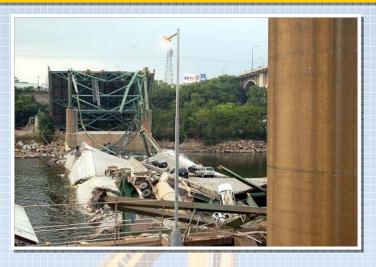
# **Bridge Construction Loads and Evaluation**

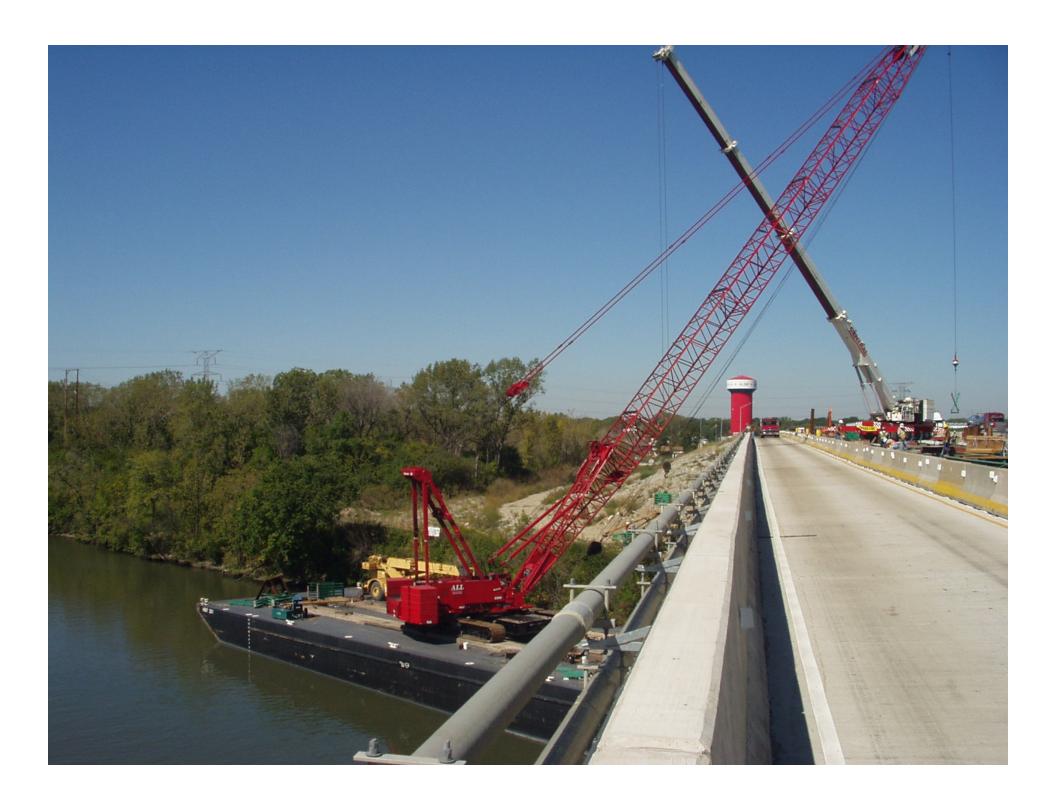
Michael J. Garlich, S.E., P.E. Collins Engineers, Inc.



**I-35W Bridge Failure** 

FHWA TA 5140.28—Construction Loads on Bridges

But not a new issue!



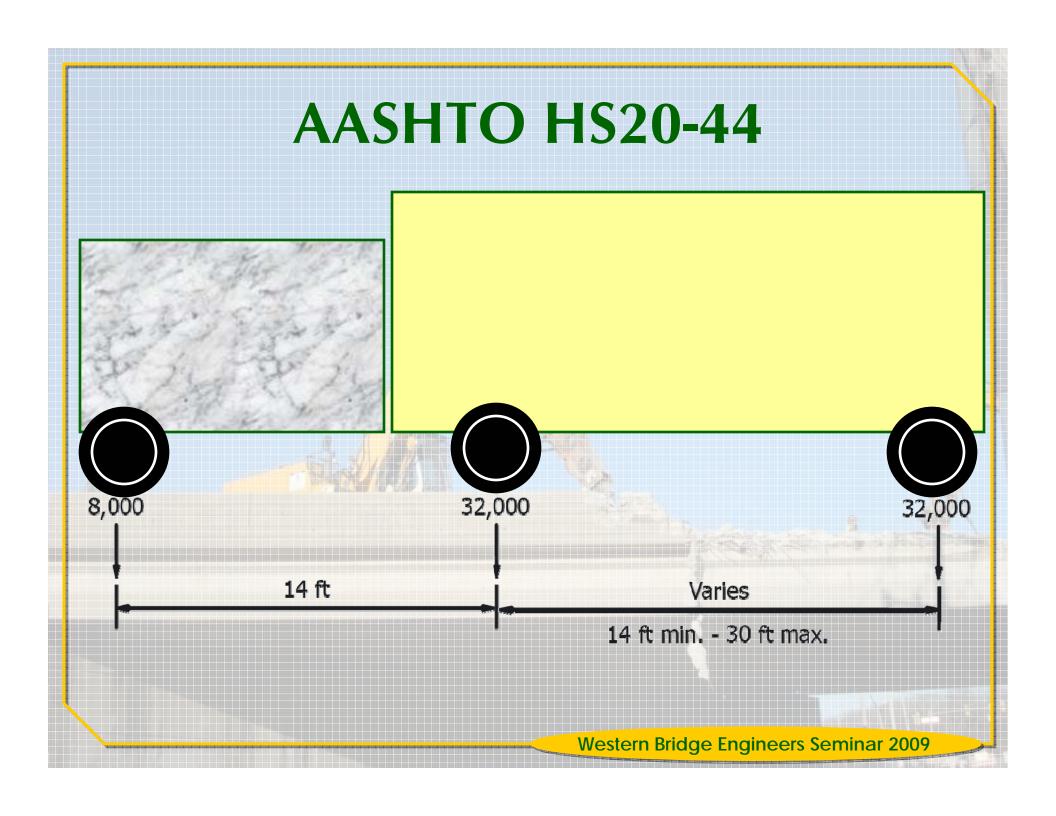
# Questions for Construction Load Analysis

- What are the loads?
- What is the condition of the existing structure?
- Who prepares the structure analyses?
- To what criteria is the bridge compared?
- How is the actual load controlled?



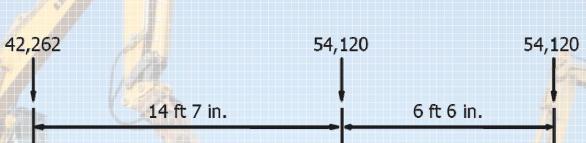
### Loads

- Traffic on adjacent lanes
- Materials
- Construction equipment
- Construction operations



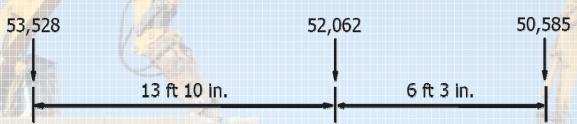
## Volvo A400





## **CAT 740**



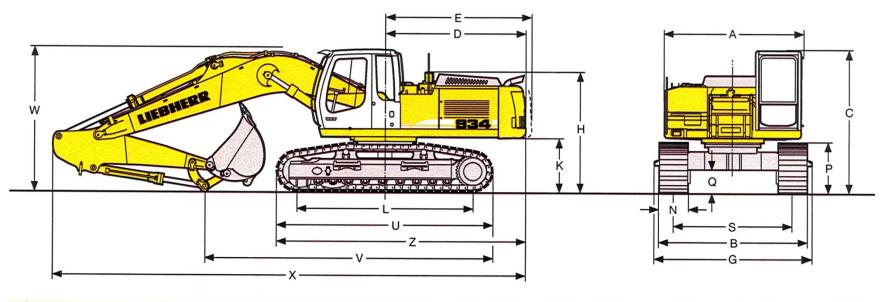


# CAT 621G (Scraper)







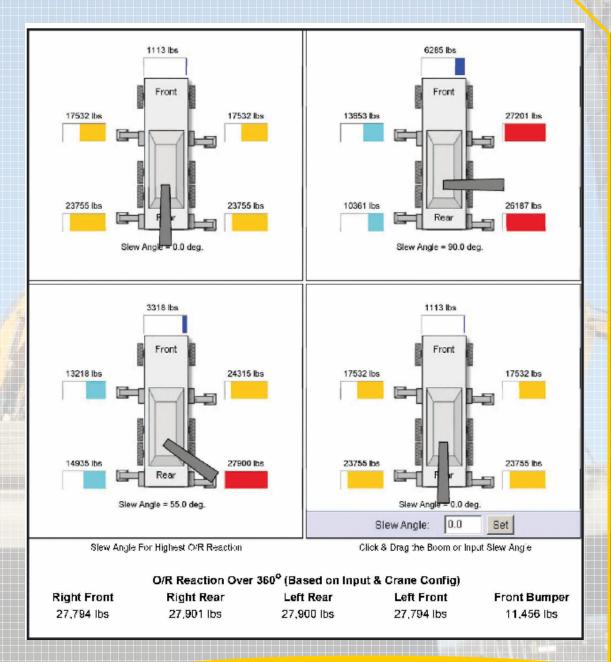


	HD-S mm	HD-SL mm	S-HD mm		HD-S		mm	HD-SL		mm	S-HD		mm
Α	3050	3050	3050	Q			493			493			537
С	3125	3125	3175	U			4720			4720	56000		4900
D	3145	3145	3145	S			2400			2600			2400
Е	3145	3145	3145	N	500	600	750	500	600	750	500	600	750
Н	2650	2650	2700	В	2998	3000	3150		3200		2998		
K	1160	1160	1210	G		3195			3395			3195	
L	3848		4000	Z			5510		2300	5510	0100	0.00	5615
Р	1016	1016	1120	_	'		00.0	1		00.0	1		0010

# **Outrigger Crane**



Representative outrigger loads for 40-ton capacity truck-mounted crane

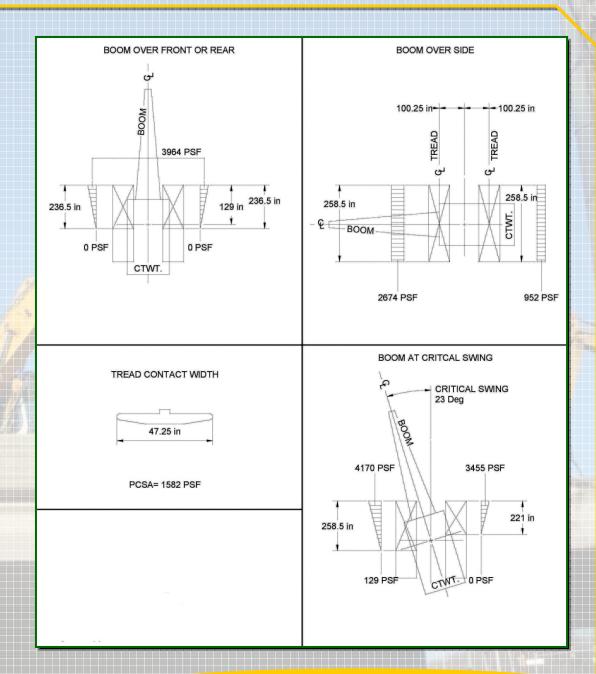




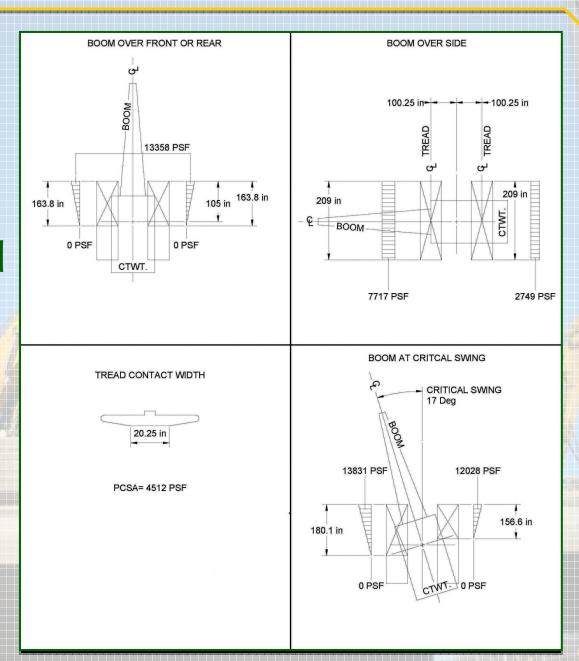
#### **Crawler/Track Crane (being assembled)**



Track pressures for a large crawler crane sitting on a soft surface



Track pressures for a large crawler crane sitting on a hard surface



## **Equipment Load Issues**

- Location/movement
- Impact effects
  - Vehicles
  - Cranes
- Cranes
  - Pick
  - Radius
  - Rigging



# **Project Specific Equipment**



### **Evaluation of Load Effects**

- Who conducts?
  - Contractor
  - Consultant
- Actual bridge configuration
- Base on bridge condition
- Designer to visit site

## **Load Distribution**

- Non-standard configurations
- Dead load may be predominate
- Placement
- Effects of mats, plates, etc.

# **Capacity Limits**

- AASHTO Standard Specification
- Operation load
- Permit load

## **Bridge in Good Condition**

- Compare moments, shears, and reactions due to construction loads and compare them to the minimum bridge design capacity values for the standard AASHTO loading
- Treat moments, shears, and reactions, as Operating loads using load factors from the AASHTO Manual for Condition Evaluation of Bridges
- Local effects of equipment or materials loads may govern member/bridge capacity
- Where bridge members are being replaced or decks are removed, remaining members should be checked to assure that their stability is not adversely affected by temporary conditions

# Bridge with Reduced Available Member Capacity

- Capacity analysis based on actual member properties in accordance with the AASHTO Manual for Condition Evaluation of Bridges, treating the construction load as an operating load
- Use of materials samples with properties established from laboratory testing may be advantageous since test values are often higher than the required minimum values given in specifications

## **Controlling Load Effects**

- Member strengthening
- Full or partial shoring of bridge
- Use of load distribution system
- Load placement limits delineated on the bridge
- Alternate construction sequence or equipment





### **Submittals**

- Layout sketches
- Equipment data
- Construction sequence
- Load computations
- Remedial works

# Field Follow-Up

- Verify conformance with plan
- Bridge inspection report upon completion

