

Seismic Retrofit and Rehabilitation of the North Torrey Pines Road Bridge

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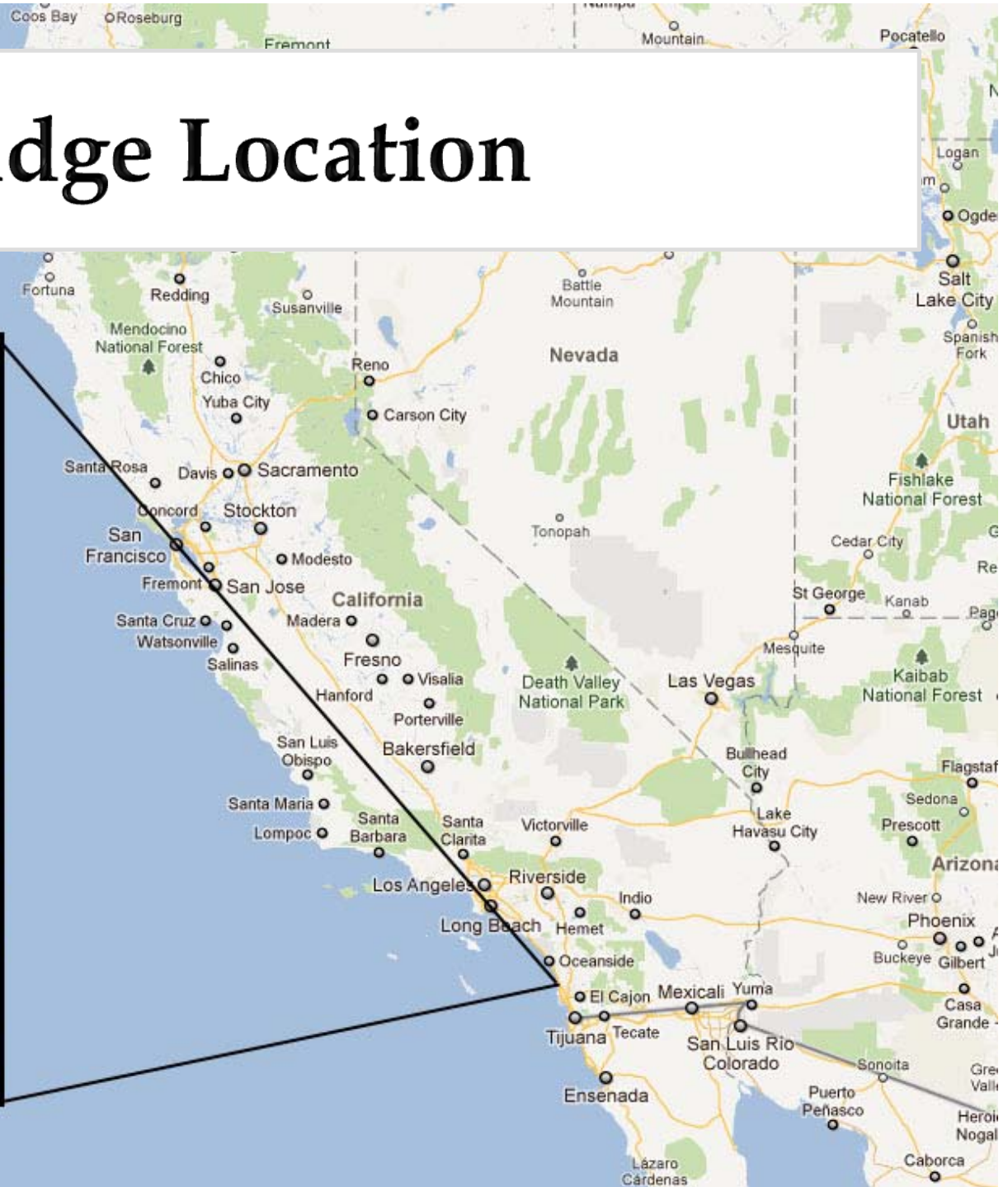
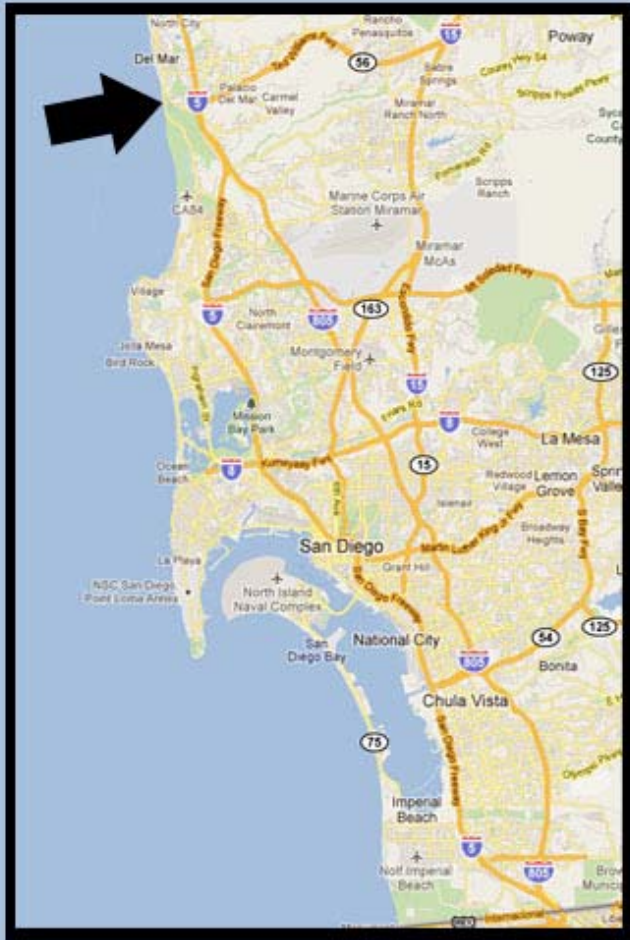
Simon Wong Engineering

Presentation Outline

- ▣ Project Description / Background
- ▣ Bridge Corrosion & Seismic Issues (As-Built)
- ▣ Seismic Analysis & Design
- ▣ Bridge Retrofit/Rehab Construction



Bridge Location



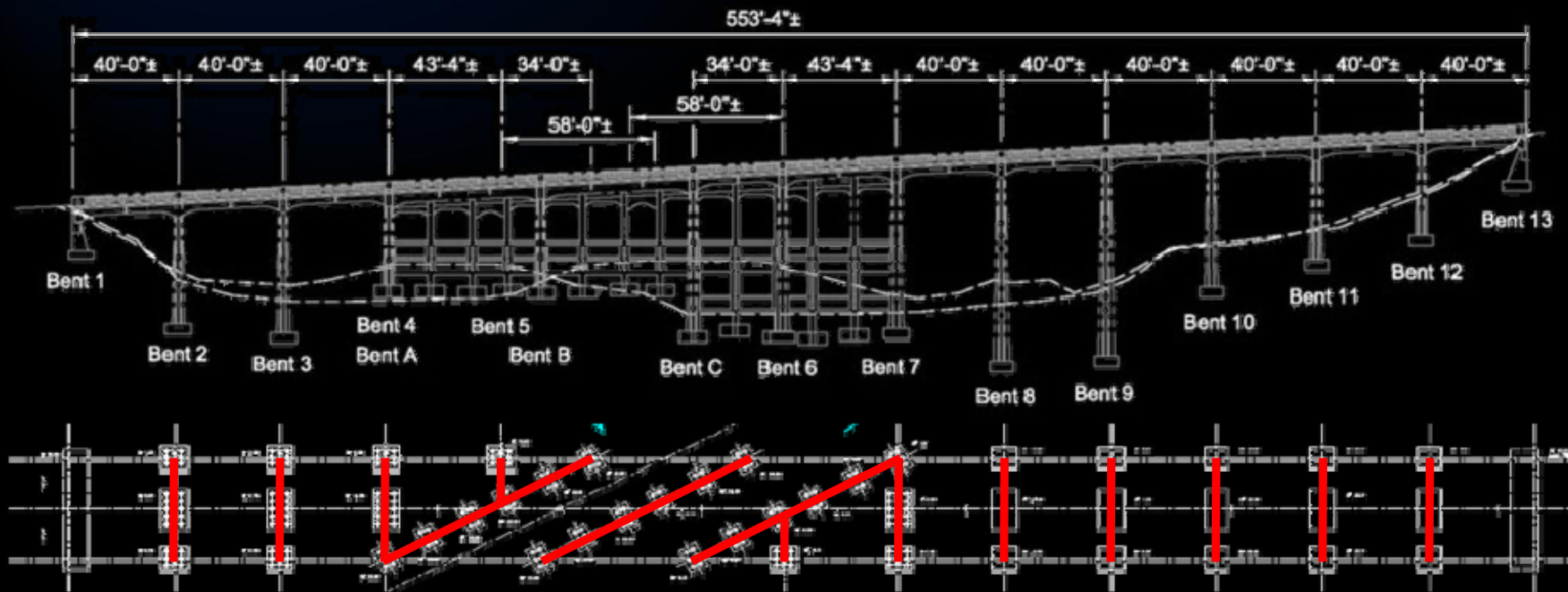
North Torrey Pines Road Bridge

- ▣ **Constructed in 1933 w/ 50-yr Design Life**
- ▣ **Owner: City of Del Mar**
- ▣ **Historic Resource**
 - City of Del Mar Local Historic Landmark
 - California Register of Historical Resources
 - Eligible for National Register of Historic Places
- ▣ **FHWA High Profile Project**
- ▣ **\$40M Funded by HBRRP & CA Prop 1B**



Structure Description

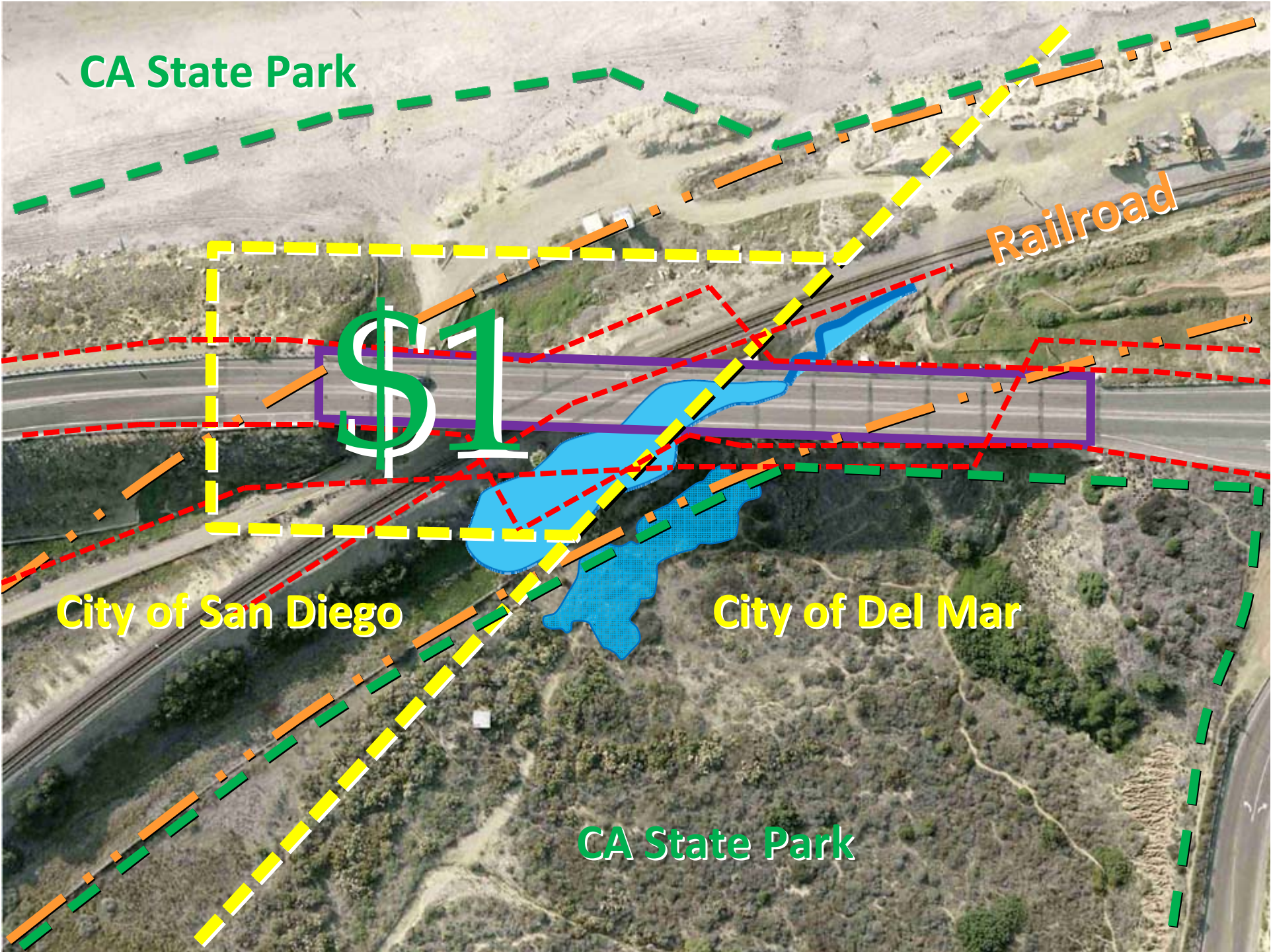
- ▣ 550-ft-long tee-beam superstructure
- ▣ Bents 2-12 normal; Bents A-C skewed 63 deg
- ▣ Bents 2-7 on piles; Bents 8-12 spread footings











CA State Park

Railroad

\$1

City of San Diego

City of Del Mar

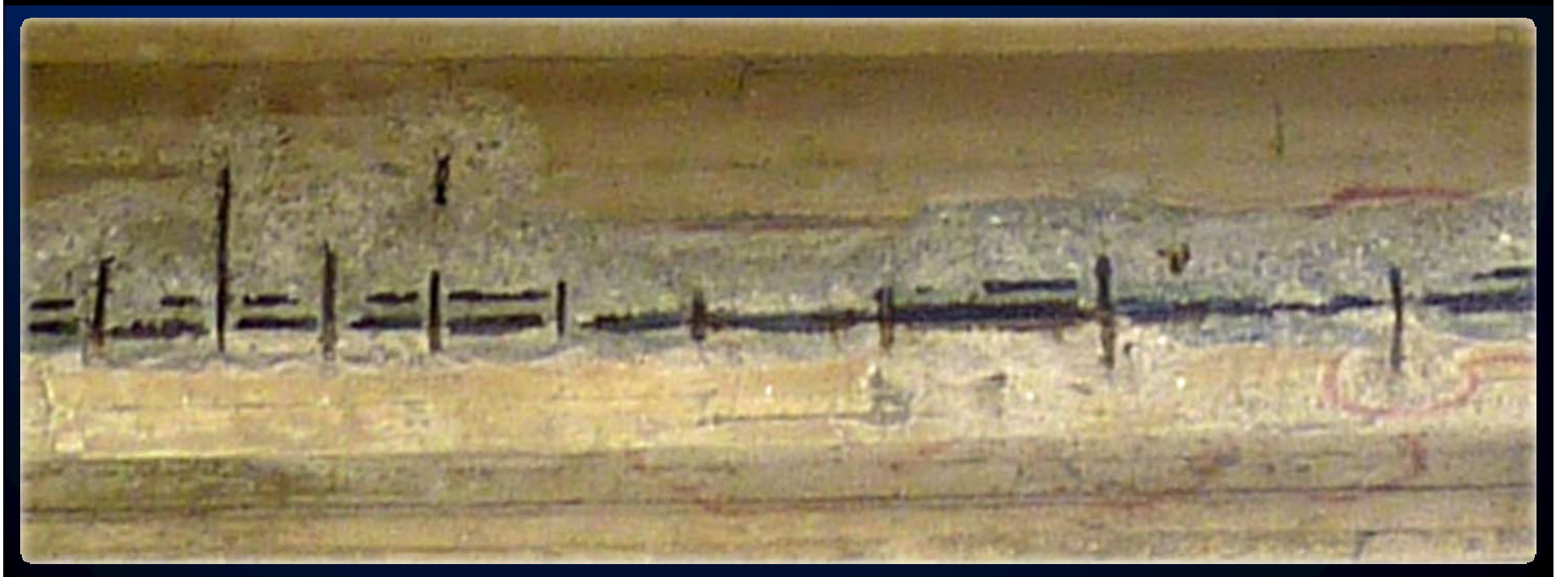
CA State Park

Issues

- ▣ Corrosion and deteriorated concrete (especially superstructure)
- ▣ Extensive seismic issues



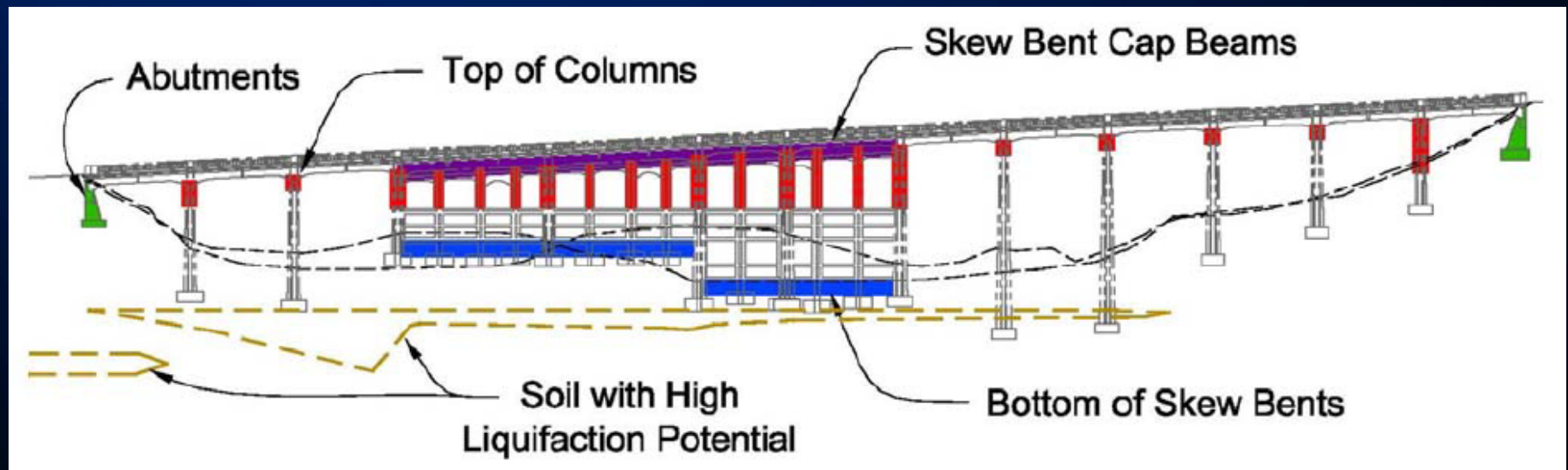






As-built Analysis

- ▣ Liquefaction/slope stability
- ▣ All columns & abutments are shear deficient
- ▣ Large substructure displacements
- ▣ Short top of bent seats
- ▣ Skew bent stiffness is large and demands require extensive retrofit (caps, columns, joints)



Scope

Keep the bridge!!!

- 1) **Ensure structural integrity**
 - Seismic; Corrosion
- 2) **Preserve historic resource**
 - Maintain historic eligibility
- 3) **Maintain railroad clearances**



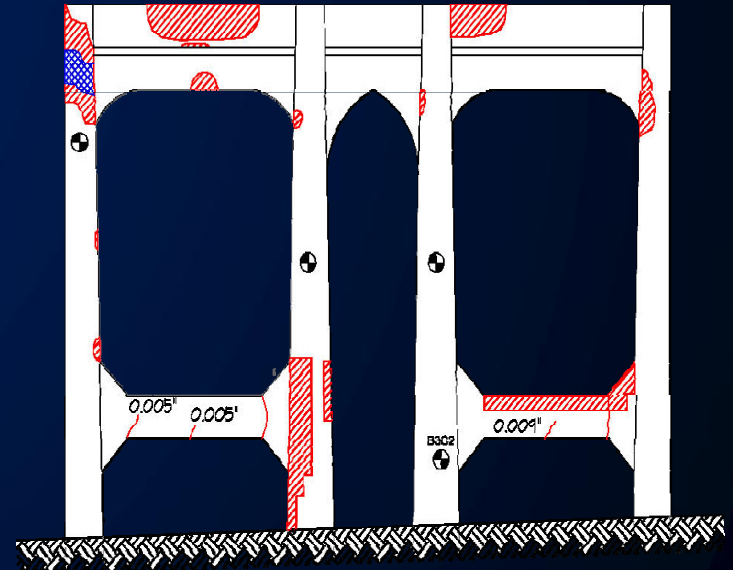
Corrosion Management

▣ Substructure Rehabilitation Options

- ▣ Total Replacement → *Loss of historic status*
- ▣ Ongoing patch and repair
- ▣ Chloride Extraction (ECE)
- ▣ Cathodic Protection

▣ Approved Corrosion Plan

- ▣ Replace corroded materials
- ▣ Cathodic Protection System
 - ▣ Mesh anodes + discrete anodes + deep anode well
- ▣ Replace everything above the bearing seats!
- ▣ Regular inspections and maintenance



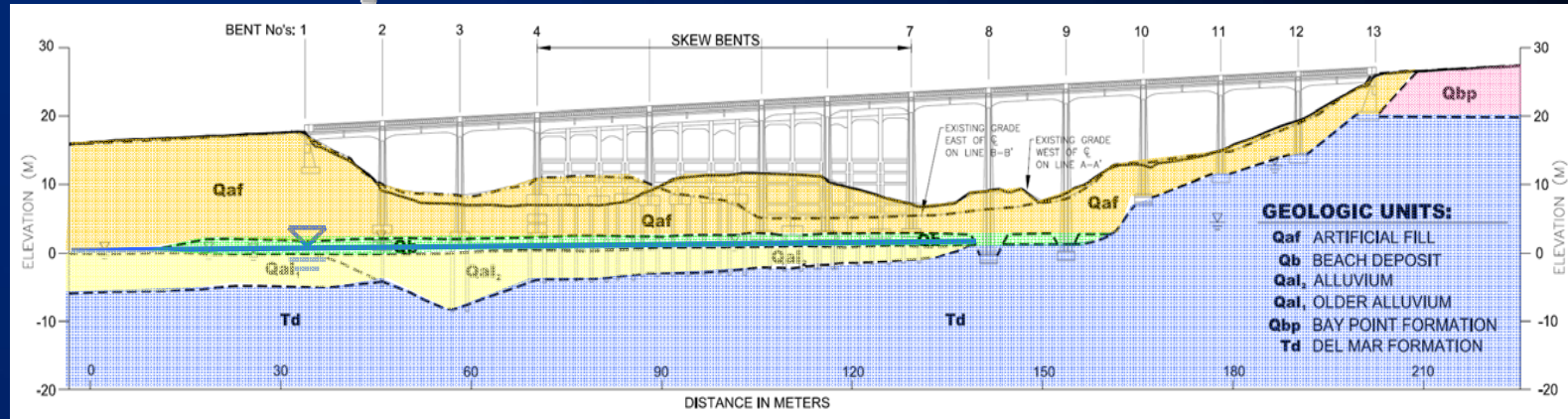
Seismic Analysis & Design

As-Built Analysis →

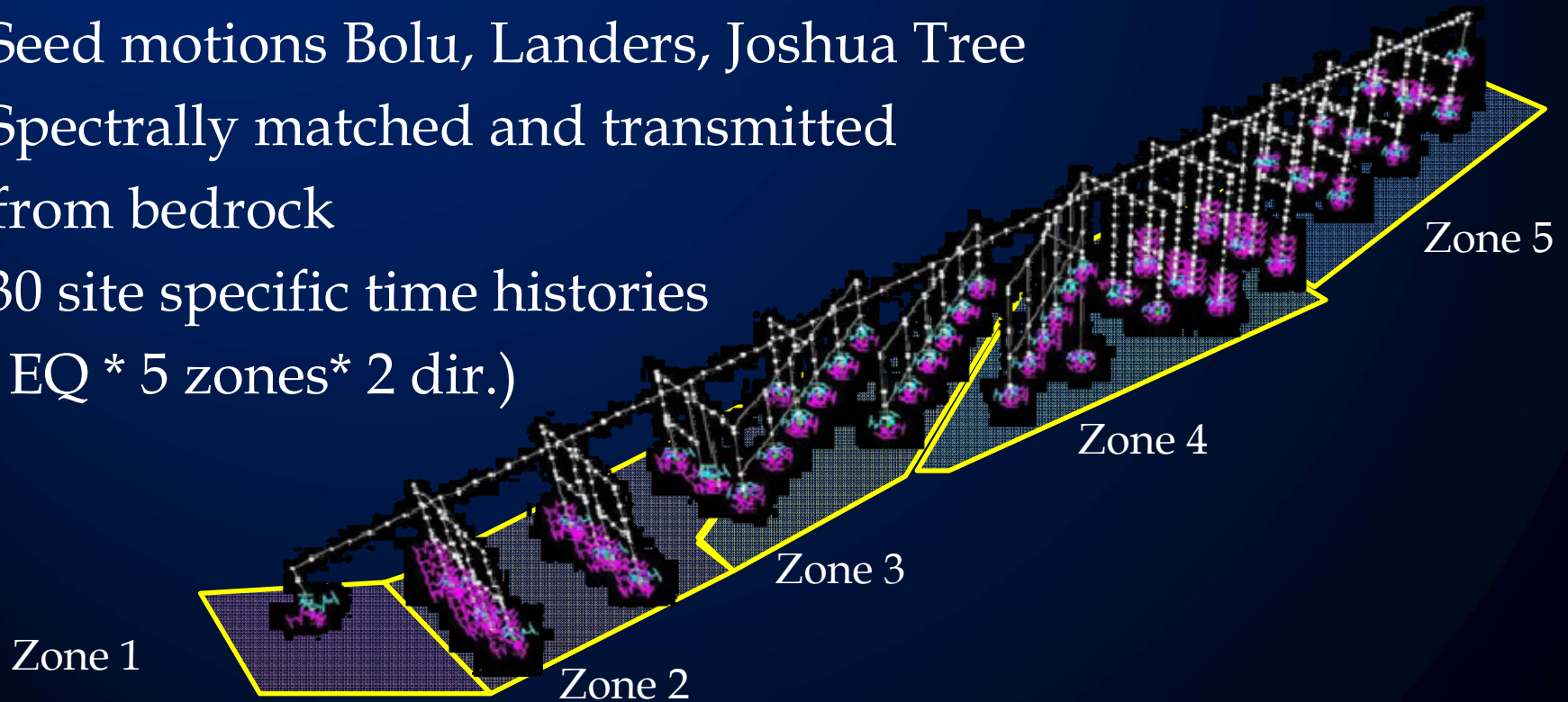
**Criteria → Value Analysis → Retrofit
Analysis → Final Design**

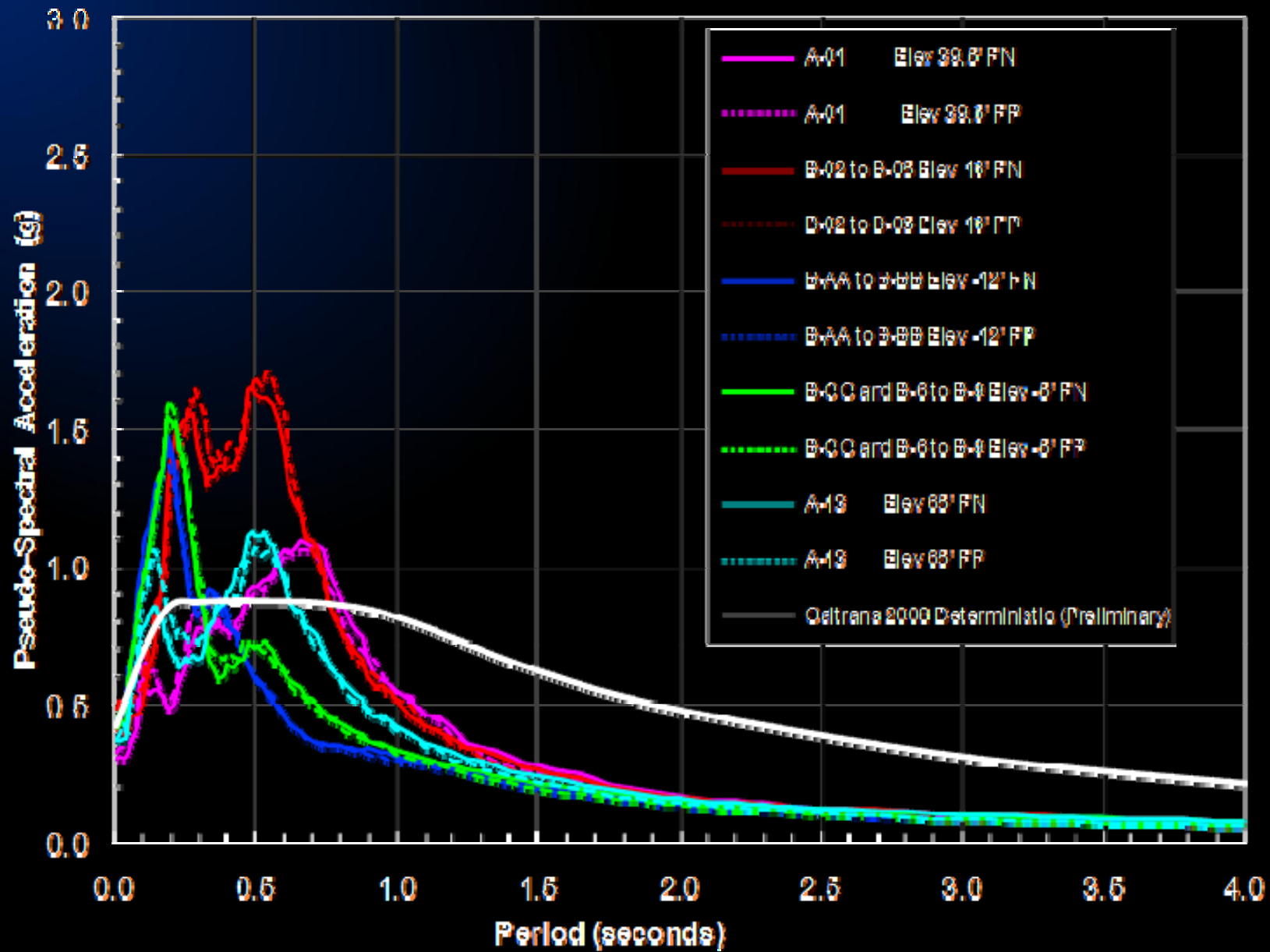
- ▣ Criteria = Life Safety
- ▣ CA Standard is RSA/Pushover
- ▣ Non-Standard Bridge
 - Nonlinear time history analysis
- ▣ Assume Mitigated Deterioration/Corrosion

Earthquake Ground Motions



- Seed motions Bolu, Landers, Joshua Tree
- Spectrally matched and transmitted from bedrock
- 30 site specific time histories (3 EQ * 5 zones * 2 dir.)





Slope Stability & Liquefaction

- Slope disp. before ground improvement up to 40in
- Liquefied layer depth up to 12ft thick
 - $(N1)_{60}$ of liquefiable layers $12\pm$

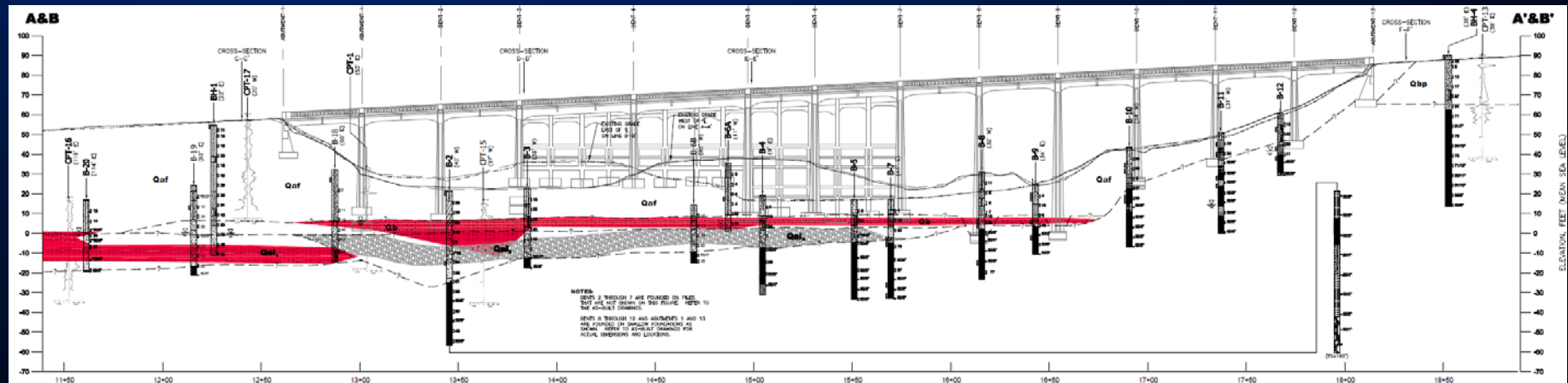
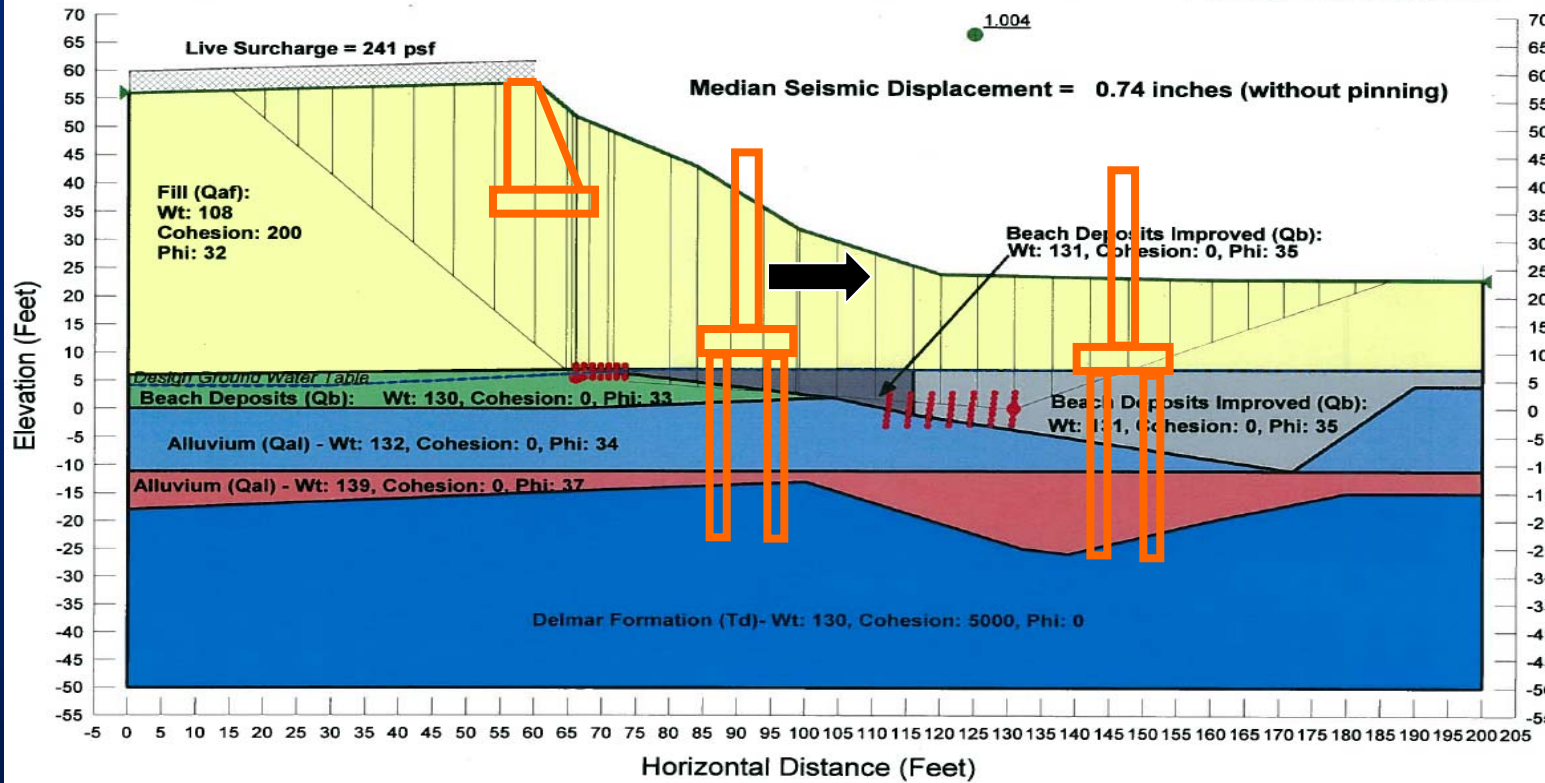
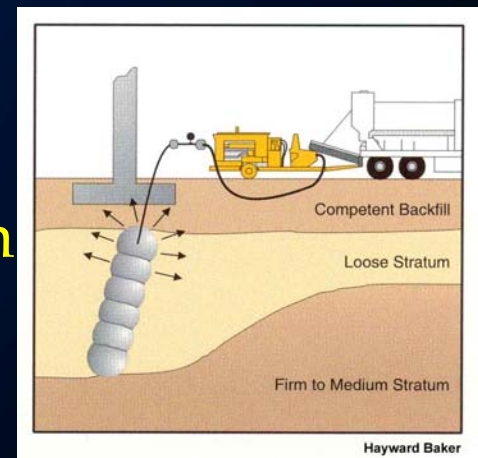


FIGURE I20a
North Torrey Pines Bridge Retrofit
Global Stability - Partial Section, A-A
(Station 12+00 to 14+00)
Ground Improvement

Seismic Displacement Analysis
Yield Coefficient: 0.69
Method: Spencer - Specified Block
Factor of Safety: 1.00
File: NTPB Sect A Sta 12 to 14 Improved yield blk 2 Fill c200



During design process VA →
 soil improvement most economical solution
 (compaction grouting)



Retrofit Development

Value Analysis→

- **Compaction grouting ground improvement**
- **Corrosion repairs and mitigation**
- **New Post-tensioned superstructure**

Retrofit Analysis→

▣ Local Bent Pushover

- Displacement capacities
- Capacity protection

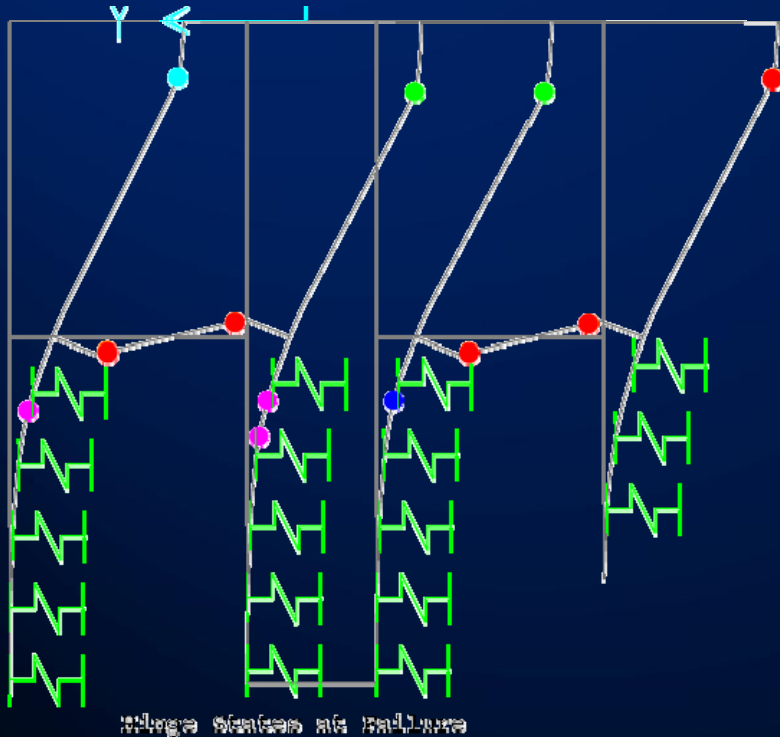
▣ Global System NTHA/RSA

- Displacement demands
- Secondary effects



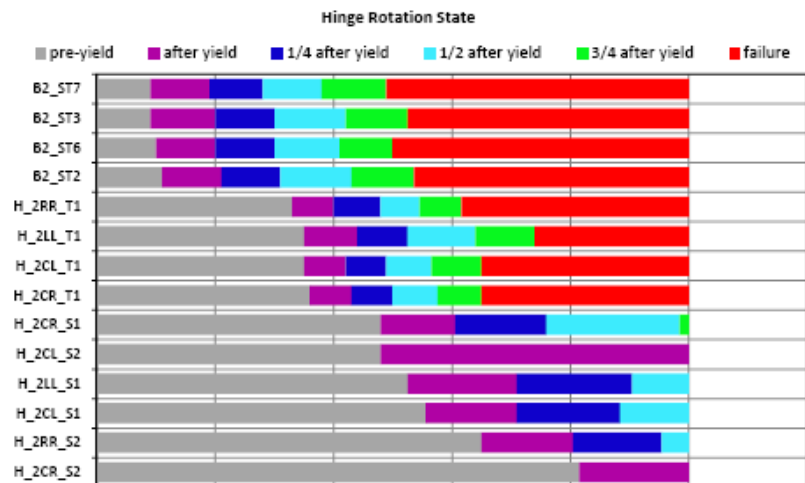
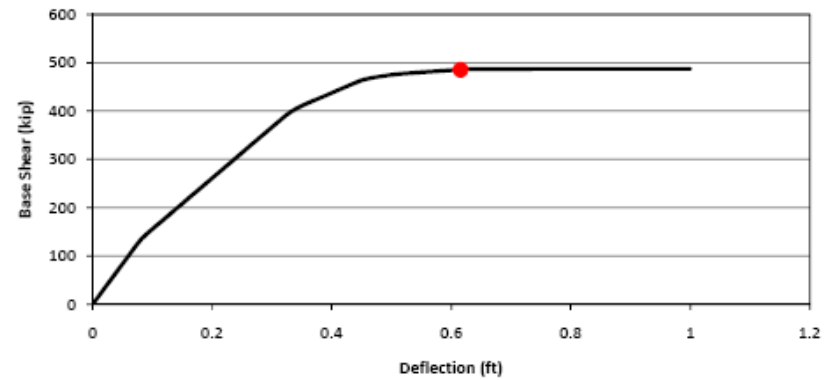
Pushover Analyses

- ▣ 3 Each Bent
- ▣ Displacement Capacities
- ▣ Force Demands (Capacity Protection)



Bent 2 Pushover (Trans R)

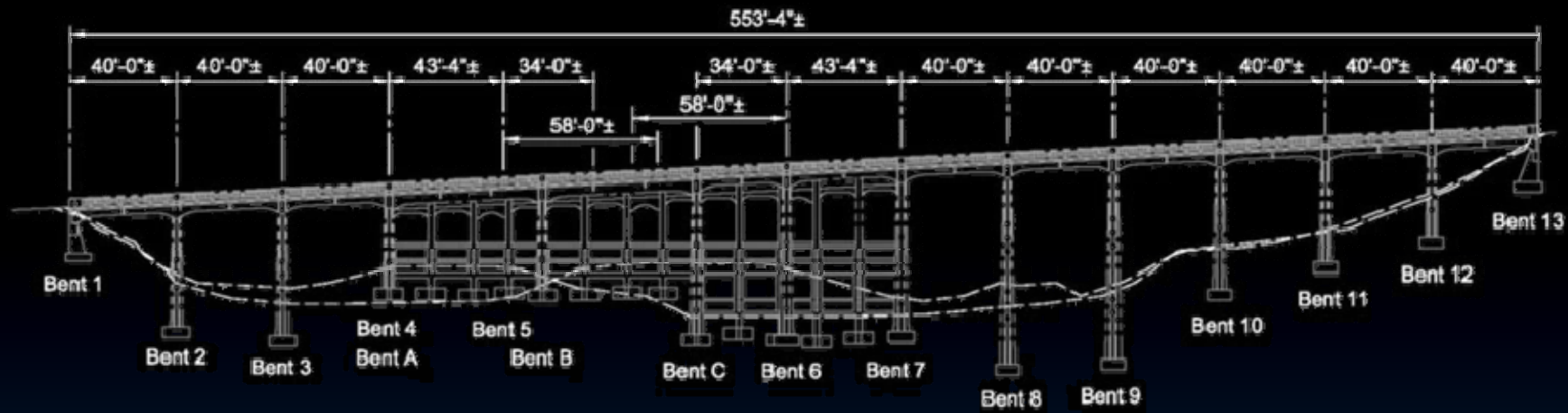
Failure Point = 486 kip 0.62 ft



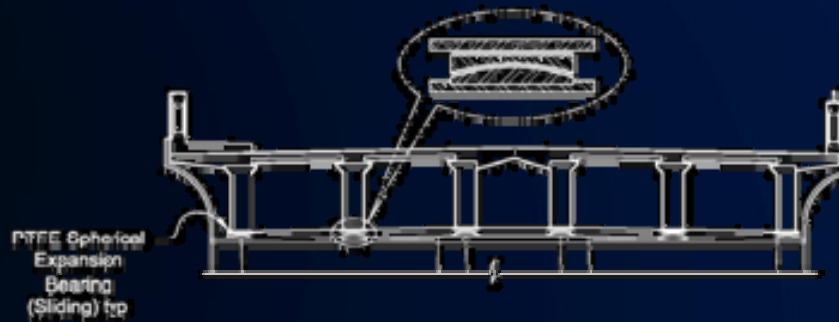
NTHA (RSA Check)

- ▣ NTHA: Fiber elements, mult. supp. excitation
- ▣ RSA: Cracked stiffness enveloped spectra





- Typical Bents (2-12)
 - All capacity protection sufficient except column shear
- Skew Bents (A-C)
 - Strong direction requires isolation
 - For strong direction design as elastic with friction from isolators → 1.8g + 20% friction (conserv.)

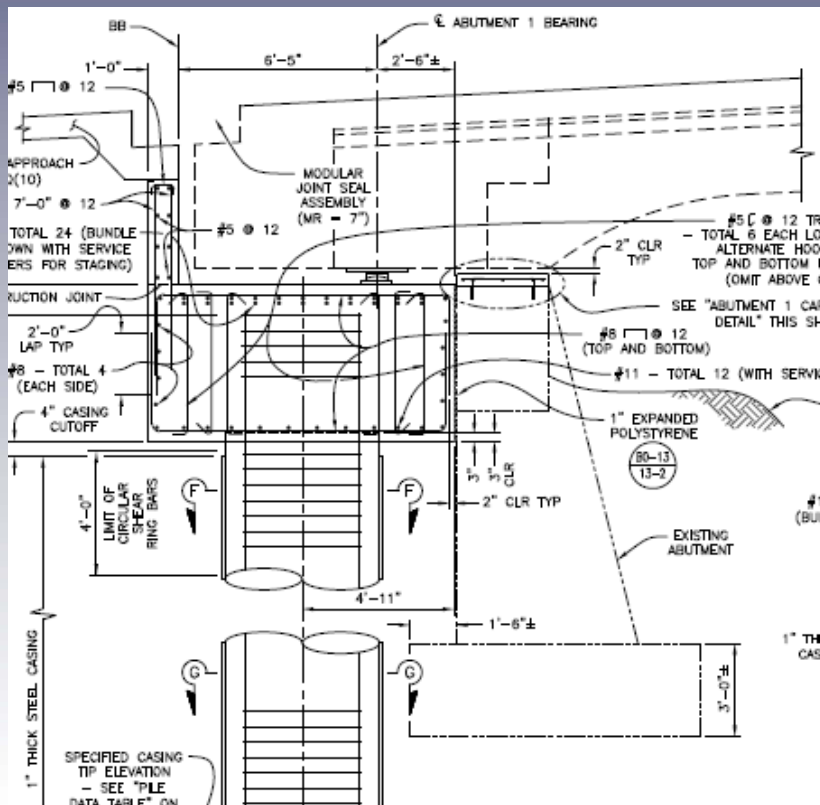


Support Location	Longitudinal Direction	Transverse Direction	Support Location	Longitudinal Direction	Transverse Direction
Abut 1	Free	Pinned	Bent 6	Free	Free
Bent 2	Free	Pinned	Bent 7	Free	Free
Bent 3	Free	Pinned	Bent 8	Pinned	Pinned
Bent 4	Free	Free	Bent 9	Pinned	Pinned
Bent 5	Free	Free	Bent 10	Pinned	Pinned
Bent A	Free	Free	Bent 11	Pinned	Pinned
Bent B	Fixed	Free	Bent 12	Pinned	Pinned
Bent C	Free	Free	Abut 13	No Bearing (Integral)	

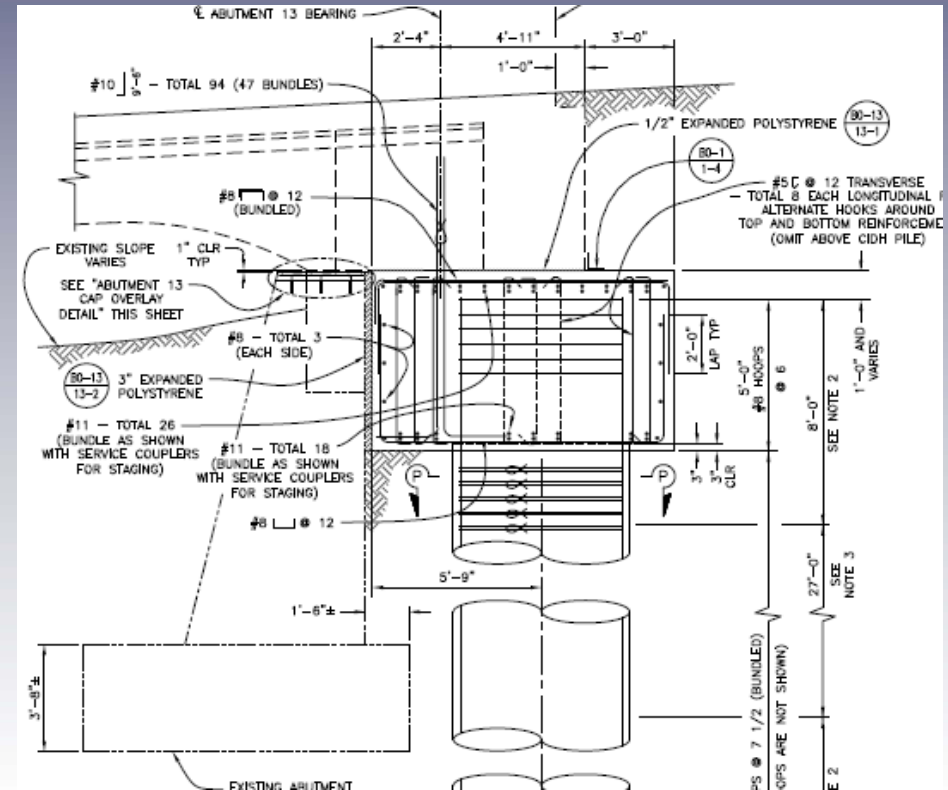


Abutments

- ▣ Tuned for seismic demands
 - FB-Multi-Pier pushovers
 - Multiple RSA analyses



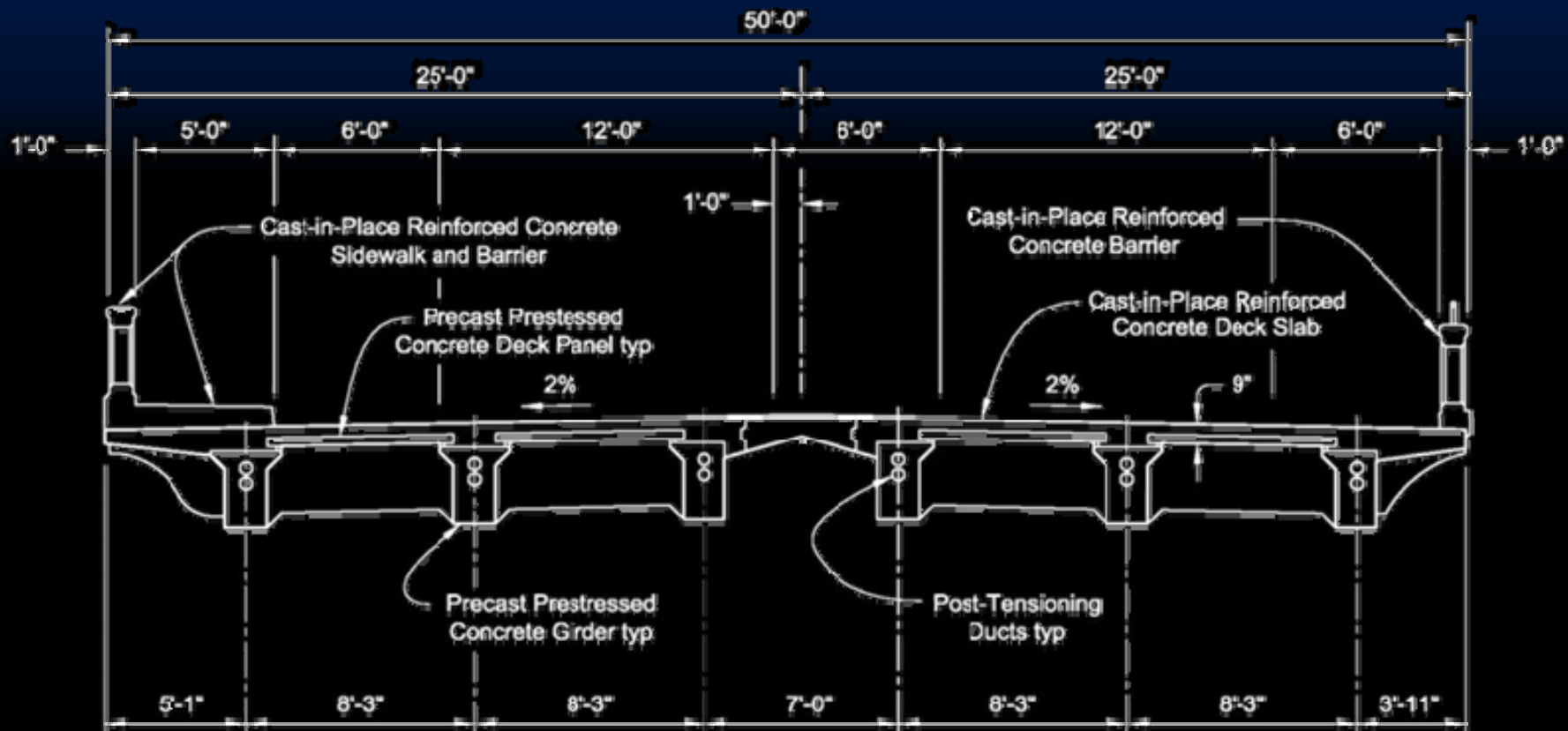
South (free/pin)



North (pin/pin)

Superstructure

- ▣ New continuous precast P/S superstructure
- ▣ P/T for seismic stiffness/capacity

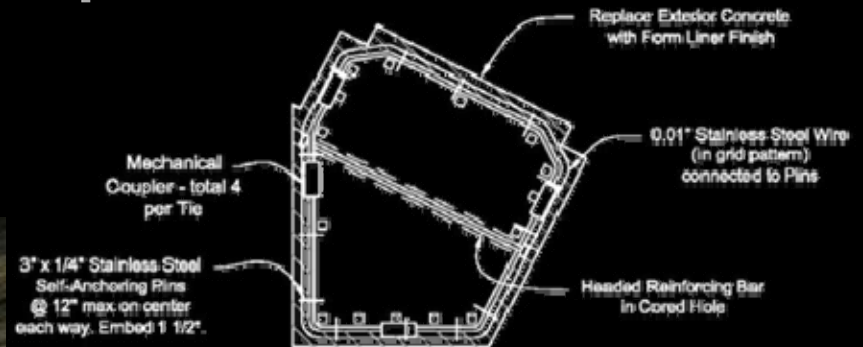


Column

Repair/Retrofit/Protection

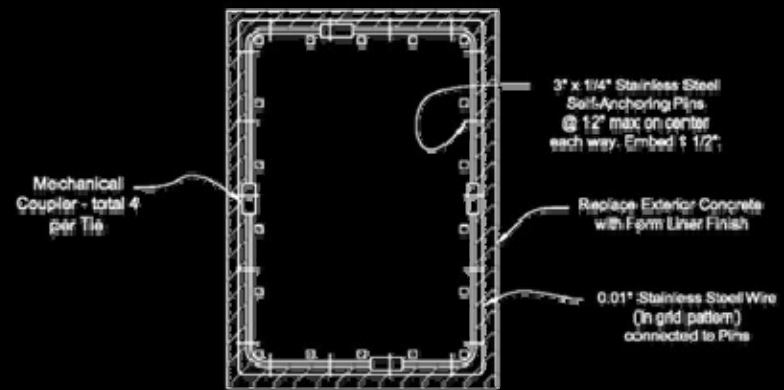
Skin and replace steel...

Really!?!



**SKIEW BENT
RETROFIT COLUMN SECTION**

No Scale

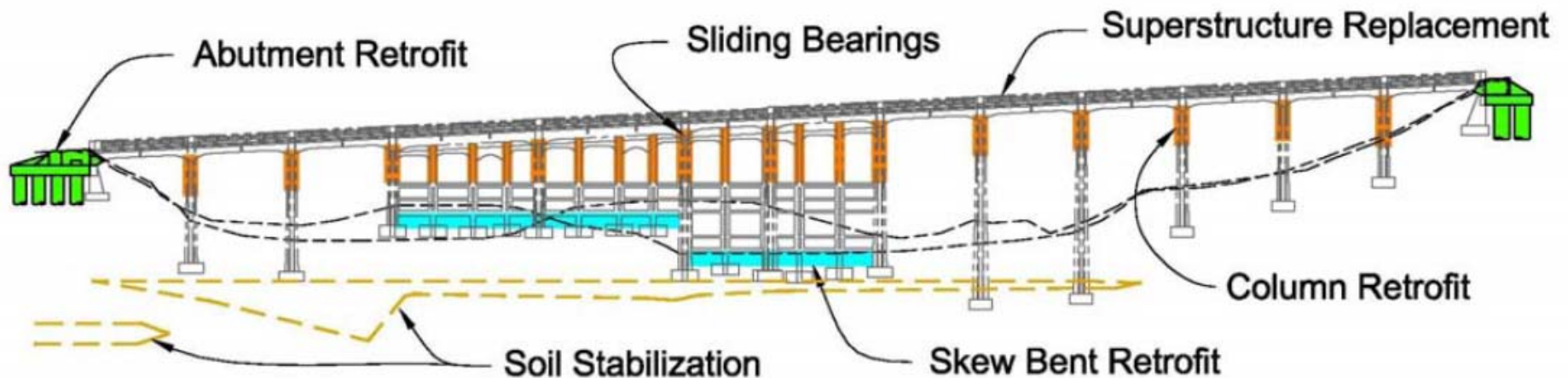


**NON-SKEW BENT
RETROFIT COLUMN SECTION**

No Scale

Solution

- ▣ Compaction grouting ground improvement
- ▣ Corrosion repairs and mitigation
- ▣ New Post-tensioned superstructure
- ▣ *Partial Isolation: Sliding, guided, and fixed spherical PTFE*
- ▣ *New deep foundation abutment systems*
- ▣ *Skew bent shear walls (below grade)*
- ▣ *Shear reinforcement retrofit of columns*



Construction Phase

- ▣ Oct 2010: Winning Bidder: Flatiron West, Inc.
- ▣ Dec 2010: Notice to Proceed



Ground-breaking!

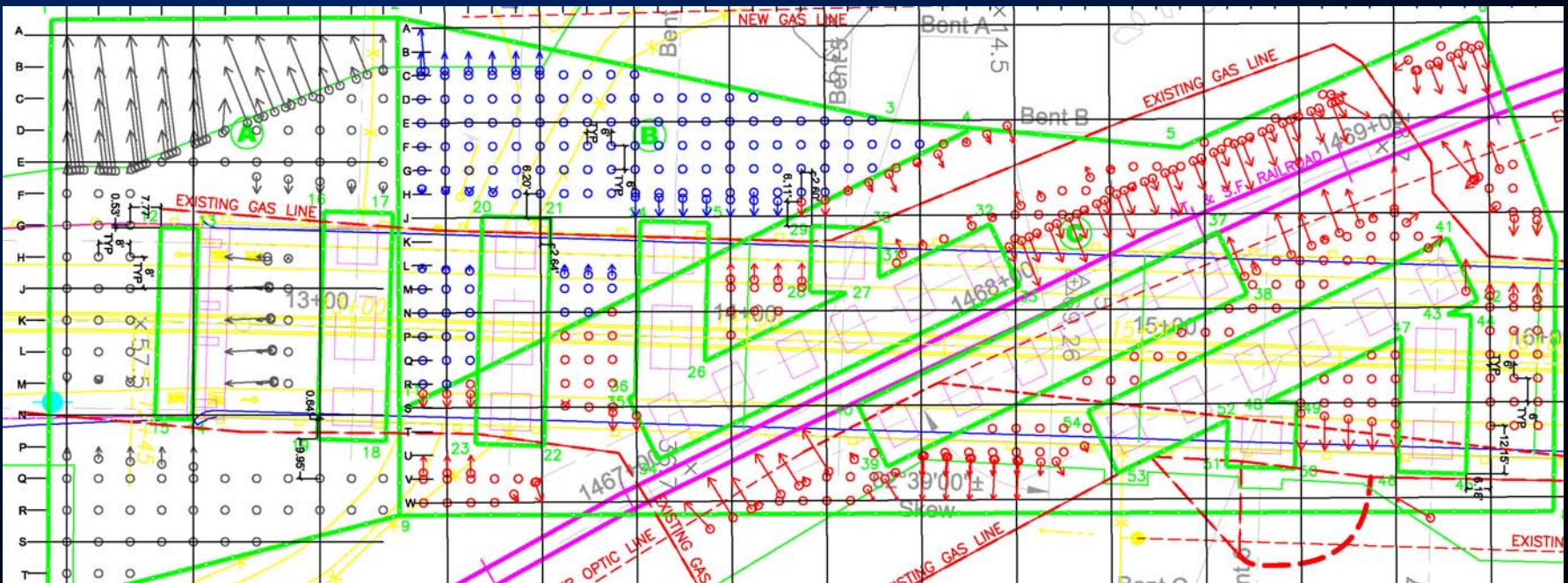


Bat Relocations



Construction Phase

- ❑ Oct 2010: Winning Bidder: Flatiron West, Inc.
- ❑ Dec 2010: Notice to Proceed
- ❑ Mar-Apr 2011: Compaction Grouting

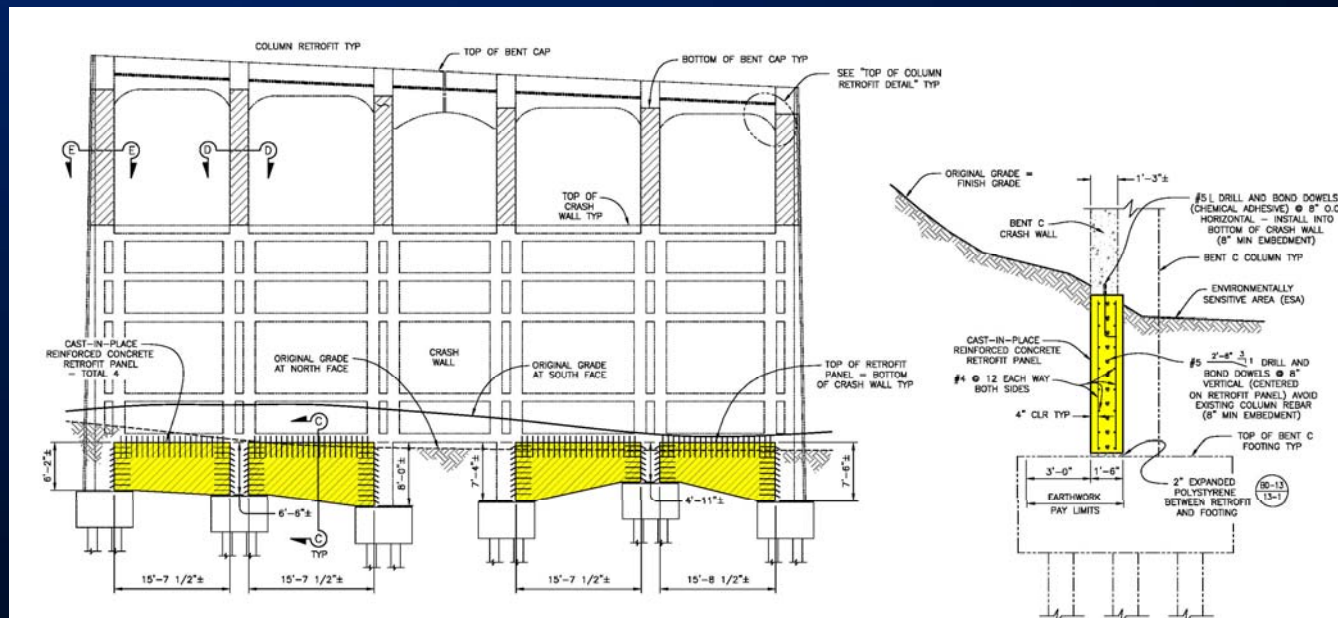


Compaction Grouting



Construction Phase

- ❑ Oct 2010: Winning Bidder: Flatiron West, Inc.
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- ❑ Mar-Apr 2011: Compaction Grouting
- ❑ Jun 2011: Shear Wall Retrofit



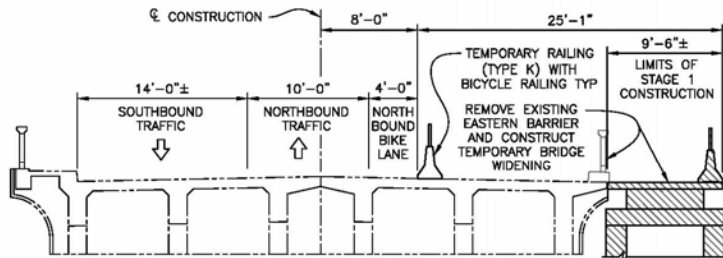
Shear Wall Infill Panels



Construction Phase

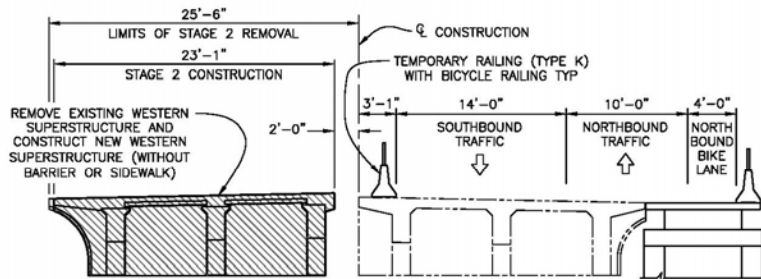
- ▣ Oct 2010: Winning Bidder: Flatiron West, Inc.
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- ▣ Jun 2011: Shear Wall Retrofit
- ▣ Sept 2011: Temporary Bridge Widening

Construction Staging



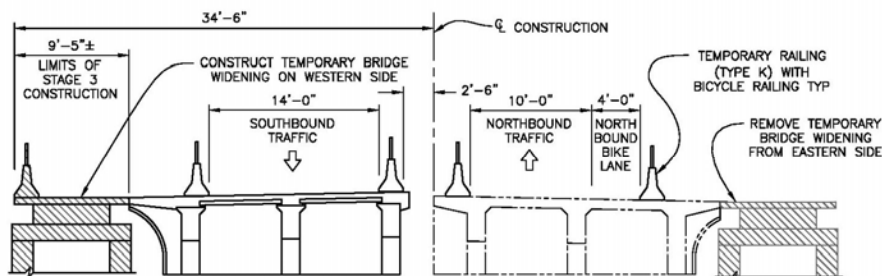
STAGE 1 – REMOVE EXISTING BARRIER AND CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY WIDENING

1" = 5'-0"



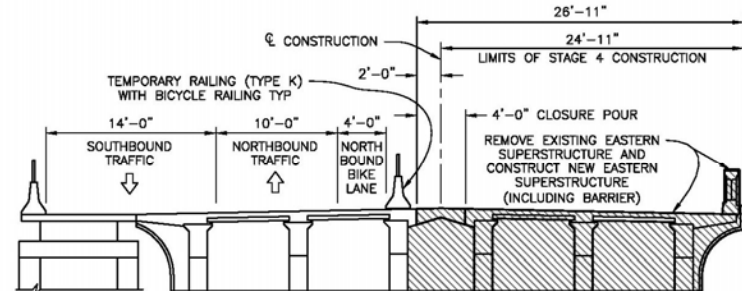
STAGE 2 – REMOVE AND REPLACE PORTION WESTERN SUPERSTRUCTURE

1" = 5'-0"



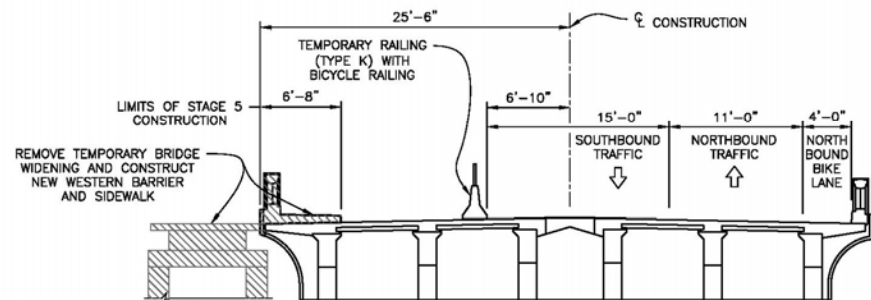
STAGE 3 – RELOCATE TEMPORARY WIDENING

1" = 5'-0"



STAGE 4 – REMOVE AND REPLACE EASTERN SUPERSTRUCTURE

1" = 5'-0"



STAGE 5 – REMOVE TEMPORARY WIDENING, POST-TENSION BRIDGE, AND REPLACE WESTERN BARRIER AND SIDEWALK

1" = 5'-0"

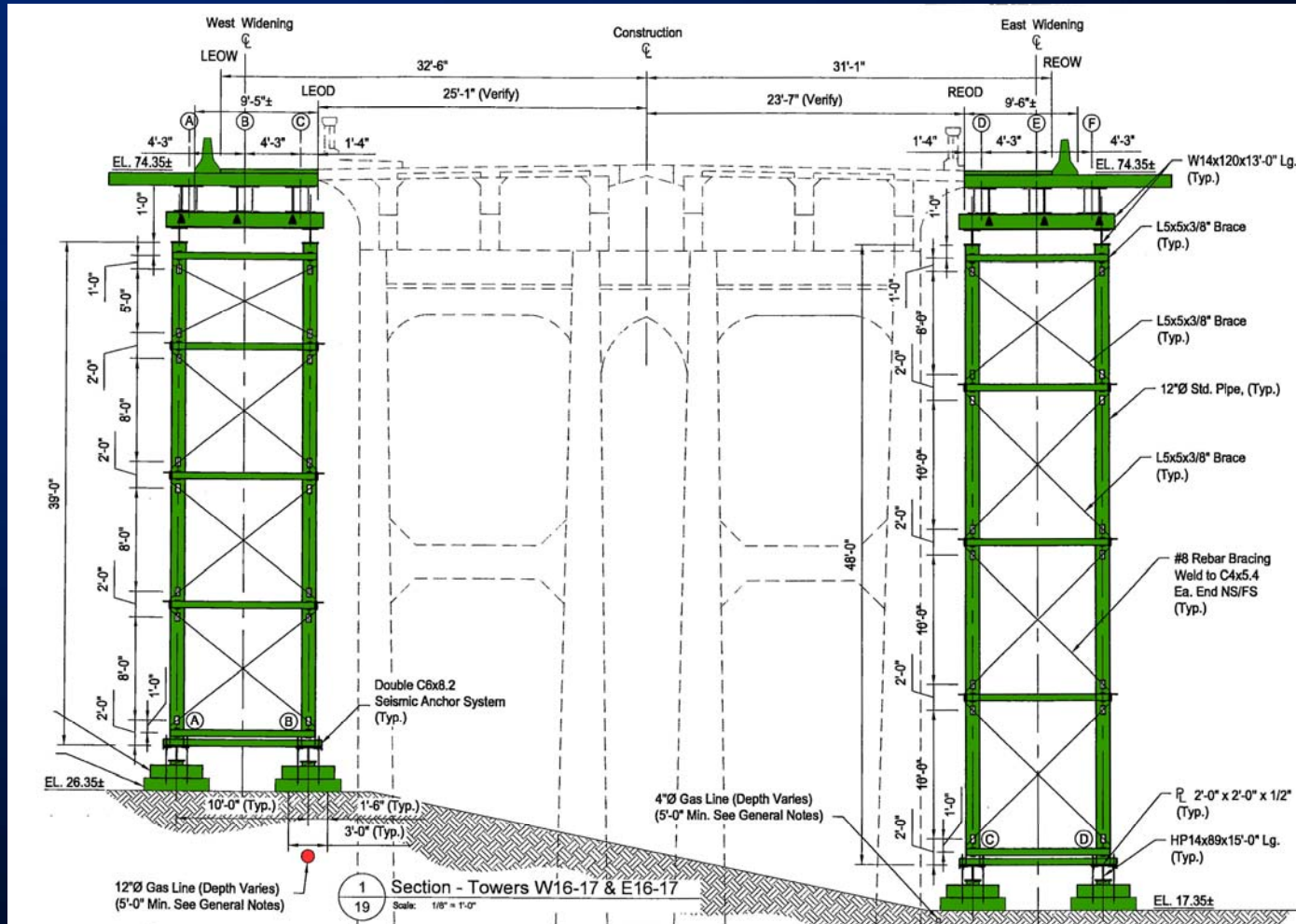
NOTES:

1. TEMPORARY RAILING (TYPE K) TO BE BOLTED TO DECK IF LESS THAN 2'-0" FROM EDGE OF DECK.
2. TEMPORARY BICYCLE RAILING SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM HEIGHT OF 4'-6" ABOVE RIDING SURFACE WITH A MAXIMUM OPENING SIZE OF 8" AND BE CAPABLE OF RESISTING 50 LB/FT ALONG TOP OF RAILING.

LEGEND:

- INDICATES EXISTING STRUCTURE
- INDICATES NEW STRUCTURE
- ////// INDICATES AREA OF WORK DURING STAGE

Temp. Bridge Widening



Temporary Bridge Widening



Construction Phase

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 - ▣ Sept 2011: Temporary Bridge Widening
- ↓
- ▣ Est. Completion Date: August 2013
 - ▣ Incl. 1-year Planting: August 2014

Acknowledgements



Lisa Muro
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Great Job Team!
Carman (Kasner)
Chris
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Thanks to all who made this day HAPPEN!
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Erwin
Yemi
HAZAH!
Perfect!
Marty

Questions?