## FORCE MONITORING OF POST-TENSIONING TENDONS & CABLE STAYS IN BRIDGE STRUCTURES

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#### OUTLINE

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## INTRODUCTION

Health monitoring system Determine the behavior of the structure under various loads and environmental effects Know the condition of the structure before it is too late Inspection- non-destructive testing Repair or replacement

Post-tensioning is a key element to the performance and durability of the structures where they are installed

Tendon or stay force During construction Long-term monitoring Periodic, continuous, remote



## **INTRODUCTION** Cont'd

Tendon embedded or external

Tendon/stay either of strand or high strength bar

Strand/bar can be of bare, coated or grouted

Various methods to measure the tendon/stay force

Most are cumbersome and accuracy differs

DSI involved in development, testing and utilization of DYNA Force (DF) to measure the force in tendon/stay



#### THEORY

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DYNA Force sensors are manufactured based on the magnetoelastic properties of ferrous material.

FARADAY'S LAW: Change in magnetic environment of a coil of wire will cause a voltage to be induced in the coil





#### **THEORY Cont'd**

Sensor is composed of a primary coil and a secondary coil By passing current through primary coil, ferromagnetic material is magnetized

Sensing coil picks up induced electromotive force that is proportional to change rate of applied magnetic flux and relative permeability

As permeability of core changes, output voltage changes

Output voltage is calibrated to measure force



#### **SYSTEMS**

DYNA Force System consists of mainly sensor and readout unit

The force can be measured by:

Manual reading Local data storage Remote access





DF Sensor

Readout Unit

Multiplexer





#### SYSTEMS- Cont'd

Table: DYNA Force Dimensions

Strand Size	Strand Grade	Sensor Dimensions [in]		
[in]	[KSI]	ID	OD	Length
0.5" - 0.62"	270	0.79	1.42	5.2
THREADBAR Size	Bar Grade	Sensor Dimensions [in]		
[in]	[KSI]	ID	OD	Length
#7 - #11	75-97	1.69	3.15	7.09
#14	75-97	2.09	3.90	7.87
#18 / #20	75-97	2.87	5.71	12.20
#24	75-97	3.35	6.10	12.99
1" - 1-3/8"	150	1.69	3.15	7.09
1-3/4"	150	2.09	3.90	7.87
2-1/2"	150	2.87	5.71	12.20
3"	150	3.35	6.10	12.99

DYNA Force over the entire tendon is custom made and dimensions will be provided upon request

### ACCURACY

Due to the diversity of the magnetic property of steel, calibration is done for each type of steel allowing the sensors to perform at their highest accuracy.

Three sensors were used in each of three 59-0.6" strand anchors Sensors were consistently more accurate than load cells when compared to the actual jacking force.





#### **MEASURING PROCEDURE**

Sensors supplied are pre calibrated at DSI facility

Install over the strand/bar or tendon during construction

Attach portable readout unit to wire leads from DYNA Force

Take a zero reading before applying any force

Apply PT/stay force

Measure the force in cable/strand anytime



## **APPLICATION- Penobscot Narrows Bridge, Maine**

80 stay cable anchors with 3 DYNA Force in each anchor Stay force was monitored during construction





## **APPLICATION- Harbor Drive Bridge, San Diego**

Sensors were installed in two foundation tie-downs, two back stays and two main cables.

DF enabled verification of friction assumptions and permitted adjustment to jacking forces to achieve the target force at the pylon tip.

Lock-off forces in the tie-down anchors were also adjusted based on the DF sensor readings.







## **APPLICATION- Wacker Drive Bridge, Chicago**

Sensors were installed to know: Force at dead end of 9-06 longitudinal tendons Jacking force was revised based on finding Force at dead end of 4-06 transverse tendons Good correlation was observed









## **APPLICATION- Wade Bridge (I-81), Pennsylvania**

Twelve sensors were installed to monitor forces in 1-3/4" DCP external tendons in Pier Caps Good correlation was observed





## **APPLICATION- Pont Champlain Bridge, Montreal, Canada**

Sensors were installed to monitor forces in 0.6" dia strands

used to retrofit the exterior girders DF readings provided valuable Information to the designer









#### **APPLICATION-** Stone Cutters Bridge, Hong Kong

32 sensors were installed at the interfaces of steel girders and RC girders to monitor the force in 37-0.62" tendons



## **APPLICATION- Hsing-Tung Bridge, Taiwan**

EM sensors were installed on all 34 stay cables Sensors were fabricated in the field by winding process Each stay force is being monitored





Courtesy- IIS



## **APPLICATION- Adige Bridge, Italy**

EM sensors were used on the existing stays A total of twelve sensors were installed Sensors were precalibrated at the laboratory All sensor reading are accessed remotely





Courtesy- IIS





#### **APPLICATION- Sellwood Bridge Abutment, Oregon**

56 DYNA Force sensors were supplied to monitor the slope stability in front of the bridge abutment. Automated readout units were installed to record the force readings at every 4 hours.









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### **APPLICATION- Willow Island Hydroelectric Project, WV**

To monitor the forces in the anchors during excavation of rocks, three sensors were installed in each of 28 anchors (59-0.6").

Data from all of the sensors are being taken remotely every 3 hours, analyzed and reported to the owner.





In service since Nov 2012





#### CONCLUSIONS

DYNA Force sensors can be used for: bare, epoxy-coated, galvanized and greased-sheathed steel in bonded, un-bonded, grouted or un-grouted length of the tendon.

Sensors for existing tendon/stay

Eliminates any lift-offs & possible friction tests

Portable read-out unit

Reading in seconds by a trained person

Owner can regularly monitor forces in PT tendon/stays even from remote access



#### **CONCLUSIONS-** Cont'd

Durability

- DYNA Force system is robust
- Requires no maintenance & has no moving parts
- Similar service life to that of bridge or structure

The accuracy of the force measurement is normally within 1.5% for strand and within 3% for bar for preinstalled DF sensors.

# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



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