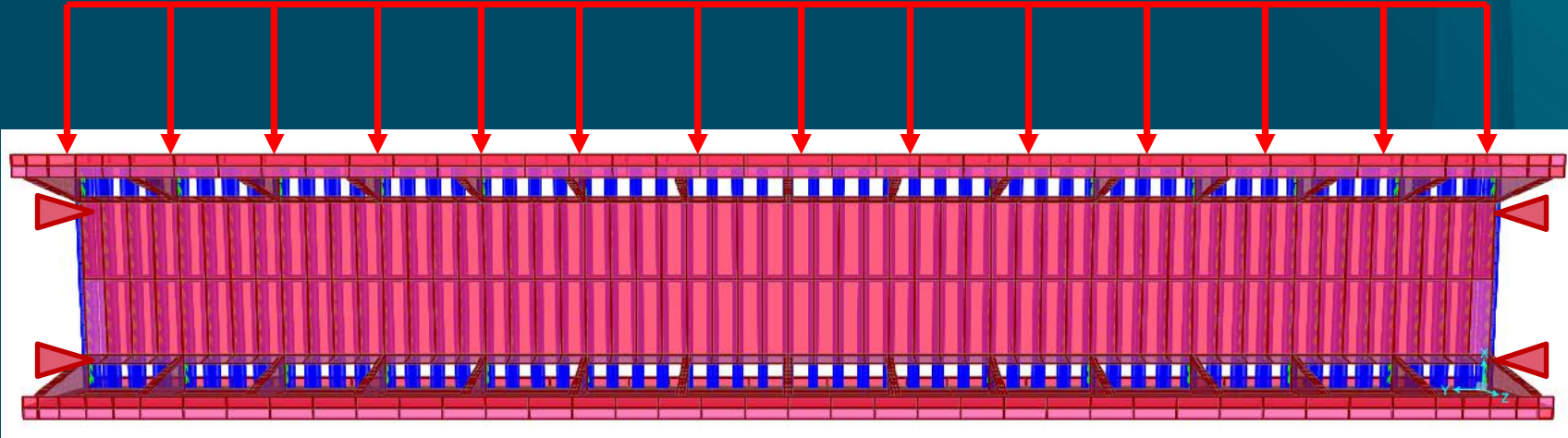


Global  
Seismic  
Design

Local  
Seismic  
Design

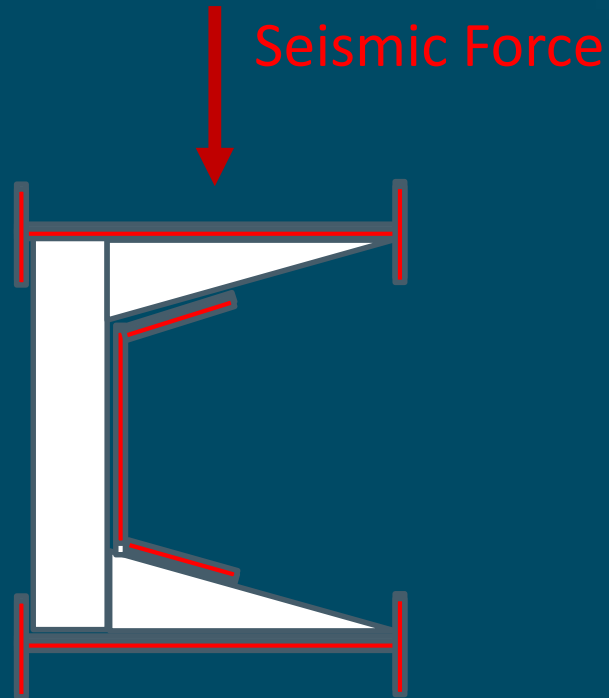
# Seismic Design of Superstructure

Seismic Force



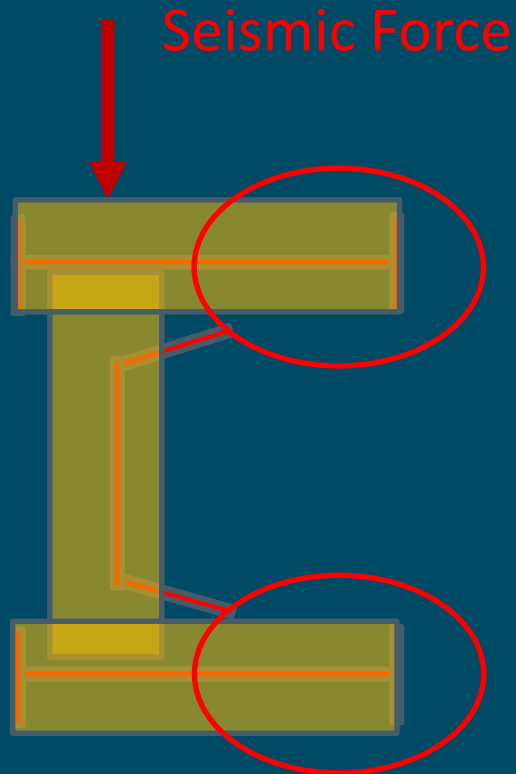
Bridge Plan

# Seismic Design of Superstructure



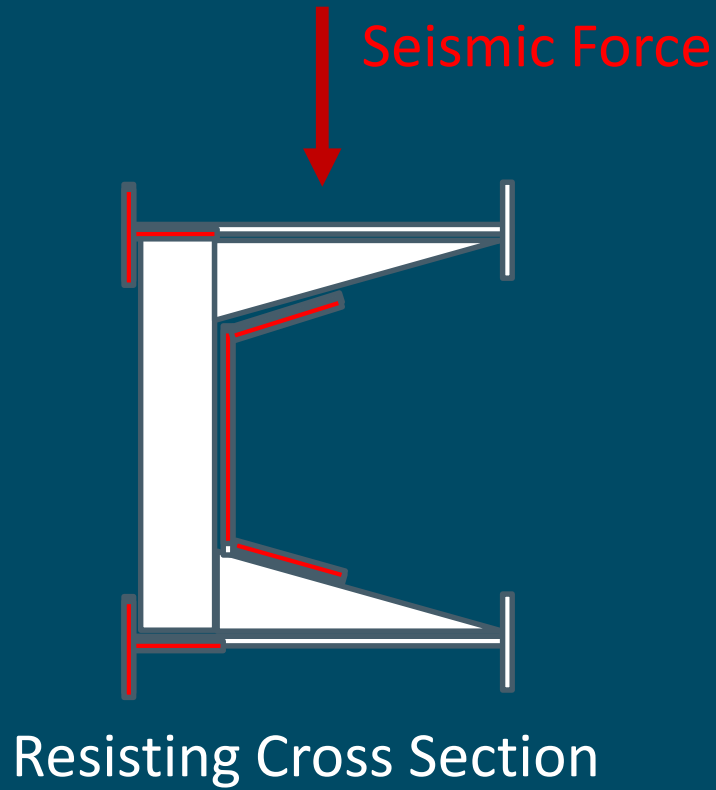
Resisting Cross Section

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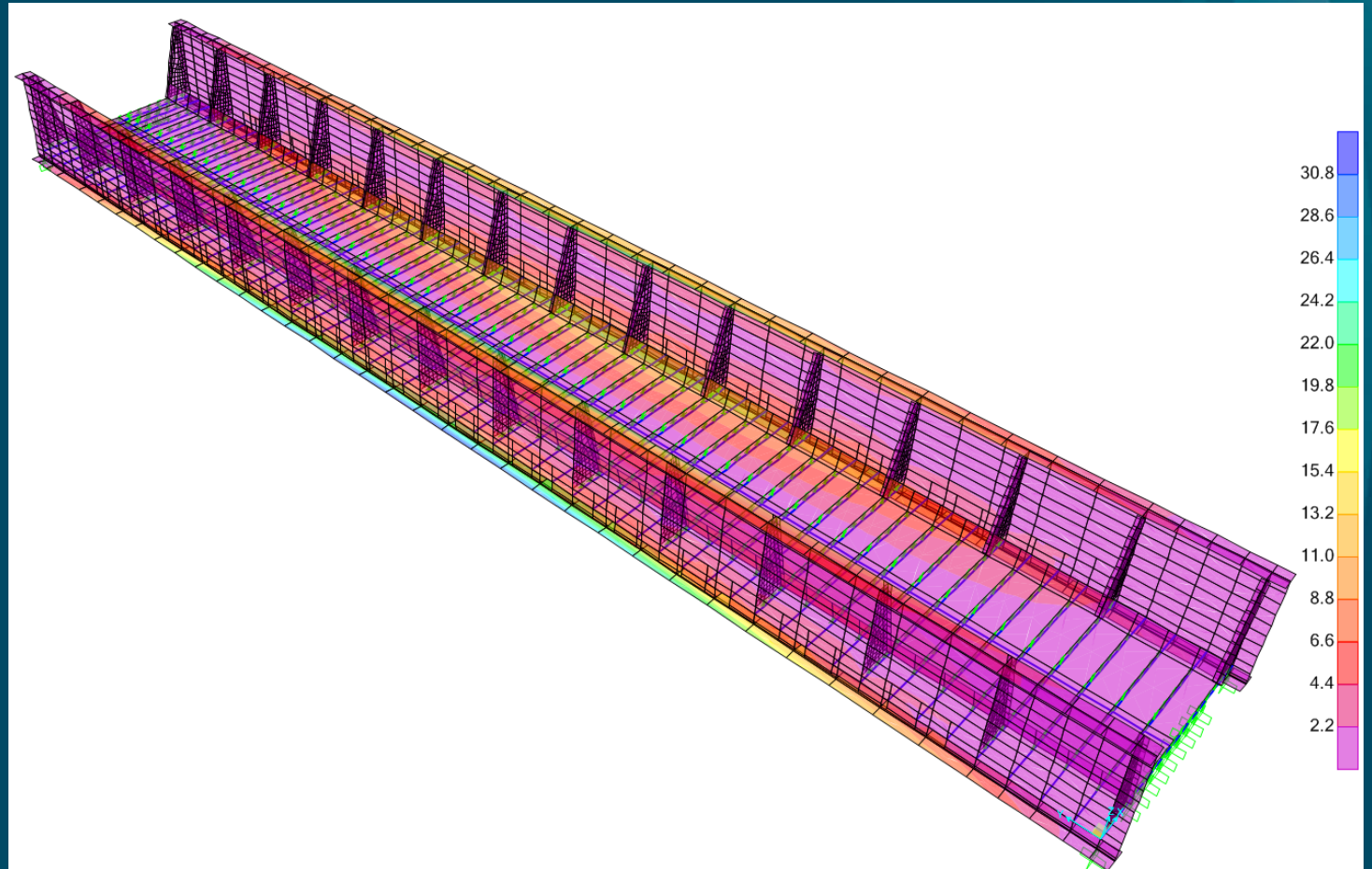


Resisting Cross Section

# Seismic Design of Superstructure



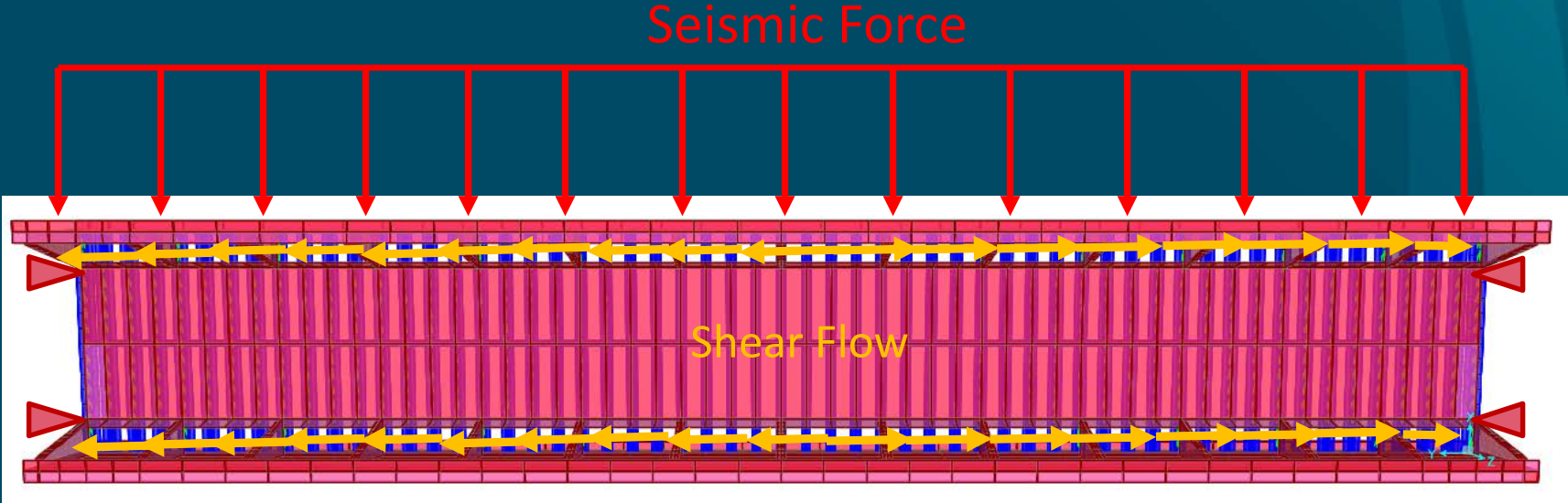
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Finite Element Model  
(SAP 2000)



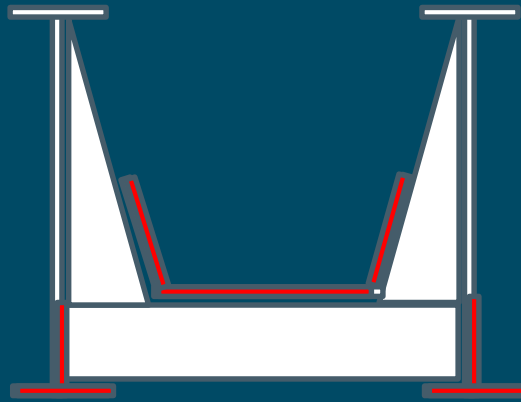
# Seismic Design of Superstructure



Bridge Plan

# Seismic Design of Superstructure – Key Points

## 1. Simplified Resisting Cross Section



## 2. Pay Attention to Shear Flow actions at ends of floor beams