Solutions for Emergency Bridge Repair

Milltown Dam Removal

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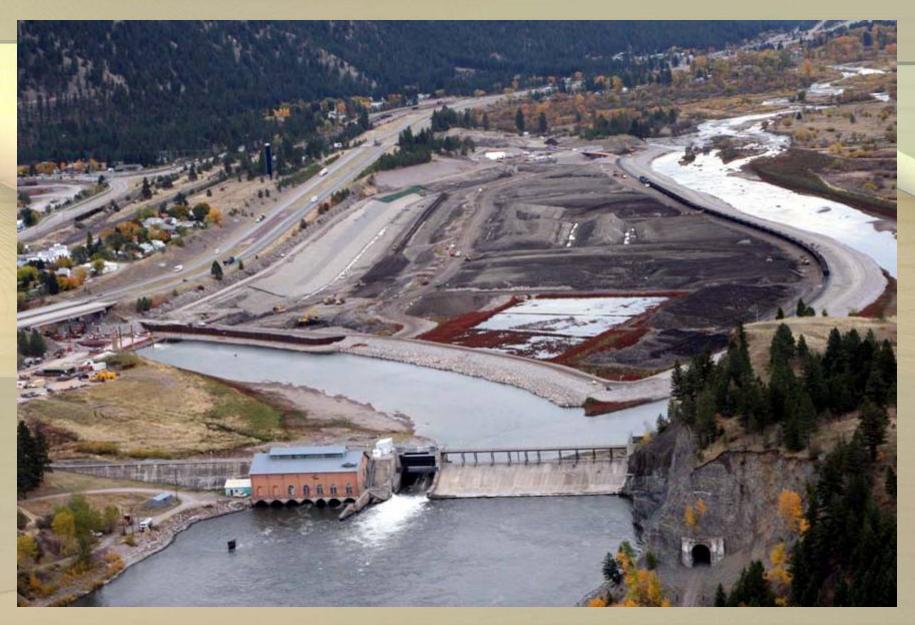
Milltown Dam Removal



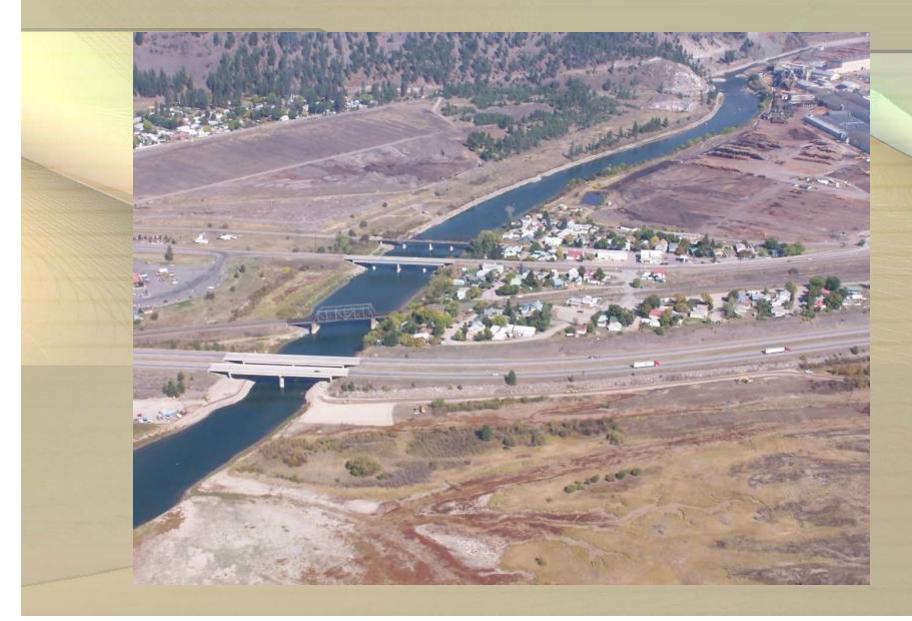
Milltown Dam Removal



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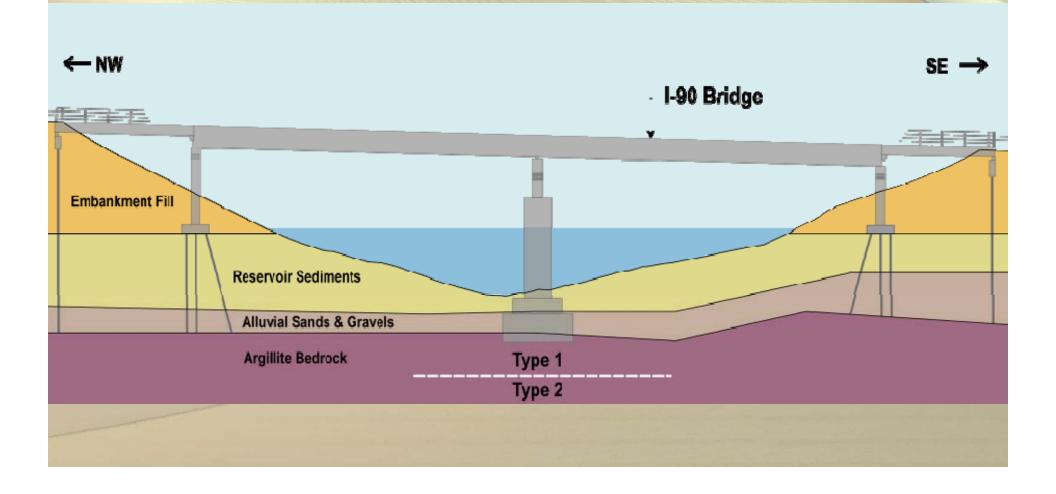


Bridge Location



Foundation Conditions

Not all rock is created equal!



Foundation Conditions



Scour in Bedrock

 FHWA HEC-18 (Evaluating Scour at Bridges)

 HEC-18 → non-cohesive streambed materials

 Erodibility Index Method → George Annandale

Erodability Index Method

Erodibility Index

$$K = M_s * K_b * K_d * J_s$$

Ms - Mass Strength

K_b - Block Size

K_d - Discontinuity Bond Shear Strength

J_s - Relative Ground Structure

Stream Power Threshold

Stream power required to cause scour is a function of the erodability index:

$$P = K^{0.75}$$

Predicted Scour Threshold

Function of scour depth from rock erodibility index analysis:

- Type 1 scour threshold 100 watts
- Type 2 scour threshold 10,000 watts

Type 1 Rock is OK for bearing, but will erode during extreme events

Approach Stream Power

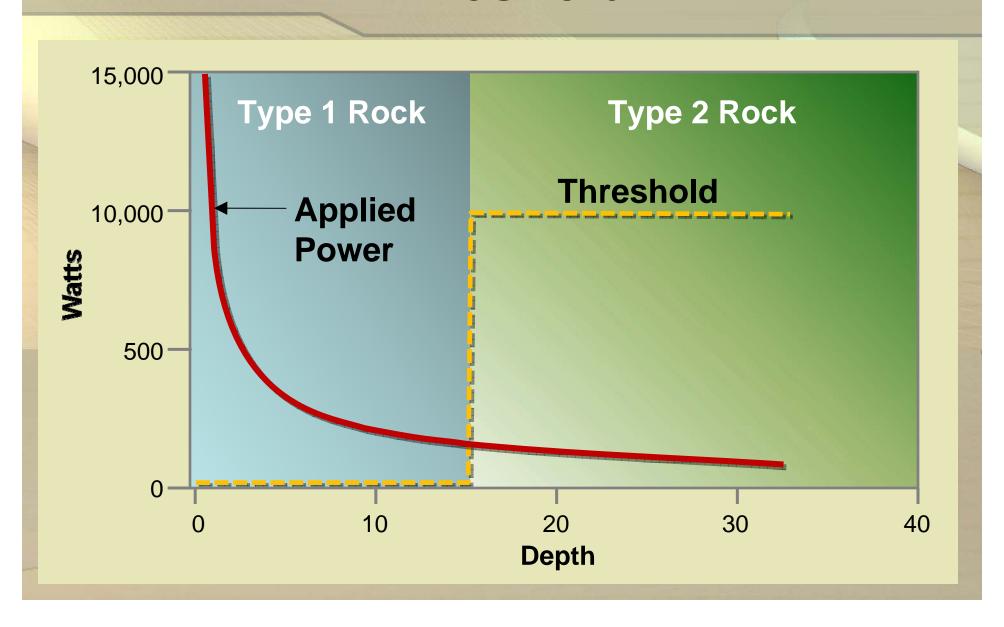
Approach stream power is a function of:

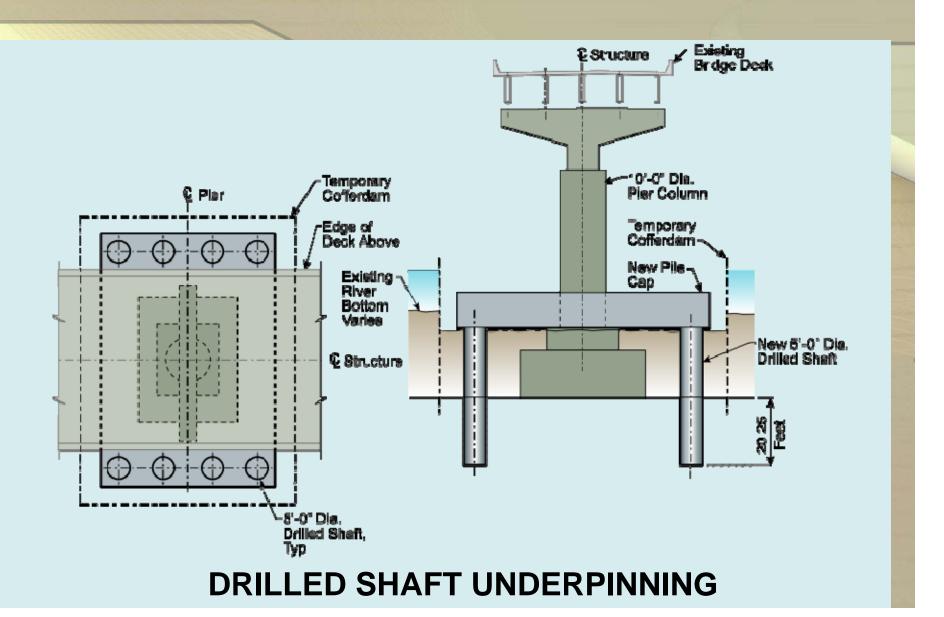
- Shear stress in approach channel
- Density of water

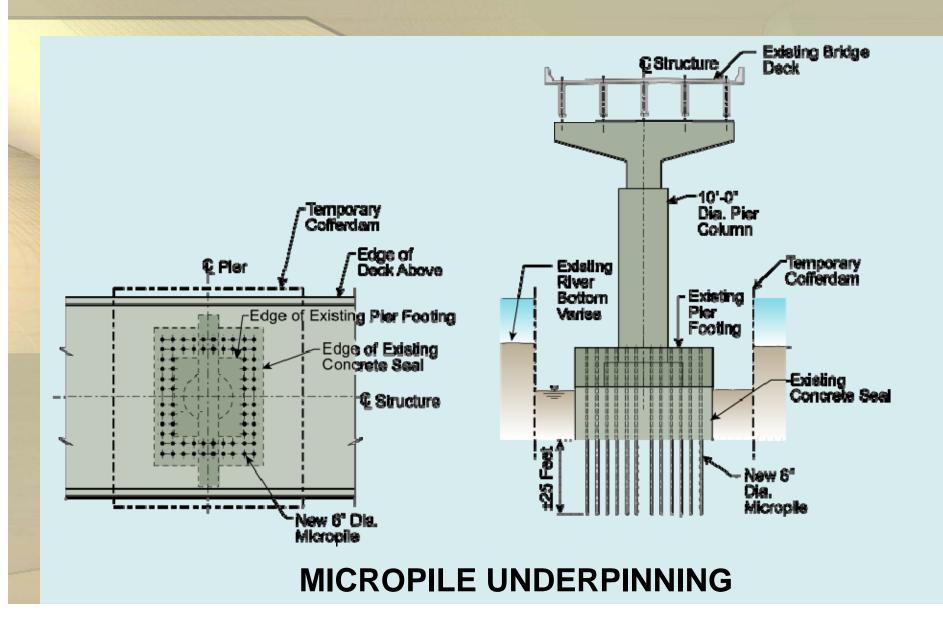
$$P_a = 7.853 p (t_w/p)^{3/2}$$

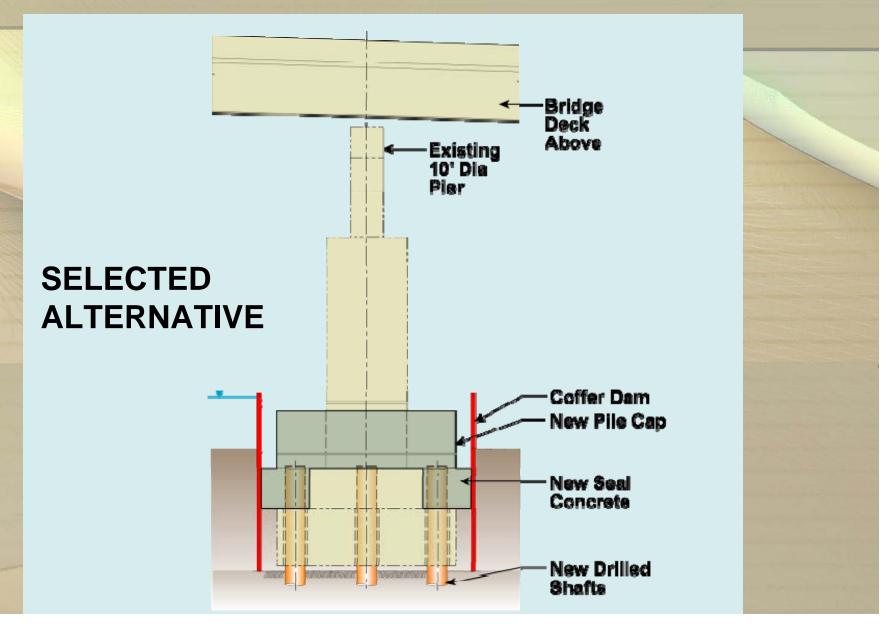
 Applied stream power is a function of scour depth based on amplification at that depth.

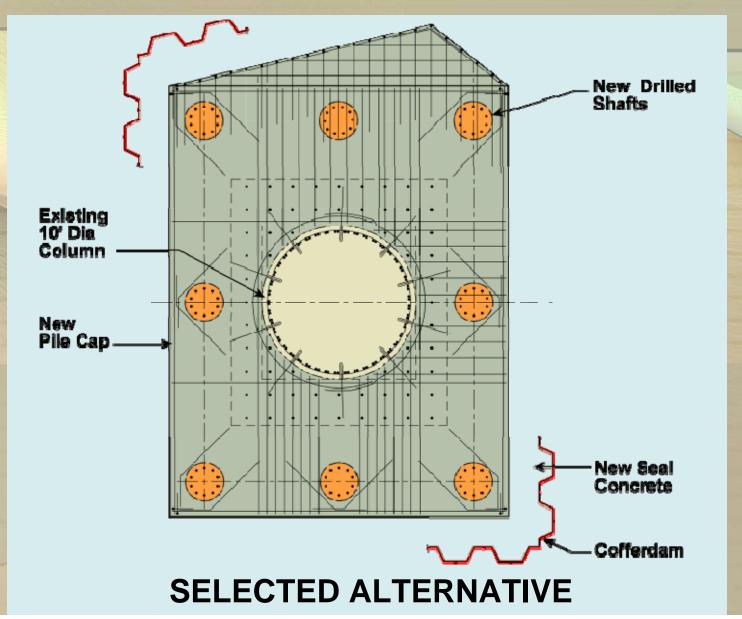
Applied Stream Power vs Threshold











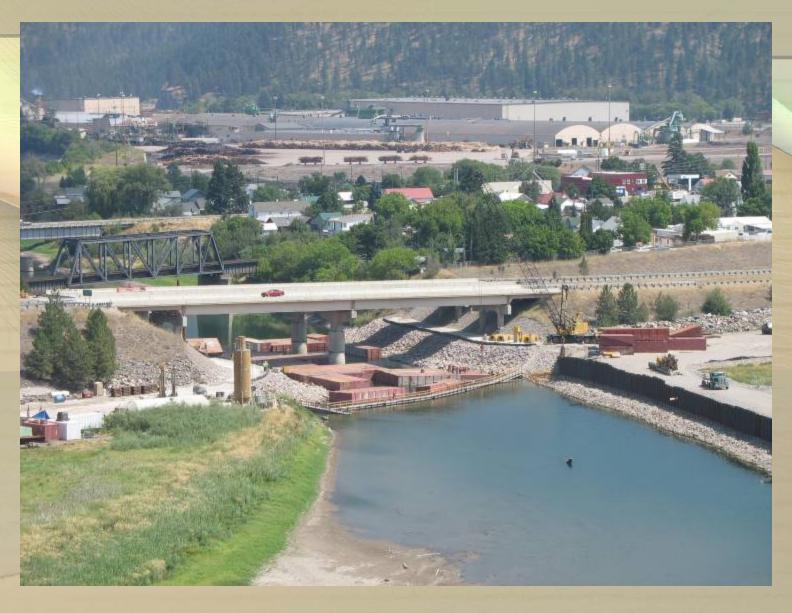
Issues to Resolve

- Access to Foundations
- Clearance for Equipment





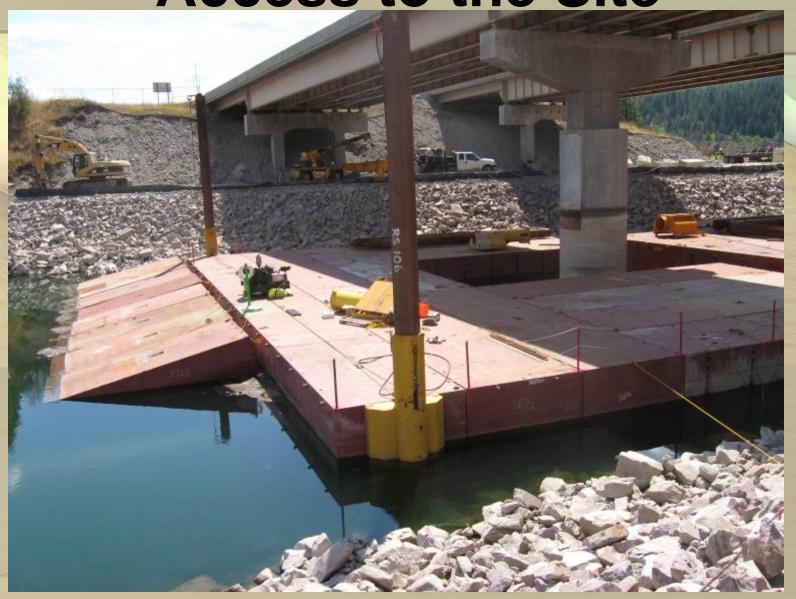
Access to the Site



Access to the Site



Access to the Site



Opening for the Foundations



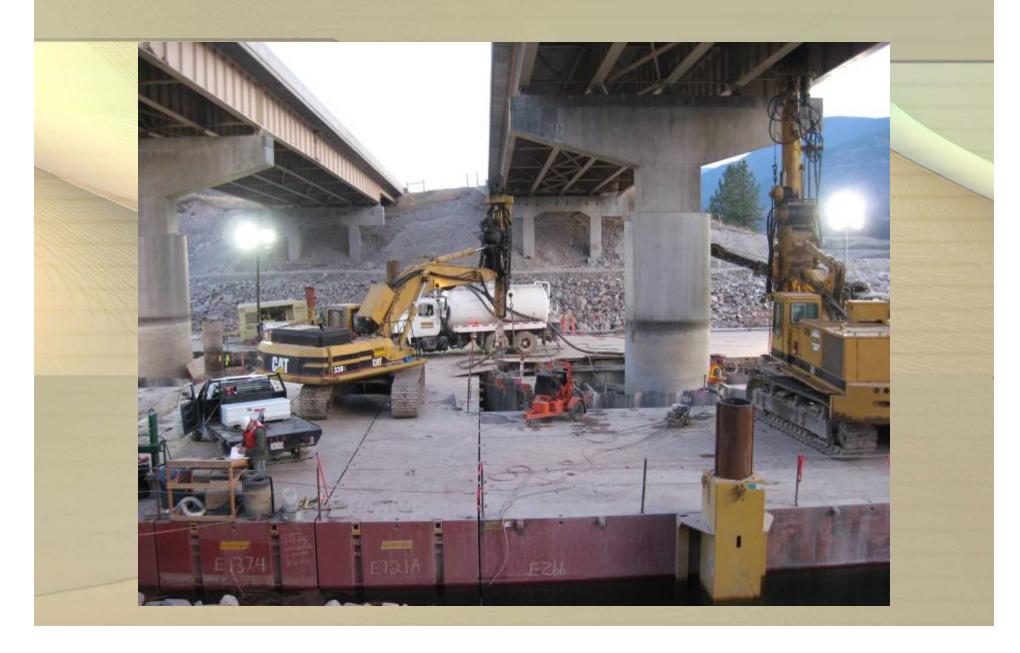


Where is the River?

Cofferdam Installation



Limited Headroom



Coring for Piles



Obstructions in Seal



Obstructions in Seal









Placing Pile Casing

Placing Rebar in Piles



Filling Piles



Constructing New Pile cap



Ultimate Configuration



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